

S

MANUAL  
FOR THE



GENERAL COURT  
1871.

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Mass.  
1871  
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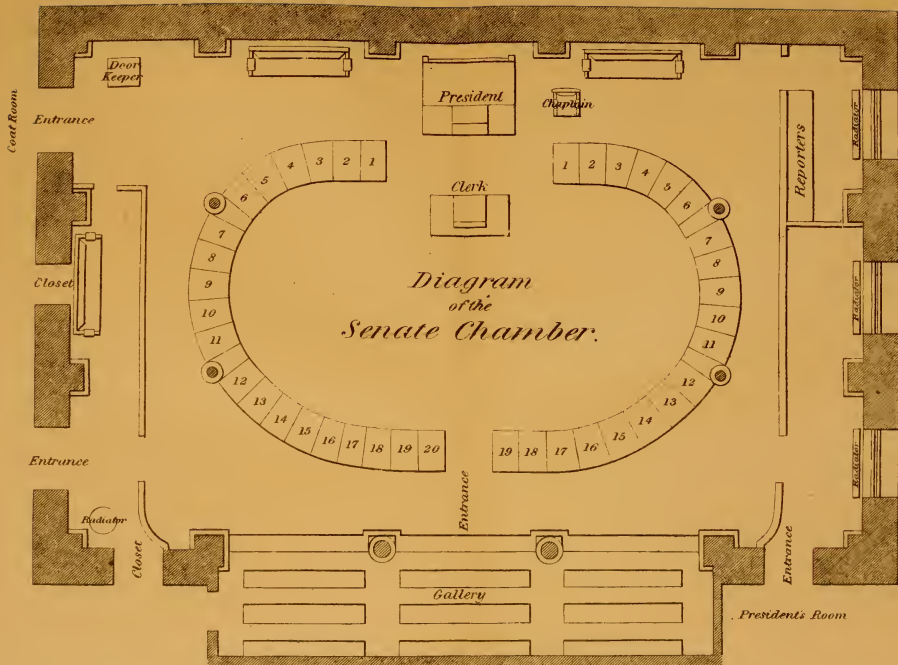












Hon. HORACE H. COOLIDGE, President.

*Left.*

1. Nathaniel E. Atwood.
2. George H. Mouroe.
3. Andrew J. Clark.
4. Orlando B. Tenuay.
5. Patrick A. Collius.
6. Jacob Bates.
7. Stephen H. Rhodes.
8. John A. Hawes.
9. Charles P. Stickney.
10. James W. Clark.

11. Timothy F. Packard.
12. T. L. Wakefield.
13. A. J. Bartholomew.
14. J. H. Wood.
15. Alonzo W. Boardman.
16. George F. Richardson.
17. William D. Park.
18. George M. Stearns.
19. Richard Goodman.

*Right.*

1. George P. Elliott.
2. Estes Howe.
3. John Fletcher, Jr.
4. James Pierce.
5. James A. Fox.
6. Stephen M. Crosby.
7. James G. Sproat.
8. Henry C. Greeley.
9. Frederick Willeomb.
10. N. S. Kimball.

11. Daniel E. Safford.
12. William B. Long
13. Shepard Thayer.
14. Charles Bradley.
15. Adin Thayer.
16. F. W. Bird.
17. Rufus S. Frost.
18. Amasa Whiting.
19. Baxter D. Whitney.
20. William H. Caswell.

S. N. GIFFORD, Clerk.









Reporters' Gallery

Private Entrance

Private Entrance

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13  
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Clerk

Speaker

Committee

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3

Diagram of the House of Representatives.

Gentlemen's Gallery

Ladies' Gallery

Entrance

Entrance

Subway

Downstep

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Members Gallery



*L-1124*  
Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

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MANUAL

FOR THE USE OF THE

GENERAL COURT:

CONTAINING THE

RULES AND ORDERS OF THE TWO BRANCHES,

TOGETHER WITH

THE CONSTITUTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH, AND  
THAT OF THE UNITED STATES,

AND

A LIST OF THE EXECUTIVE, LEGISLATIVE, AND JUDICIAL  
DEPARTMENTS OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT, STATE  
INSTITUTIONS AND THEIR OFFICERS, COUNTY  
OFFICERS, AND OTHER STATISTICAL  
INFORMATION.

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Prepared, pursuant to Orders of the Legislature,

BY

S. N. GIFFORD AND WM. S. ROBINSON.

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BOSTON:

WRIGHT & POTTER, STATE PRINTERS,

No. 79 MILK STREET.

1871.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

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IN SENATE, June 21, 1870.

ORDERED, That the Clerks of the two branches cause to be prepared and printed before the meeting of the next General Court, twenty-five hundred copies of so much of the Legislative Manual as may be practicable, on the general plan of the present year.

Sent down for concurrence.

S. N. GIFFORD, *Clerk.*

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, June 23, 1870.

Concurred.

W. S. ROBINSON, *Clerk.*

---

IN SENATE, January 11, 1871.

ORDERED, That the Clerks of the two branches cause to be printed and bound in a suitable form twenty-five hundred copies of the Rules and Orders of the two branches, with lists of the several Standing and Special Committees, together with such other matter as may be considered practicable, in a Legislative Manual.

Sent down for concurrence.

S. N. GIFFORD, *Clerk.*

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, January 16, 1871.

Concurred.

W. S. ROBINSON, *Clerk.*

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\* Since the Manual went to press, Mr. Nahum Leonard, Jr., has been appointed Superintendent of the almshouse at Bridgewater.

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\* Since the Manual went to press, Mr. Horatio G. Herrick, of Lawrence, has been appointed on the commission, in place of Mr. Story, resigned.

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CONSTITUTION

OF THE

UNITED STATES.

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# CONSTITUTION

OF THE

# UNITED STATES.

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## PREAMBLE.

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WE, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this CONSTITUTION FOR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

ARTICLE I.

SECTION 1. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a congress of the United States, which shall consist of a senate and house of representatives.

SECT. 2. The house of representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year, by the people of the several states; and the electors in each state shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the state legislature.

No person shall be a representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand; but each state shall have at least one representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the state of New Hampshire shall be entitled to choose three, Massachusetts eight, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations one, Connecticut five, New York six, New Jersey four, Pennsylvania eight, Delaware one, Maryland six, Virginia ten, North Carolina five, South Carolina five, and Georgia three.

When vacancies happen in the representation from any state, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

The house of representatives shall choose their speaker and other officers; and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

SECT. 3. The senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each state, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years; and each senator shall have one vote.

Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided, as equally as may be, into three classes. The seats of the senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year; of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year; and of the third class, at the expiration of the sixth year; so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies

happen by resignation or otherwise, during the recess of the legislature of any state, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments, until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

No person shall be a senator, who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state for which he shall be chosen.

The vice-president of the United States shall be president of the senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided.

The senate shall choose their other officers, and also a president *pro tempore*, in the absence of the vice-president, or when he shall exercise the office of president of the United States.

The senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments; when sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the president of the United States is tried, the chief justice shall preside; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

Judgment, in cases of impeachment, shall not extend further than to removal from office and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust, or profit, under the United States; but the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment according to law.

SECT. 4. The times, places and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives, shall be prescribed in each state by the legislature thereof; but the congress may, at any time, by law, make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing senators.

The congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

SECT. 5. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner, and under such penalties, as each house may provide.

Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member.

Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the members of either house, on any question, shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Neither house, during the session of congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

SECT. 6. The senators and representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of the United States. They shall, in all cases, except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

No senator or representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.



SECT. 7. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments, as on other bills.

Every bill which shall have passed the house of representatives and the senate, shall, before it become a law, be presented to the president of the United States; if he approve, he shall sign it; but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and, if approved by two-thirds of that house, it shall become a law. But in all such cases, the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays; and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill, shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the president within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the congress, by their adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

Every order, resolution or vote, to which the concurrence of the senate and house of representatives may be necessary, (except on a question of adjournment,) shall be presented to the president of the United States; and, before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or, being disapproved by him, shall be re-passed by two-thirds of the senate and house of representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

SECT. 8. The congress shall have power:—To lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defence and general welfare of the

United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States:—To borrow money on the credit of the United States:—To regulate commerce with foreign nations and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes:—To establish an uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States:—To coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures:—To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States:—To establish post offices and post roads:—To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing, for limited times, to authors and inventors, the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries:—To constitute tribunals inferior to the supreme court:—To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offences against the law of nations:—To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water:—To raise and support armies; but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years:—To provide and maintain a navy:—To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces:—To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions:—To provide for organizing, arming and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the states, respectively, the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia, according to the discipline prescribed by congress:—To exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever over such district, (not exceeding ten miles square,) as may by cession of particular states, and the acceptance of congress, become the seat of the government of the United States; and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by consent of the legislature of the state in which the same shall be, for

the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock yards and other needful buildings: and to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

SECT. 9. The migration or importation of such persons, as any of the states now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight: but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privileges of the writ of *habeas corpus* shall not be suspended, unless when, in cases of rebellion or invasion, the public safety may require it.

No bill of attainder or *ex post facto* law, shall be passed.

No capitation or other direct tax, shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration, herein before directed to be taken.

No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any state.

No preference shall be given, by any regulation of commerce or revenue, to the ports of one state over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to or from one state, be obliged to enter, clear, or pay duties in another.

No money shall be drawn from the treasury but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and no person holding any office of profit or trust under them, shall, without the consent of the congress, accept of any present, emolument, office, or title, of any kind whatever, from any king, prince, or foreign state.

SECT. 10. No state shall enter into any treaty, alliance, or confederation ; grant letters of marque and reprisal ; coin money ; emit bills of credit ; make any thing but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts ; pass any bill of attainder, *ex post facto* law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts ; or grant any title of nobility. No state shall, without the consent of the congress, lay any imposts, or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws ; and the net produce of all duties and imposts, laid by any state on imports, or exports, shall be for the use of the treasury of the United States ; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the congress. No state shall, without the consent of congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops, or ships of war, in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another state, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

## ARTICLE II.

SECTION 1. The executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years ; and, together with the Vice-President, chosen for the same term, be elected as follows:--

Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the state may be entitled in the congress : but no senator or representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be appointed an elector.

The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves : and they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each ; which list they shall sign and

certify, and transmit, sealed, to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate. The president of the senate shall, in the presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes, shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed: And if there be more than one who have such majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the house of representatives shall immediately choose by ballot one of them for president; and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list, the said house shall, in like manner, choose the president: but in choosing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the president, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors shall be the vice-president. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the senate shall choose from them, by ballot, the vice-president. [See Amendments, Article XII.]

The congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes: which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No person, except a natural born citizen, or a citizen of the United States at the time of the adoption of this constitution, shall be eligible to the office of president; neither shall any person be eligible to that office, who shall not have attained the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

In case of the removal of the president from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the vice-president; and the congress may by law provide for the case

of removal, death, resignation, or inability both of the president and vice-president, declaring what officer shall then act as president; and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a president shall be elected.

The president shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation, which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected; and he shall not receive, within that period, any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Before he enter on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:—

“ I do solemnly swear, (or affirm,) that I will faithfully execute the office of president of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect, and defend the constitution of the United States.”

SECT. 2. The president shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several states, when called into the actual service of the United States. He may require the opinion in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offences against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the supreme court, and all other officers of the United States, whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law: but the congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers as they think proper, in the president alone, in the courts of law, or in the heads of departments.

The president shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

SECT. 3. He shall, from time to time, give to the congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary occasions, convene both houses, or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all the officers of the United States.

SECT. 4. The president, vice-president, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

### ARTICLE III.

SECTION 1. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one supreme court, and in such inferior courts as the congress may, from time to time, ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall at stated times, receive for their services a compensation, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

SECT. 2. The judicial power shall extend to all cases, in law and equity, arising under this constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers, and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to



which the United States shall be a party ; to controversies between two or more states ; between a state and citizens of another state ; between citizens of different states, between citizens of the same state claiming lands under grants of different states, and between a state, or the citizens thereof, and foreign states, citizens, or subjects. [See Amendments, Article XI.]

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a state shall be a party, the supreme court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the supreme court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, with such exceptions and under such regulations, as the congress shall make.

The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury ; and such trial shall be held in the state where the said crimes shall have been committed ; but when not committed within any state, the trial shall be at such place or places as the congress may by law have directed.

SECT. 3. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason, unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

The congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason ; but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture, except during the life of the person attainted.

#### ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each state to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other state : and the congress may, by general laws, prescribe the manner in which such acts, records and proceedings, shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

SECT. 2. The citizens of each state shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several states.



A person charged in any state with treason, felony, or other crime, who shall flee from justice, and be found in another state, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the state from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the state having jurisdiction of the crime.

No person held to service or labor in one state, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor; but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

SECT. 3. New states may be admitted by the congress into this Union; but no new state shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other state, nor any state be formed by the junction of two or more states or parts of states, without the consent of the legislatures of the states concerned, as well as of the congress.

The congress shall have power to dispose of, and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States or of any particular state.

SECT. 4. The United States shall guarantee to every State in this Union a republican form of government: and shall protect each of them against invasion: and, on application of the legislature, or of the executive, (when the legislature cannot be convened,) against domestic violence.

## ARTICLE V.

The congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this constitution, or on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this constitu-

tion, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the congress; provided, that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, shall, in any manner, affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no state without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the senate.

#### ARTICLE VI.

All debts contracted, and engagements entered into before the adoption of this constitution, shall be as valid against the United States, under this constitution, as under the Confederation.

This constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every state shall be bound thereby, any thing in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding.

The senators and representatives before mentioned, and members of the several state legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several states shall be bound, by oath or affirmation, to support this constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

#### ARTICLE VII.

The ratification of the conventions of nine states shall be sufficient for the establishment of this constitution, between the states so ratifying the same.

## ARTICLES,

*In addition to, and amendment of, the Constitution of the United States, proposed by Congress, and ratified by the Legislatures of the several States, pursuant to the Fifth Article of the original Constitution.*

I. Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

II. A well regulated militia being necessary to the security of a free state, the right of the people to keep and bear arms, shall not be infringed.

III. No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

IV. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated; and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

V. No person shall be held to answer for a capital or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor

shall be compelled, in any criminal case, to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

VI. In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor; and to have the assistance of counsel for his defence.

VII. In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact, tried by a jury, shall be otherwise re-examined, in any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

VIII. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

IX. The enumeration, in the constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

X. The powers not delegated to the United States by the constitution, nor prohibited by it, to the states, are reserved to the states respectively, or to the people.

XI. The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by

citizens of another state, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign state.

XII. The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for president and vice-president, one of whom at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves; they shall name in their ballots, the person voted for as president, and in distinct ballots, the person voted for as vice-president; and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as president, and of all persons voted for as vice-president, and of the number of votes for each; which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate; the president of the senate shall, in the presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for president, shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed: and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as president, the house of representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the president; but in choosing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice; and if the house of representatives shall not choose a president, whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the vice-president shall act as president, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the president.

The person having the greatest number of votes as vice-president, shall be the vice-president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if

no person have a majority, then, from the two highest numbers on the list, the senate shall choose the vice-president; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice.

But no person, constitutionally ineligible to the office of president, shall be eligible to that of vice-president of the United States.

XIII. SECT. 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

SECT. 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

XIV. SECT. 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States, and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States, nor shall any state deprive any person of life, liberty or property, without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

SECT. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States, according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each state, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for president and vice-president of the United States, representatives in Congress, the executive and judicial officers of a state, or the legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such state, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion, or other crimes, the basis of representation shall be reduced in

the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of such citizens, twenty-one years of age, in such state.

SECT. 3. No person shall be a senator or representative in Congress, or elector of president or vice-president, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any state, who having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any state legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any state, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may by a two-thirds vote of each house remove such disability.

SECT. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for the payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States, nor any state, shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims, shall be held illegal and void.

SECT. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article.

XV. SECT. 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States, or by any state, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

SECT. 2. The Congress shall power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

[NOTE.—The Articles of Confederation between the thirteen United States of America were agreed upon by delegates from the States, in Congress assembled, on the 15th of November, 1777, and were finally ratified by all the States, March 1st, 1781. On the 21st of February, 1787, the Congress of the Confederation recommended that a Convention of Delegates, to be appointed by the States, be held for the purpose of revising



the Articles of Confederation. In accordance with this recommendation, delegates from the several States met together at Philadelphia, Monday, May 14, 1787, and organized by choosing George Washington as their President. On the 17th of September the Convention finally agreed to a proposed form of Constitution, which was transmitted to the Congress of the Confederation. By that body copies were transmitted to the several States, and the Constitution was ratified by Conventions therein in the following order :—

Delaware, . . . . .	December 7, 1787.
Pennsylvania, . . . . .	“ 12, 1787.
New Jersey, . . . . .	“ 18, 1787.
Georgia, . . . . .	January 2, 1788.
Connecticut, . . . . .	“ 9, 1788.
Massachusetts, . . . . .	February 6, 1788.
Maryland, . . . . .	April 28, 1788.
South Carolina, . . . . .	May 23, 1788.
New Hampshire, . . . . .	June 21, 1788.
Virginia, . . . . .	“ 26, 1788.
New York, . . . . .	July 26, 1788.

Eleven States having ratified the Constitution, Congress proceeded to make all proper preparations for carrying it into effect. The first Wednesday of January, 1789, was appointed as the time for choosing electors, the first Wednesday in February as the day on which they should vote for President and Vice-President, and the first Wednesday of March as the day on which the new Congress should assemble together. The members of the two houses of the new Congress met at New York at the time appointed, March 4th, 1789. A quorum of the House of Representatives did not appear until the 1st of April, when a Speaker and a Clerk were chosen. A quorum of the Senate did not appear until April 6th, when a President *pro tempore* was chosen, for the purpose of counting the votes for President and Vice-President. On the same day, in presence of both houses, the returns of votes from the several States were opened and counted. George Washington was declared elected President and John Adams Vice-President. The Senate then elected a President *pro tempore*, and a Secretary, and both houses being organized, proceeded to transact public business. On the 21st of April the Vice-President assumed his seat as President of the Senate, and on Thursday, April 30th, George Washington was inaugurated President. The Constitution was ratified soon afterwards by the two remaining States; by North Carolina, Nov. 21st, 1789, and by Rhode Island, May 29th, 1790.

On the 25th of September, 1789, Congress proposed twelve articles of amendment to the Constitution, *ten* of which (numbered in the preceding pages from *one* to *ten*) were finally ratified December 15th, 1791. The *eleventh* article of amendment was proposed by Congress March 5th, 1794.



and was declared by the President, in his message of Jan. 8, 1798, to have been adopted by the requisite number of States. The *twelfth* amendment was proposed by Congress December 12th, 1803, and was adopted during the year 1804. The *thirteenth* amendment was adopted by the Senate of the United States April 8th, 1864, by a vote of 33 yeas to 6 nays; and by the House on the 31st of January, 1865, by a vote of 119 yeas to 56 nays. On the 18th of December, 1865, the Secretary of State made proclamation that it had been ratified by the requisite number of States.

The *fourteenth* amendment was adopted by the Senate of the United States, June 8th, 1866, by a vote of 33 yeas to 11 nays; and by the House on the 13th of June, 1866, by a vote 133 yeas to 36 nays. On the 21st of July, 1868, the Senate and House passed this concurrent resolution :

“ *Whereas*, The legislatures of the States of Connecticut, Tennessee, New Jersey, Oregon, Vermont, West Virginia, Kansas, Missouri, Indiana, Ohio, Illinois, Minnesota, New York, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Michigan, Nevada, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Nebraska, Maine, Iowa, Arkansas, Florida, North Carolina, Alabama, South Carolina and Louisiana, being three-fourths and more of the several States of the Union, have ratified the fourteenth article of amendment to the Constitution of the United States, duly proposed by two-thirds of each house of the thirty-ninth Congress; therefore

“ *Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring),* That said fourteenth article is hereby declared to be a part of the Constitution of the United States, and it shall be duly promulgated as such by the Secretary of State.”

Afterwards, a proclamation was issued by the Secretary of State, in which it was declared that the amendment had been ratified and had become a part of the Constitution.

The *fifteenth* amendment was adopted by Congress “ on or about the 27th day of February, in the year 1869.” On the 30th of March, 1870, the Secretary of State proclaimed its ratification “ by the legislatures of the States of North Carolina, West Virginia, Massachusetts, Wisconsin, Maine, Louisiana, Michigan, South Carolina, Pennsylvania, Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida, Illinois, Indiana, New York, New Hampshire, Nevada, Vermont, Virginia, Alabama, Missouri, Mississippi, Ohio, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Rhode Island, Nebraska and Texas, in all twenty-nine States,” three-fourths of the whole number. And the Secretary further proclaimed that it appeared from official documents on file in his department that “ the legislature of New York has since passed resolutions claiming to withdraw said ratification; ” and that “ the legislature of Georgia has by resolution ratified the said proposed amendment.” The Secretary then certified that “ the amendment aforesaid has become valid to all intents and purposes as a part of the Constitution of the United States.”



CONSTITUTION  
OR  
FORM OF GOVERNMENT  
FOR THE  
Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

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PREAMBLE.

Objects of Government—Right of people to alter it—Body politic; how formed—Its nature—Duty of the people.

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ART. 2. Right and duty of public religious worship—Protection of the subject in his own mode of worship, unless, &c.

ART. 3. Provisions in relation to public worship, election of public teachers, parochial taxes, etc., abolished by Art. XI. of the amendments.

ART. 4. Right of self-government secured—Exercise of all powers not delegated, etc.

ART. 5. Accountability of all officers, &c.

ART. 6. Services rendered to the public, being the only title to peculiar privileges, hereditary offices are absurd and unnatural.

ART. 7. Objects of government; right of people alone to institute and change it.

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ART. 14. Right of search and seizure regulated.

ART. 15. Right to trial by jury, sacred, except, &c.

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ART. 18. Adherence to fundamental principles of piety, etc., necessary—Moral obligations of law-givers and magistrates.

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ART. 29. Judges of supreme judicial court—Tenure of their offices—Salaries.

ART. 30. Separation of executive, judicial and legislative departments.

## PART II.—THE FRAME OF GOVERNMENT.

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#### SECTION III.—*The Council.*

ARTICLE 1. Council. [See amendments, Art. XVI.]

ART. 2. Number; from whom and how chosen—If senators become councillors their seats to be vacated. [See amendments, X., XIII., XVI.]

ART. 3. Rank of councillors.

ART. 4. No district to have more than two. [Obsolete.]

ART. 5. Register of council—May be called for by the legislature.

ART. 6. Council to exercise the power of governor, in case, &c.

ART. 7. Elections may be adjourned, until, &c.—Order thereof. [See amendments, Art. XVI., XXV.]

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ARTICLE 1. Tenure of all commissioned officers to be expressed in their commissions—Judicial officers, except, &c., to hold office during good behavior—But may be removed on address.

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ART. 3. Justices of the peace; tenure of their office to be seven years.

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CHAPTER IV.—DELEGATES TO CONGRESS. [Obsolete.]

CHAPTER V.—THE UNIVERSITY AT CAMBRIDGE, AND ENCOURAGEMENT OF LITERATURE, &c.

SECTION 1.—*The University.*

ARTICLE 1. Harvard College—Powers, privileges, &c., of the president and fellows confirmed.

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SECTION II.—*The Encouragement of Literature, &c.*

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ARTICLE 1. Oaths, &c. [See amendments, Art. VI., VII.] How administered.

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ART. 4. Provisions respecting commissions.

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ART. 7. Habeas corpus secured, and not suspended, except, &c.

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- ART. 9. Officers of former governments continued, until, &c. [Obsolete.]
- ART. 10. Provision for revising constitution. [Obsolete.]
- ART. 11. Provision for preserving and publishing this constitution.

### A M E N D M E N T S .

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ART. 2. General court empowered to charter cities—Provisos.

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ART. 9. Amendments to constitution, how made.

ART. 10. Commencement of political year; and termination—Meetings for choice of governor, lieutenant-governor, &c., when to be held—May be adjourned. [See amendments, Art. XV.]

ART. 11. Third article of Declaration of Rights annulled—Religious freedom established.

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ART. 14. In elections of civil officers by the people, the person having the highest number of votes to be elected.

ART. 15. Meetings for choice of governor, &c., to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November—In case of failure to elect representatives a second meeting may be held on fourth Monday.

ART. 16. Councillors—Provisions for electing; districting the State; qualifications, etc.; filling vacancies—Organization of the government without delay, how provided for.

ART. 17. Secretary, treasurer, auditor and attorney-general—Provisions concerning mode of electing, qualifications, vacancies, &c.

ART. 18. School moneys not to be appropriated to schools other than those conducted according to law, and not to be appropriated to religious sects for the maintenance exclusively of their own schools.



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ART. 25. Vacancies in the council, how filled.

ART. 26. Article 23 of the amendments annulled.

## P R E A M B L E .

THE end of the institution, maintenance and administration of government, is to secure the existence of the body politic; to protect it; and to furnish the individuals who compose it, with the power of enjoying in safety and tranquillity, their natural rights, and the blessings of life: and whenever these great objects are not obtained, the people have a right to alter the government, and to take measures necessary for their safety, prosperity and happiness.

The body politic is formed by a voluntary association of individuals; it is a social compact, by which the whole people covenants with each citizen, and each citizen with the whole people, that all shall be governed by certain laws for the common good. It is the duty of the people, therefore, in framing a constitution of government, to provide for an equitable mode of making laws, as well as for an impartial interpretation, and a faithful execution of them; that every man may, at all times, find his security in them.

We, therefore, the people of Massachusetts, acknowledging, with grateful hearts, the goodness of the great Legislator of the universe, in affording us, in the course of his providence,

an opportunity, deliberately and peaceably, without fraud, violence or surprise, of entering into an original, explicit and solemn compact with each other; and of forming a new constitution of civil government for ourselves and posterity; and devoutly imploring his direction in so interesting a design, do agree upon, ordain and establish, the following *Declaration of Rights, and Frame of Government*, as the CONSTITUTION of the COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

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## PART THE FIRST.

### *A Declaration of the Rights of the Inhabitants of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.*

ARTICLE I. All men are born free and equal, and have certain natural, essential and unalienable rights; among which may be reckoned the right of enjoying and defending their lives and liberties; that of acquiring, possessing and protecting property; in fine, that of seeking and obtaining their safety and happiness.

ART. II. It is the right as well as the duty of all men in society, publicly, and at stated seasons, to worship the SUPREME BEING, the great Creator and Preserver of the universe. And no subject shall be hurt, molested or restrained, in his person, liberty or estate, for worshipping God in the manner and season most agreeable to the dictates of his own conscience; or for his religious profession or sentiments; provided he doth not disturb the public peace, or obstruct others in their religious worship.

ART. III. As the happiness of a people, and the good order and preservation of civil government, essentially depend upon piety, religion and morality; and as these cannot be generally diffused through a community, but by the institution of the public worship of God, and of public

instructions in piety, religion and morality: therefore, to promote their happiness, and to secure the good order and preservation of their government, the people of this Commonwealth have a right to invest their legislature with power to authorize and require, and the legislature shall, from time to time, authorize and require, the several towns, parishes, precincts and other bodies politic, or religious societies to make suitable provision, at their own expense, for the institution of the public worship of God, and for the support and maintenance of public Protestant teachers of piety, religion and morality, in all cases where such provision shall not be made voluntarily. [See Amendments, Article XI.]

And the people of this Commonwealth have also a right to, and do, invest their legislature with authority to enjoin upon all the subjects an attendance upon the instructions of the public teachers aforesaid, at stated times and seasons, if there be any on whose instructions they can conscientiously and conveniently attend. [See Amendments, Article XI.]

Provided notwithstanding, that the several towns, parishes, precincts, and other bodies politic, or religious societies, shall, at all times, have the exclusive right of electing their public teachers, and of contracting with them for their support and maintenance. [See Amendments, Article XI.]

And all moneys paid by the subject to the support of public worship, and of the public teachers aforesaid, shall, if he require it, be uniformly applied to the support of the public teacher or teachers of his own religious sect or denomination, provided there be any on whose instructions he attends; otherwise it may be paid towards the support of the teacher or teachers of the parish or precinct in which the said moneys are raised. [See Amendments, Article XI.]

And every denomination of Christians, demeaning themselves peaceably, and as good subjects of the Commonwealth, shall be equally under the protection of the law: and no subordination of any one sect or denomination to another

shall ever be established by law. [See Amendments, Article XI.]

ART. IV. The people of this Commonwealth have the sole and exclusive right of governing themselves, as a free, sovereign, and independent State; and do, and forever hereafter shall, exercise and enjoy every power, jurisdiction and right, which is not, or may not hereafter, be by them expressly delegated to the United States of America, in Congress assembled.

ART. V. All power residing originally in the people, and being derived from them, the several magistrates and officers of government, vested with authority, whether legislative, executive, or judicial, are their substitutes and agents, and are at all times accountable to them.

ART. VI. No man, nor corporation, or association of men, have any other title to obtain advantages, or particular and exclusive privileges, distinct from those of the community, than what arises from the consideration of services rendered to the public; and this title being in nature neither hereditary, nor transmissible to children, or descendants, or relations by blood, the idea of a man born a magistrate, law-giver, or judge, is absurd and unnatural.

ART. VII. Government is instituted for the common good, for the protection, safety, prosperity and happiness of the people; and not for the profit, honor, or private interest of any one man, family, or class of men: Therefore the people alone have an incontestible, unalienable and indefeasible right to institute government; and to reform, alter, or totally change the same, when their protection, safety, prosperity and happiness require it.

ART. VIII. In order to prevent those who are vested with authority, from becoming oppressors, the people have

a right, at such periods and in such manner as they shall establish by their frame of government, to cause their public officers to return to private life; and to fill up vacant places by certain and regular elections and appointments.

ART. IX. All elections ought to be free; and all the inhabitants of this Commonwealth, having such qualifications as they shall establish by their frame of government, have an equal right to elect officers, and to be elected, for public employments.

ART. X. Each individual of the society has a right to be protected by it in the enjoyment of his life, liberty and property, according to standing laws. He is obliged, consequently, to contribute his share to the expense of this protection; to give his personal service, or an equivalent, when necessary: but no part of the property of any individual, can, with justice, be taken from him, or applied to public uses, without his own consent, or that of the representative body of the people. In fine, the people of this Commonwealth are not controllable by any other laws, than those to which their constitutional representative body have given their consent. And whenever the public exigencies require that the property of any individual should be appropriated to public uses, he shall receive a reasonable compensation therefor.

ART. XI. Every subject of the Commonwealth ought to find a certain remedy, by having recourse to the laws, for all injuries or wrongs which he may receive in his person, property, or character. He ought to obtain right and justice freely, and without being obliged to purchase it; completely, and without any denial; promptly, and without delay; conformably to the laws.

ART. XII. No subject shall be held to answer for any crimes or offence, until the same is fully and plainly, sub-

stantially and formally, described to him ; or be compelled to accuse, or furnish evidence against himself. And every subject shall have a right to produce all proofs that may be favorable to him ; to meet the witnesses against him, face to face, and to be fully heard in his defence by himself, or his counsel, at his election. And no subject shall be arrested, imprisoned, despoiled, or deprived of his property, immunities, or privileges, put out of the protection of the law, exiled, or deprived of his life, liberty, or estate, but by the judgment of his peers, or the law of the land.

And the legislature shall not make any law that shall subject any person to a capital or infamous punishment, excepting for the government of the army and navy, without trial by jury.

ART. XIII. In criminal prosecutions, the verification of facts, in the vicinity where they happen, is one of the greatest securities of the life, liberty, and property of the citizen.

ART. XIV. Every subject has a right to be secure from all unreasonable searches and seizures of his person, his houses, his papers, and all his possessions. All warrants, therefore, are contrary to this right, if the cause or foundation of them be not previously supported by oath or affirmation ; and if the order in the warrant to a civil officer, to make search in suspected places, or to arrest one or more suspected persons, or to seize their property, be not accompanied with a special designation of the persons or objects of search, arrest, or seizure ; and no warrant ought to be issued but in cases, and with the formalities prescribed by the laws.

ART. XV. In all controversies concerning property, and in all suits between two or more persons, except in cases in which it has heretofore been otherways used and practised,

the parties have a right to trial by jury ; and this method of procedure shall be held sacred, unless, in causes arising on the high seas, and such as relate to mariners' wages, the legislature shall hereafter find it necessary to alter it.

ART. XVI. The liberty of the press is essential to the security of freedom in a state : it ought not, therefore, to be restrained in this Commonwealth.

ART. XVII. The people have a right to keep and to bear arms for the common defence. And as, in time of peace, armies are dangerous to liberty, they ought not to be maintained without the consent of the legislature ; and the military power shall always be held in an exact subordination to the civil authority, and be governed by it.

ART. XVIII. A frequent recurrence to the fundamental principles of the constitution, and a constant adherence to those of piety, justice, moderation, temperance, industry, and frugality, are absolutely necessary to preserve the advantages of liberty, and to maintain a free government. The people ought, consequently, to have a particular attention to all those principles, in the choice of their officers and representatives : and they have a right to require of their law-givers and magistrates, an exact and constant observance of them, in the formation and execution of the laws necessary for the good administration of the Commonwealth.

ART. XIX. The people have a right, in an orderly and peaceable manner, to assemble to consult upon the common good ; give instructions to their representatives, and to request of the legislative body, by the way of addresses, petitions, or remonstrances, redress of the wrongs done them, and of the grievances they suffer.



ART. XX. The power of suspending the laws, or the execution of the laws, ought never to be exercised but by the legislature, or by authority derived from it, to be exercised in such particular cases only as the legislature shall expressly provide for.

ART. XXI. The freedom of deliberation, speech and debate, in either house of the legislature, is so essential to the rights of the people, that it cannot be the foundation of any accusation or prosecution, action or complaint, in any other court or place whatsoever.

ART. XXII. The legislature ought frequently to assemble for the redress of grievances, for correcting, strengthening and confirming the laws, and for making new laws, as the common good may require.

ART. XXIII. No subsidy, charge, tax, impost, or duties, ought to be established, fixed, laid, or levied, under any pretext whatsoever, without the consent of the people, or their representatives in the legislature.

ART. XXIV. Laws made to punish for actions done before the existence of such laws, and which have not been declared crimes by preceding laws, are unjust, oppressive, and inconsistent with the fundamental principles of a free government.

ART. XXV. No subject ought, in any case, or in any time, to be declared guilty of treason or felony by the legislature.

ART. XXVI. No magistrate or court of law shall demand excessive bail or sureties, impose excessive fines, or inflict cruel or unusual punishments.



ART. XXVII. In time of peace, no soldier ought to be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner; and in time of war, such quarters ought not to be made but by the civil magistrate, in a manner ordained by the legislature.

ART. XXVIII. No person can in any case be subjected to law-martial, or to any penalties or pains, by virtue of that law, except those employed in the army or navy, and except the militia in actual service, but by authority of the legislature.

ART. XXIX. It is essential to the preservation of the rights of every individual, his life, liberty, property and character, that there be an impartial interpretation of the laws, and administration of justice. It is the right of every citizen to be tried by judges as free, impartial and independent as the lot of humanity will admit. It is, therefore, not only the best policy, but for the security of the rights of the people, and of every citizen, that the judges of the supreme judicial court should hold their offices as long as they behave themselves well, and that they should have honorable salaries ascertained and established by standing laws.

ART. XXX. In the government of this Commonwealth, the legislative department shall never exercise the executive and judicial powers, or either of them; the executive shall never exercise the legislative and judicial powers, or either of them; the judicial shall never exercise the legislative and executive powers, or either of them: to the end it may be a government of laws, and not of men.

## PART THE SECOND.

*The Frame of Government.*

The people, inhabiting the territory formerly called the Province of Massachusetts Bay, do hereby solemnly and mutually agree with each other, to form themselves into a free, sovereign and independent body politic or state, by the name of THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

## CHAPTER I.

## THE LEGISLATIVE POWER.

## SECTION I.

*The General Court.*

ARTICLE I. The department of legislation shall be formed by two branches, a Senate and House of Representatives, each of which shall have a negative on the other.

The legislative body shall assemble every year, on the last Wednesday in May, and at such other times as they shall judge necessary; and shall dissolve and be dissolved, on the day next preceding the said last Wednesday in May; and shall be styled, THE GENERAL COURT OF MASSACHUSETTS. [See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. II. No bill or resolve of the senate or house of representatives shall become a law, and have force as such, until it shall have been laid before the governor for his revisal; and if he, upon such revision, approve thereof, he shall signify his approbation by signing the same. But if he have any objection to the passing of such bill or resolve, he shall return the same, together with his objections thereto, in

writing, to the senate or house of representatives, in whichsoever the same shall have originated, who shall enter the objections sent down by the governor, at large, on their records, and proceed to reconsider the said bill or resolve: but if, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of the said senate or house of representatives, shall, notwithstanding the said objections, agree to pass the same, it shall, together with the objections, be sent to the other branch of the legislature, where it shall also be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of the members present, shall have the force of a law: but in all such cases, the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays; and the names of the persons voting for, or against, the said bill or resolve, shall be entered upon the public records of the Commonwealth.

And in order to prevent unnecessary delays, if any bill or resolve shall not be returned by the governor within five days after it shall have been presented, the same shall have the force of a law. [See Amendments, Article I.]

ART. III. The general court shall forever have full power and authority to erect and constitute judicatories and courts of record, or other courts, to be held in the name of the Commonwealth, for the hearing, trying and determining of all manner of crimes, offences, pleas, processes, complaints, actions, matters, causes and things, whatsoever, arising or happening within the Commonwealth, or between or concerning persons inhabiting, or residing, or brought within the same; whether the same be criminal or civil, or whether the said crimes be capital or not capital, and whether the said pleas be real, personal, or mixed; and for the awarding and making out of execution thereupon: to which courts and judicatories are hereby given and granted full power and authority, from time to time, to administer oaths or affirmations, for the better discovery

of truth in any matter in controversy, or depending before them.

ART. IV. And further, full power and authority are hereby given and granted to the said general court, from time to time, to make, ordain and establish, all manner of wholesome and reasonable orders, laws, statutes and ordinances, directions and instructions, either with penalties or without ; so as the same be not repugnant or contrary to this constitution, as they shall judge to be for the good and welfare of this Commonwealth, and for the government and ordering thereof, and of the subjects of the same, and for the necessary support and defence of the government thereof ; and to name and settle annually, or provide by fixed laws for the naming and settling, all civil officers within the said Commonwealth, the election and constitution of whom are not hereafter in this form of government otherwise provided for ; and to set forth the several duties, powers and limits, of the several civil and military officers of this Commonwealth, and the forms of such oaths or affirmations as shall be respectively administered unto them for the execution of their several offices and places, so as the same be not repugnant or contrary to this constitution ; and to impose and levy proportional and reasonable assessments, rates and taxes, upon all the inhabitants of, and persons resident, and estates lying, within the said Commonwealth ; and also to impose and levy reasonable duties and excises upon any produce, goods, wares, merchandise, and commodities whatsoever, brought into, produced, manufactured, or being within the same ; to be issued and disposed of by warrant, under the hand of the governor of this Commonwealth for the time being, with the advice and consent of the council, for the public service, in the necessary defence and support of the government of the said Commonwealth, and the protection and preservation of the subjects thereof,

according to such acts as are, or shall be in force within the same.

And while the public charges of government, or any part thereof, shall be assessed on polls and estates, in the manner that has hitherto been practised, in order that such assessments may be made with equality, there shall be a valuation of estates within the Commonwealth, taken anew, once in every ten years at least, and as much oftener as the general court shall order.

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## CHAPTER I.

### SECTION II.

#### *Senate.*

ARTICLE I. There shall be annually elected, by the freeholders and other inhabitants of this Commonwealth, qualified as in this constitution is provided, forty persons to be councillors and senators, for the year ensuing their election; to be chosen by the inhabitants of the districts, into which the Commonwealth may from time to time be divided by the general court for that purpose: and the general court, in assigning the numbers to be elected by the respective districts, shall govern themselves by the proportion of the public taxes paid by the said districts; and timely make known, to the inhabitants of the Commonwealth, the limits of each district, and the number of councillors and senators to be chosen therein: provided, that the number of such districts shall never be less than thirteen; and that no district be so large as to entitle the same to choose more than six senators. [See Amendments, Articles XIII. and XVI.]

And the several counties in this Commonwealth shall, until the general court shall determine it necessary to alter the said districts, be districts for the choice of councillors and senators, (except that the counties of Dukes County and

Nantucket shall form one district for that purpose,) and shall elect the following number for councillors and senators, viz. :— [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

Suffolk, . . . .	six.	York, . . . .	two.
Essex, . . . .	six.	Dukes County and	} one
Middlesex, . . . .	five.	Nantucket, . . . .	
Hampshire, . . . .	four.	Worcester, . . . .	five.
Plymouth, . . . .	three.	Cumberland, . . . .	one.
Barnstable, . . . .	one.	Lincoln, . . . .	one.
Bristol, . . . .	three.	Berkshire, . . . .	two.

ART. II. The senate shall be the first branch of the legislature; and the senators shall be chosen in the following manner, viz. : there shall be a meeting on the first Monday in April, annually, forever, of the inhabitants of each town in the several counties of this Commonwealth, to be called by the selectmen, and warned in due course of law, at least seven days before the first Monday in April, for the purpose of electing persons to be senators and councillors; and at such meetings every male inhabitant of twenty-one years of age and upwards, having a freehold estate, within the Commonwealth, of the annual income of three pounds, or any estate of the value of sixty pounds, shall have a right to give in his vote for the senators for the district of which he is an inhabitant. And to remove all doubts concerning the meaning of the word "inhabitant," in this constitution, every person shall be considered as an inhabitant, for the purpose of electing and being elected into any office, or place within this State, in that town, district, or plantation, where he dwelleth, or hath his home. [See Amendments, Articles II., III., X., XIV., XV.]

The selectmen of the several towns shall preside at such meetings impartially, and shall receive the votes of all the inhabitants of such towns present and qualified to vote for senators, and shall sort and count them in open town meeting, and in presence of the town clerk, who shall make a fair record, in presence of the selectmen, and in open town

meeting, of the name of every person voted for, and of the number of votes against his name; and a fair copy of this record shall be attested by the selectmen and the town clerk, and shall be sealed up, directed to the secretary of the Commonwealth, for the time being, with a superscription expressing the purport of the contents thereof, and delivered by the town clerk of such towns, to the sheriff of the county in which such town lies, thirty days at least before the last Wednesday in May, annually; or it shall be delivered into the secretary's office seventeen days at least before the said last Wednesday in May; and the sheriff of each county shall deliver all such certificates, by him received, into the secretary's office, seventeen days before the said last Wednesday in May. [See Amendments, Articles II. and X.]

And the inhabitants of plantations unincorporated, qualified as this constitution provides, who are or shall be empowered and required to assess taxes upon themselves toward the support of government, shall have the same privilege of voting for councillors and senators, in the plantations where they reside, as town inhabitants have in their respective towns; and the plantation meetings for that purpose shall be held, annually, on the same first Monday in April, at such place in the plantations, respectively, as the assessors thereof shall direct; which assessors shall have like authority for notifying the electors, collecting and returning the votes, as the selectmen and town clerks have in their several towns, by this constitution. And all other persons living in places unincorporated, (qualified as aforesaid,) who shall be assessed to the support of government, by the assessors of an adjacent town, shall have the privilege of giving in their votes for councillors and senators, in the town where they shall be assessed, and be notified of the place of meeting, by the selectmen of the town where they shall be assessed, for that purpose, accordingly. [See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. III. And that there may be a due convention of senators on the last Wednesday in May, annually, the governor, with five of the council, for the time being, shall, as soon as may be, examine the returned copies of such records; and fourteen days before the said day, he shall issue his summons to such persons as shall appear to be chosen by a majority of voters, to attend on that day, and take their seats accordingly: provided, nevertheless, that for the first year, the said returned copies shall be examined by the president and five of the council of the former constitution of government; and the said president, shall, in like manner, issue his summons to the persons so elected, that they may take their seats as aforesaid. [See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. IV. The senate shall be the final judge of the elections, returns, and qualifications of their own members, as pointed out in the constitution, and shall, on the said last Wednesday in May, annually, determine and declare who are elected by each district, to be senators, by a majority of votes: and in case there shall not appear to be the full number of senators returned, elected by a majority of votes, for any district, the deficiency shall be supplied in the following manner, viz.: The members of the house of representatives, and such senators as shall be declared elected, shall take the names of such persons as shall be found to have the highest number of votes in such district, and not elected, amounting to twice the number of senators wanting, if there be so many voted for; and out of these, shall elect by ballot a number of senators sufficient to fill up the vacancies in such district; and in this manner all such vacancies shall be filled up in every district of the Commonwealth; and in like manner all vacancies in the senate, arising by death, removal out of the State, or otherwise, shall be supplied as soon as may be after such vacancies shall happen. [See Amendments, Article X.]



ART. V. Provided, nevertheless, that no person shall be capable of being elected as a senator, who is not seized in his own right of a freehold, within this Commonwealth, of the value of three hundred pounds at least, or possessed of personal estate to the value of six hundred pounds at least, or of both to the amount of the same sum, and who has not been an inhabitant of this Commonwealth for the space of five years immediately preceding his election, and, at the time of his election, he shall be an inhabitant in the district for which he shall be chosen. [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

ART. VI. The senate shall have power to adjourn themselves, provided such adjournments do not exceed two days at a time.

ART. VII. The senate shall choose its own president, appoint its own officers, and determine its own rules of proceeding.

ART. VIII. The senate shall be a court, with full authority, to hear and determine all impeachments made by the house of representatives, against any officer or officers of the Commonwealth, for misconduct and maladministration in their offices: but, previous to the trial of every impeachment, the members of the senate shall, respectively, be sworn, truly and impartially to try and determine the charge in question, according to evidence. Their judgment, however, shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold or enjoy any place of honor, trust, or profit, under this Commonwealth: but the party so convicted shall be, nevertheless, liable to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment, according to the laws of the land.

ART. IX. Not less than sixteen members of the senate shall constitute a quorum for doing business.

## CHAPTER I.

## SECTION III.

*House of Representatives.*

ARTICLE I. There shall be in the legislature of this Commonwealth, a representation of the people, annually elected, and founded upon the principle of equality.

ART. II. And in order to provide for a representation of the citizens of this Commonwealth, founded upon the principle of equality, every corporate town, containing one hundred and fifty ratable polls, may elect one representative; every corporate town containing three hundred and seventy-five ratable polls, may elect two representatives; every corporate town containing six hundred ratable polls, may elect three representatives; and proceeding in that manner, making two hundred and twenty-five ratable polls the mean increasing number for every additional representative. [See Amendments, Articles XII. and XIII.]

Provided, nevertheless, that each town now incorporated, not having one hundred and fifty ratable polls, may elect one representative; but no place shall hereafter be incorporated with the privilege of electing a representative, unless there are within the same, one hundred and fifty ratable polls.

And the house of representatives shall have power, from time to time, to impose fines upon such towns as shall neglect to choose and return members to the same, agreeably to this constitution.

The expenses of travelling to the general assembly, and returning home, once in every session, and no more, shall be paid by the government, out of the public treasury, to every member who shall attend as seasonably as he can, in the judgment of the house, and does not depart without leave.

ART. III. Every member of the house of representatives shall be chosen by written votes; and, for one year at least, next preceding his election, shall have been an inhabitant of, and have been seized in his own right, of a freehold of the value of one hundred pounds, within the town he shall be chosen to represent, or any ratable estate to the value of two hundred pounds; and he shall cease to represent the said town, immediately on his ceasing to be qualified as aforesaid. [See Amendments, Articles XIII. and XIV.]

ART. IV. Every male person, being twenty-one years of age, and resident in any particular town in this Commonwealth, for the space of one year next preceding, having a freehold estate within the same town, of the annual income of three pounds, or any estate of the value of sixty pounds, shall have a right to vote in the choice of a representative or representatives for the said town. [See Amendments, Article III.]

ART. V. The members of the house of representatives shall be chosen annually in the month of May, ten days at least, before the last Wednesday of that month. [See Amendments, Articles X. and XV.]

ART. VI. The house of representatives shall be the grand inquest of this Commonwealth; and all impeachments made by them shall be heard and tried by the senate.

ART. VII. All money bills shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments, as on other bills.

ART. VIII. The house of representatives shall have power to adjourn themselves; provided such adjournment shall not exceed two days at a time.

ART. IX. Not less than sixty members of the house of representatives shall constitute a quorum for doing business.

ART. X. The house of representatives shall be the judge of the returns, elections, and qualifications of its own members, as pointed out in the constitution; shall choose their own speaker, appoint their own officers, and settle the rules and orders of proceeding in their own house. They shall have authority to punish by imprisonment, every person, not a member, who shall be guilty of disrespect to the house, by any disorderly or contemptuous behavior in its presence; or who, in the town where the general court is sitting, and during the time of its sitting, shall threaten harm to the body or estate of any of its members, for any thing said or done in the house; or who shall assault any of them therefor; or who shall assault, or arrest, any witness, or other person, ordered to attend the house, in his way in going, or returning; or who shall rescue any person arrested by the order of the house.

And no member of the house of representatives shall be arrested, or held to bail on mean process, during his going unto, returning from, or his attending, the general assembly.

ART. XI. The senate shall have the same powers in the like cases; and the governor and council shall have the same authority to punish in like cases: provided that no imprisonment, on the warrant or order of the governor, council, senate, or house of representatives, for either of the above described offences, be for a term exceeding thirty days.

And the senate and house of representatives may try and determine all cases where their rights and privileges are concerned, and which, by the constitution, they have authority to try and determine, by committees of their own members, or in such other way as they may, respectively, think best.

## CHAPTER II.

## EXECUTIVE POWER.

## SECTION I.

*Governor.*

ARTICLE I. There shall be a supreme executive magistrate, who shall be styled—THE GOVERNOR OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS;—and whose title shall be—*His Excellency*.

ART. II. The governor shall be chosen annually; and no person shall be eligible to this office, unless, at the time of his election, he shall have been an inhabitant of this Commonwealth for seven years next preceding; and unless he shall, at the same time, be seized, in his own right, of a freehold, within the Commonwealth, of the value of one thousand pounds; and unless he shall declare himself to be of the Christian religion. [See Amendments, Article VII.]

ART. III. Those persons who shall be qualified to vote for senators and representatives, within the several towns of this Commonwealth, shall, at a meeting to be called for that purpose, on the first Monday of April, annually, give in their votes for a governor, to the selectmen, who shall preside at such meetings; and the town clerk, in the presence and with the assistance of the selectmen, shall, in open town meeting, sort and count the votes, and form a list of the persons voted for, with the number of votes for each person against his name; and shall make a fair record of the same in the town books, and a public declaration thereof in the said meeting; and shall, in the presence of the inhabitants, seal up copies of the said list, attested by him and the selectmen, and transmit the same to the sheriff of the county, thirty days at least before the last Wednesday in May;

and the sheriff shall transmit the same to the secretary's office seventeen days at least before the said last Wednesday in May; or the selectmen may cause returns of the same to be made to the office of the secretary of the Commonwealth, seventeen days, at least, before the said day; and the secretary shall lay the same before the senate and the house of representatives, on the last Wednesday in May, to be by them examined; and in case of an election by a majority of all the votes returned, the choice shall be by them declared and published; but if no person shall have a majority of votes, the house of representatives, shall, by ballot, elect two out of four persons, who had the highest number of votes, if so many shall have been voted for; but if otherwise, out of the number voted for; and make return to the senate of the two persons so elected; on which, the senate shall proceed, by ballot, to elect one, who shall be declared governor. [See Amendments, Articles II., X., XIV., XV.]

ART. IV. The governor shall have authority, from time to time, at his discretion, to assemble and call together the councillors of this Commonwealth for the time being; and the governor, with the said councillors, or five of them, at least, shall, and may, from time to time, hold and keep a council, for the ordering and directing the affairs of the Commonwealth, agreeably to the constitution and the laws of the land.

ART. V. The governor, with advice of council, shall have full power and authority, during the session of the general court, to adjourn or prorogue the same to any time the two houses shall desire; and to dissolve the same on the day next preceding the last Wednesday in May; and, in the recess of the said court, to prorogue the same from time to time, not exceeding ninety days in any one recess; and to call it together sooner than the time to which it may be adjourned or prorogued, if the welfare of the Commonwealth shall require the same; and in case of any infectious

disorder prevailing in the place where the said court is next at any time to convene, or any other cause happening, whereby danger may arise to the health or lives of the members from their attendance, he may direct the session to be held at some other, the most convenient place within the State. [See Amendments, Article X.]

And the governor shall dissolve the said general court on the day next preceding the last Wednesday in May. [See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. VI. In cases of disagreement between the two houses, with regard to the necessity, expediency, or time of adjournment, or prorogation, the governor, with advice of the council, shall have a right to adjourn or prorogue the general court, not exceeding ninety days, as he shall determine the public good shall require.

ART. VII. The governor of this Commonwealth, for the time being, shall be the commander-in-chief of the army and navy, and of all the military forces of the State, by sea and land; and shall have full power, by himself, or by any commander, or other officer or officers, from time to time, to train, instruct, exercise and govern the militia and navy; and, for the special defence and safety of the Commonwealth, to assemble in martial array, and put in warlike posture, the inhabitants thereof, and to lead and conduct them, and with them, to encounter, repel, resist, expel and pursue, by force of arms, as well by sea as by land, within or without the limits of this Commonwealth, and also to kill, slay and destroy, if necessary, and conquer, by all fitting ways, enterprises and means whatsoever, all, and every such person and persons as shall, at any time hereafter, in a hostile manner, attempt or enterprise the destruction, invasion, detriment, or annoyance of this Commonwealth; and to use and exercise over the army and navy, and over the militia in actual service, the law martial, in time of war or invasion, and also in

time of rebellion, declared by the legislature to exist, as occasion shall necessarily require ; and to take and surprise, by all ways and means whatsoever, all and every such person or persons, with their ships, arms, ammunition and other goods, as shall, in a hostile manner, invade or attempt the invading, conquering, or annoying this Commonwealth ; and that the governor be intrusted with all these and other powers, incident to the offices of captain-general and commander-in-chief, and admiral, to be exercised agreeably to the rules and regulations of the constitution, and the laws of the land, and not otherwise.

Provided, that the said governor shall not, at any time hereafter, by virtue of any power by this constitution granted, or hereafter to be granted to him by the legislature, transport any of the inhabitants of this Commonwealth, or oblige them to march out of the limits of the same, without their free and voluntary consent, or the consent of the general court ; except so far as may be necessary to march or transport them by land or water, for the defence of such part of the State to which they cannot otherwise conveniently have access.

ART. VIII. The power of pardoning offences, except such as persons may be convicted of before the senate, by an impeachment of the house, shall be in the governor, by and with the advice of council ; but no charter of pardon, granted by the governor, with advice of the council, before conviction, shall avail the party pleading the same, notwithstanding any general or particular expressions contained therein, descriptive of the offence or offences intended to be pardoned.

ART. IX. All judicial officers, the attorney-general, the solicitor-general, all sheriffs, coroners, and registers of probate, shall be nominated and appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the council ; and every



such nomination shall be made by the governor, and made at least seven days prior to such appointment. [See Amendments, Articles XIV., XVII., XIX.]

ART. X. The captains and subalterns of the militia shall be elected by the written votes of the train-band and alarm list of their respective companies, of twenty-one years of age and upwards; the field officers of regiments shall be elected by the written votes of the captains and subalterns of their respective regiments; the brigadiers shall be elected in like manner, by the field officers of their respective brigades; and such officers, so elected, shall be commissioned by the governor, who shall determine their rank. [See Amendments, Article V.]

The legislature shall, by standing laws, direct the time and manner of convening the electors, and of collecting votes, and of certifying to the governor the officers elected.

The major-generals shall be appointed by the senate and house of representatives, each having a negative upon the other; and be commissioned by the governor.

And if the electors of brigadiers, field officers, captains or subalterns, shall neglect or refuse to make such elections, after being duly notified, according to the laws for the time being, then the governor, with advice of council, shall appoint suitable persons to fill such offices.

And no officer, duly commissioned to command in the militia, shall be removed from his office, but by the address of both houses to the governor, or by fair trial in court martial, pursuant to the laws of the Commonwealth for the time being. [See Amendments, Article IV.]

The commanding officers of regiments shall appoint their adjutants and quarter-masters; the brigadiers their brigade-majors; and the major-generals their aids; and the governor shall appoint the adjutant-general.

The governor, with advice of council, shall appoint all officers of the continental army, whom by the confederation

of the United States it is provided that this Commonwealth appoint,—as also all officers of forts and garrisons.

The divisions of the militia into brigades, regiments and companies, made in pursuance of the militia laws now in force, shall be considered as the proper divisions of the militia of this Commonwealth, until the same shall be altered in pursuance of some future law.

ART. XI. No moneys shall be issued out of the treasury of this Commonwealth and disposed of (except such sums as may be appropriated for the redemption of bills of credit or treasurer's notes, or for the payment of interest arising thereon) but by warrant under the hand of the governor for the time being, with the advice and consent of the council, for the necessary defence and support of the Commonwealth, and for the protection and preservation of the inhabitants thereof, agreeably to the acts and resolves of the general court.

ART. XII. All public boards, the commissary-general, all superintending officers of public magazines and stores, belonging to this Commonwealth, and all commanding officers of forts and garrisons within the same, shall, once in every three months, officially and without requisition, and at other times, when required by the governor, deliver to him an account of all goods, stores, provisions, ammunition, cannon with their appendages, and small arms with their accoutrements, and of all other public property whatever under their care, respectively; distinguishing the quantity, number, quality, and kind of each, as particularly as may be; together with the condition of such forts and garrisons; and the said commanding officer shall exhibit to the governor, when required by him, true and exact plans of such forts, and of the land and sea, or harbor or harbors, adjacent.

And the said boards, and all public officers, shall communicate to the governor, as soon as may be after receiving the

same, all letters, dispatches, and intelligences of a public nature, which shall be directed to them respectively.

ART. XIII. As the public good requires that the governor should not be under the undue influence of any of the members of the general court, by a dependence on them for his support—that he should, in all cases, act with freedom for the benefit of the public—that he should not have his attention necessarily diverted from that object to his private concerns—and that he should maintain the dignity of the Commonwealth in the character of its chief magistrate—it is necessary that he should have an honorable stated salary, of a fixed and permanent value, amply sufficient for those purposes, and established by standing laws: and it shall be among the first acts of the general court, after the commencement of this constitution, to establish such salary by law accordingly.

Permanent and honorable salaries shall also be established by law for the justices of the supreme judicial court.

And if it shall be found, that any of the salaries aforesaid, so established, are insufficient, they shall, from time to time, be enlarged, as the general court shall judge proper.

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## CHAPTER II.

### SECTION II.

#### *Lieutenant-Governor.*

ARTICLE I. There shall be annually elected a lieutenant-governor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, whose title shall be—*His Honor*; and who shall be qualified, in point of religion, property, and residence in the Commonwealth, in the same manner with the governor; and the day and manner of his election, and the qualifications of the

electors, shall be the same as are required in the election of a governor. The return of the votes for this officer, and the declaration of his election, shall be in the same manner; and if no one person shall be found to have a majority of all the votes returned, the vacancy shall be filled by the senate and house of representatives, in the same manner as the governor is to be elected, in case no one person shall have a majority of the votes of the people to be governor. [See Amendments, Articles III., VI., X., XV.]

ART. II. The governor, and in his absence the lieutenant-governor, shall be president of the council, but shall have no vote in council; and the lieutenant-governor shall always be a member of the council, except when the chair of the governor shall be vacant.

ART. III. Whenever the chair of the governor shall be vacant, by reason of his death, or absence from the Commonwealth, or otherwise, the lieutenant-governor, for the time being, shall, during such vacancy, perform all the duties incumbent upon the governor, and shall have and exercise all the powers and authorities, which, by this constitution, the governor is vested with, when personally present.

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## CHAPTER II.

### SECTION III.

*Council, and the Manner of settling Elections by the Legislature.*

ARTICLE I. There shall be a council for advising the governor in the executive part of the government, to consist of nine persons besides the lieutenant-governor, whom the governor, for the time being, shall have full power and authority, from time to time, at his discretion, to assemble

and call together; and the governor, with the said councillors, or five of them at least, shall and may, from time to time, hold and keep a council, for the ordering and directing the affairs of the Commonwealth, according to the laws of the land. [See Amendments, Article XVI.]

ART. II. Nine councillors shall be annually chosen from among the persons returned for councillors and senators, on the last Wednesday in May, by the joint ballot of the senators and representatives assembled in one room; and in case there shall not be found, upon the first choice, the whole number of nine persons who will accept a seat in the council, the deficiency shall be made up by the electors aforesaid from among the people at large; and the number of senators left, shall constitute the senate for the year. The seats of the persons thus elected from the senate, and accepting the trust, shall be vacated in the senate. [See Amendments, Articles X., XIII., XVI.]

ART. III. The councillors, in the civil arrangements of the Commonwealth, shall have rank next after the lieutenant-governor.

ART. IV. Not more than two councillors shall be chosen out of any one district of this Commonwealth.

ART. V. The resolutions and advice of the council shall be recorded in a register, and signed by the members present; and this record may be called for, at any time, by either house of the legislature; and any member of the council may insert his opinion, contrary to the resolution of the majority.

ART. VI. Whenever the office of the governor and lieutenant-governor shall be vacant, by reason of death, absence, or otherwise, then the council, or the major part of them,

shall, during such vacancy, have full power and authority, to do, and execute, all and every such acts, matters and things, as the governor or the lieutenant-governor might or could, by virtue of this constitution, do or execute, if they, or either of them, were personally present.

ART. VII. And whereas the elections appointed to be made by this constitution, on the last Wednesday in May, annually, by the two houses of the legislature, may not be completed on that day, the said elections may be adjourned from day to day, until the same shall be completed. And the order of elections shall be as follows: the vacancies in the senate, if any, shall first be filled up; the governor and lieutenant-governor shall then be elected, provided there should be no choice of them by the people; and afterwards the two houses shall proceed to the election of the council.

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## CHAPTER II.

### SECTION IV.

#### *Secretary, Treasurer, Commissary, &c.*

ARTICLE I. The secretary, treasurer and receiver-general, and the commissary-general, notaries public, and naval officers, shall be chosen annually, by joint ballot of the senators and representatives, in one room. And, that the citizens of this Commonwealth may be assured, from time to time, that the moneys remaining in the public treasury, upon the settlement and liquidation of the public accounts, are their property, no man shall be eligible as treasurer and receiver-general more than five years successively. [See Amendments, Articles IV., XVII.]

ART. II. The records of the Commonwealth shall be kept in the office of the secretary, who may appoint his deputies,

for whose conduct he shall be accountable, and he shall attend the governor and council, the senate and house of representatives, in person, or by his deputies, as they shall respectively require.

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### CHAPTER III.

#### JUDICIARY POWER.

ARTICLE I. The tenure, that all commission officers shall by law have in their offices, shall be expressed in their respective commissions. All judicial officers, duly appointed, commissioned and sworn, shall hold their offices during good behavior, excepting such concerning whom there is different provision made in this constitution: provided, nevertheless, the governor, with consent of the council, may remove them upon the address of both houses of the legislature.

ART. II. Each branch of the legislature, as well as the governor and council, shall have authority to require the opinions of the justices of the supreme judicial court, upon important questions of law, and upon solemn occasions.

ART. III. In order that the people may not suffer from the long continuance in place of any justice of the peace, who shall fail of discharging the important duties of his office with ability or fidelity, all commissions of justices of the peace shall expire and become void, in the term of seven years from their respective dates; and, upon the expiration of any commission, the same may, if necessary, be renewed, or another person appointed, as shall most conduce to the well-being of the Commonwealth.

ART. IV. The judges of probate of wills, and for granting letters of administration, shall hold their courts at such place or places, on fixed days, as the convenience of the

people shall require; and the legislature shall, from time to time, hereafter appoint such times and places; until which appointments, the said courts shall be holden at the times and places which the respective judges shall direct.

ART. V. All causes of marriage, divorce and alimony, and all appeals from the judges of probate, shall be heard and determined by the governor and council, until the legislature shall, by law, make other provision.

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## CHAPTER IV.

### DELEGATES TO CONGRESS.

The delegates of this Commonwealth to the congress of the United States shall, some time in the month of June, annually, be elected by the joint ballot of the senate and house of representatives, assembled together in one room; to serve in congress for one year, to commence on the first Monday in November then next ensuing. They shall have commissions under the hand of the governor, and the great seal of the Commonwealth; but may be recalled at any time within the year, and others chosen and commissioned, in the same manner, in their stead. [Annulled by the adoption of the Constitution of the United States.]

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## CHAPTER V.

### THE UNIVERSITY AT CAMBRIDGE, AND ENCOURAGEMENT OF LITERATURE, &C.

#### SECTION I.

#### *The University.*

ARTICLE I. Whereas our wise and pious ancestors, so early as the year one thousand six hundred and thirty-six, laid the foundation of Harvard College, in which university many



persons of great eminence have, by the blessing of God, been initiated in those arts and sciences which qualified them for public employments, both in church and state; and whereas the encouragement of arts and sciences, and all good literature, tends to the honor of God, the advantage of the Christian religion, and the great benefit of this, and the other United States of America,—it is declared, that the PRESIDENT AND FELLOWS OF HARVARD COLLEGE, in their corporate capacity, and their successors in that capacity, their officers and servants, shall have, hold, use, exercise and enjoy, all the powers, authorities, rights, liberties, privileges, immunities and franchises, which they now have, or are entitled to have, hold, use, exercise and enjoy; and the same are hereby ratified and confirmed unto them, the said president and fellows of Harvard College, and to their successors, and to their officers, and servants, respectively, forever.

ART. II. And whereas there have been, at sundry times, by divers persons, gifts, grants, devises of houses, lands, tenements, goods, chattels, legacies and conveyances, heretofore made, either to Harvard College in Cambridge, in New England, or to the president and fellows of Harvard College, or to the said college, by some other description, under several charters successively; it is declared, that all the said gifts, grants, devises, legacies and conveyances, are hereby forever confirmed unto the president and fellows of Harvard College, and to their successors, in the capacity aforesaid, according to the true intent and meaning of the donor or donors, grantor or grantors, devisor or devisors.

ART. III. And whereas by an act of the general court of the Colony of Massachusetts Bay, passed in the year one thousand six hundred and forty-two, the governor and deputy-governor, for the time being, and all the magistrates of that jurisdiction, were, with the president, and a number of the clergy in the said act described, constituted the overseers

of Harvard College; and it being necessary, in this new constitution of government, to ascertain who shall be deemed successors to the said governor, deputy-governor, and magistrates; it is declared, that the governor, lieutenant-governor, council and senate of this Commonwealth, are, and shall be deemed, their successors; who, with the president of Harvard College, for the time being, together with the ministers of the congregational churches in the towns of Cambridge, Watertown, Charlestown, Boston, Roxbury and Dorchester, mentioned in the said act, shall be, and hereby are, vested with all the powers and authority belonging, or in any way appertaining, to the overseers of Harvard College; provided, that nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the legislature of this Commonwealth from making such alterations in the government of the said university, as shall be conducive to its advantage, and the interest of the republic of letters, in as full a manner as might have been done by the legislature of the late Province of the Massachusetts Bay.

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## CHAPTER V.

### SECTION II.

#### *The Encouragement of Literature, &c.*

Wisdom and knowledge, as well as virtue, diffused generally among the body of the people, being necessary for the preservation of their rights and liberties; and as these depend on spreading the opportunities and advantages of education in the various parts of the country, and among the different orders of the people, it shall be the duty of legislatures and magistrates, in all future periods of this Commonwealth, to cherish the interests of literature and the sciences, and all seminaries of them; especially the university at Cambridge, public schools, and grammar schools in the

towns; to encourage private societies, and public institutions, rewards and immunities, for the promotion of agriculture, arts, sciences, commerce, trades, manufactures, and a natural history of the country; to countenance and inculcate the principles of humanity and general benevolence, public and private charity, industry and frugality, honesty and punctuality in their dealings; sincerity, good humor, and all social affections and generous sentiments among the people. [See Amendments, Article XVIII.]

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## CHAPTER VI.

OATHS AND SUBSCRIPTIONS; INCOMPATIBILITY OF AND EXCLUSION FROM OFFICES; PECUNIARY QUALIFICATIONS; COMMISSIONS; WRITS; CONFIRMATION OF LAWS; HABEAS CORPUS; THE ENACTING STYLE; CONTINUANCE OF OFFICERS; PROVISION FOR A FUTURE REVISAL OF THE CONSTITUTION, &c.

ARTICLE I. Any person chosen governor, lieutenant-governor, councillor, senator, or representative, and accepting the trust, shall, before he proceed to execute the duties of his place or office, make and subscribe the following declaration, viz. :

“I, A. B., do declare, that I believe the Christian religion, and have a firm persuasion of its truth; and that I am seized and possessed, in my own right, of the property required by the constitution, as one qualification for the office or place to which I am elected.” [See Amendments, Article VII.]

And the governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors, shall make and subscribe the said declaration, in the presence of the two houses of assembly; and the senators and representatives, first elected under this constitution, before the president and five of the council of the former constitution,

and forever afterwards, before the governor and council for the time being.

And every person, chosen to either of the places or offices aforesaid, as also any person appointed or commissioned to any judicial, executive, military, or other office under the government, shall, before he enters on the discharge of the business of his place or office, take and subscribe the following declaration, and oaths or affirmations, viz. :

“I, A. B., do truly and sincerely acknowledge, profess, testify and declare, that the Commonwealth of Massachusetts is, and of right ought to be, a free, sovereign, and independent State; and I do swear, that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the said Commonwealth, and that I will defend the same against traitorous conspiracies and all hostile attempts whatsoever; and that I do renounce and abjure all allegiance, subjection and obedience to the king, queen, or government of Great Britain, (as the case may be,) and every other foreign power whatsoever; and that no foreign prince, person, prelate, state, or potentate, hath, or ought to have, any jurisdiction, superiority, preëminence, authority, dispensing or other power, in any matter, civil, ecclesiastical or spiritual, within this Commonwealth; except the authority and power which is or may be vested by their constituents in the congress of the United States; and I do further testify and declare, that no man, or body of men, hath, or can have, any right to absolve or discharge me from the obligation of this oath, declaration, or affirmation; and that I do make this acknowledgment, profession, testimony, declaration, denial, renunciation and abjuration, heartily and truly, according to the common meaning and acceptation of the foregoing words, without any equivocation, mental evasion, or secret reservation whatsoever. So help me, God.”

“I, A. B., do solemnly swear and affirm, that I will faithfully and impartially discharge and perform all the duties incumbent on me as \_\_\_\_\_, according to the best of my abilities and understanding, agreeably to the rules

and regulations of the constitution, and the laws of the Commonwealth. So help me, God." [See Amendments, Article VI.]

Provided always, that when any person, chosen or appointed as aforesaid, shall be of the denomination of the people called Quakers, and shall decline taking the said oaths, he shall make his affirmation in the foregoing form, and subscribe the same, omitting the words, "*I do swear,*" "*and abjure,*" "*oath or,*" "*and abjuration,*" in the first oath; and in the second oath, the words, "*swear and,*" and in each of them the words, "*So help me, God;*" subjoining instead thereof, "*This I do under the pains and penalties of perjury.*" [See Amendments, Article VI.]

And the said oaths or affirmations shall be taken and subscribed by the governor, lieutenant-governor, and councilors, before the president of the senate, in the presence of the two houses of assembly; and by the senators and representatives first elected under this constitution, before the president and five of the council of the former constitution; and forever afterwards before the governor and council for the time being; and by the residue of the officers aforesaid, before such persons, and in such manner, as from time to time shall be prescribed by the legislature.

ART. II. No governor, lieutenant-governor, or judge of the supreme judicial court, shall hold any other office or place, under the authority of this Commonwealth, except such as by this constitution they are admitted to hold, saving that the judges of the said court may hold the offices of justices of the peace through the State; nor shall they hold any other place or office, or receive any pension or salary from any other state, or government, or power, whatever.

No person shall be capable of holding or exercising at the same time, within this State, more than one of the following offices, viz.: judge of probate—sheriff—register of probate—or register of deeds; and never more than any two offices,

which are to be held by appointment of the governor, or the governor and council, or the senate, or the house of representatives, or by the election of the people of the State at large, or of the people of any county, military offices, and the offices of justices of the peace excepted, shall be held by one person.

No person holding the office of judge of the supreme judicial court—secretary—attorney-general—solicitor-general—treasurer or receiver-general—judge of probate—commissary-general—president, professor or instructor of Harvard College—sheriff—clerk of the house of representatives—register of probate—register of deeds—clerk of the supreme judicial court—clerk of the inferior court of common pleas—or officer of the customs, including in this description naval officers—shall at the same time have a seat in the senate or house of representatives; but their being chosen or appointed to, and accepting the same, shall operate as a resignation of their seat in the senate or house of representatives; and the place so vacated shall be filled up. [See Amendments, Article VIII.]

And the same rule shall take place in case any judge of the said supreme judicial court, or judge of probate, shall accept a seat in council; or any councillor shall accept of either of those offices or places.

And no person shall ever be admitted to hold a seat in the legislature, or any office of trust or importance under the government of this Commonwealth, who shall, in the due course of law, have been convicted of bribery or corruption, in obtaining an election or appointment.

ART. III. In all cases, where sums of money are mentioned in this constitution, the value thereof shall be computed in silver, at six shillings and eight pence per ounce; and it shall be in the power of the legislature, from time to time, to increase such qualifications, as to property, of the

persons to be elected to offices, as the circumstances of the Commonwealth shall require.

ART. IV. All commissions shall be in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, signed by the governor, and attested by the secretary or his deputy, and have the great seal of the Commonwealth affixed thereto.

ART. V. All writs, issuing out of the clerk's office in any of the courts of law, shall be in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts; they shall be under the seal of the court from whence they issue; they shall bear test of the first justice of the court to which they shall be returnable, who is not a party, and be signed by the clerk of such court.

ART. VI. All the laws, which have heretofore been adopted, used and approved, in the Province, Colony, or State of Massachusetts Bay, and usually practiced on in the courts of law, shall still remain and be in full force, until altered or repealed by the legislature; such parts only excepted as are repugnant to the rights and liberties contained in this constitution.

ART. VII. The privilege and benefit of the writ of *habeas corpus* shall be enjoyed in this Commonwealth, in the most free, easy, cheap, expeditious and ample manner; and shall not be suspended by the legislature, except upon the most urgent and pressing occasions, and for a limited time, not exceeding twelve months.

ART. VIII. The enacting style, in making and passing all acts, statutes and laws, shall be—"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same."

ART. IX. To the end there may be no failure of justice, or danger arise to the Commonwealth, from a change of the



form of government, all officers, civil and military, holding commissions under the government and people of Massachusetts Bay, in New England, and all other officers of the said government and people, at the time this constitution shall take effect, shall have, hold, use, exercise and enjoy, all the powers and authority to them granted or committed, until other persons shall be appointed in their stead; and all courts of law shall proceed in the execution of the business of their respective departments; and all the executive and legislative officers, bodies and powers, shall continue in full force, in the enjoyment and exercise of all their trusts, employments and authority, until the general court, and the supreme and executive officers under this constitution, are designated and invested with their respective trusts, powers and authority.

ART. X. In order the more effectually to adhere to the principles of the constitution, and to correct those violations which by any means may be made therein, as well as to form such alterations as from experience shall be found necessary, the general court, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, shall issue precepts to the selectmen of the several towns, and to the assessors of the unincorporated plantations, directing them to convene the qualified voters of their respective towns and plantations, for the purpose of collecting their sentiments on the necessity or expediency of revising the constitution, in order to amendments.

And if it shall appear, by the returns made, that two-thirds of the qualified voters throughout the State, who shall assemble and vote in consequence of the said precepts, are in favor of such revision or amendment, the general court shall issue precepts, or direct them to be issued from the secretary's office, to the several towns, to elect delegates to meet in convention for the purpose aforesaid.

The said delegates to be chosen in the same manner and



proportion as their representatives in the second branch of the legislature are by this constitution to be chosen.

ART. XI. This form of government shall be enrolled on parchment, and deposited in the secretary's office, and be a part of the laws of the land ; and printed copies thereof shall be prefixed to the book containing the laws of this Commonwealth, in all future editions of the said laws.

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## ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT.

ARTICLE I. If any bill or resolve shall be objected to, and not approved by the governor ; and if the general court shall adjourn within five days after the same shall have been laid before the governor for his approbation, and thereby prevent his returning it, with his objections, as provided by the constitution, such bill or resolve shall not become a law, nor have force as such.

ART. II. The general court shall have full power and authority to erect and constitute municipal or city governments, in any corporate town or towns in this Commonwealth, and to grant to the inhabitants thereof such powers, privileges and immunities, not repugnant to the constitution, as the general court shall deem necessary or expedient for the regulation and government thereof, and to prescribe the manner of calling and holding public meetings of the inhabitants in wards or otherwise, for the election of officers under the constitution, and the manner of returning the votes given at such meetings : provided, that no such government shall be erected or constituted in any town not containing twelve thousand inhabitants ; nor unless it be with the consent, and on the application, of a majority of the inhabitants of such

town, present and voting thereon, pursuant to a vote at a meeting duly warned and holden for that purpose : and provided, also, that all by-laws, made by such municipal or city government, shall be subject, at all times, to be annulled by the general court.

ART. III. Every male citizen of twenty-one years of age and upwards, (excepting paupers and persons under guardianship,) who shall have resided within the Commonwealth one year, and within the town or district, in which he may claim a right to vote, six calendar months next preceding any election of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, or representatives, and who shall have paid, by himself or his parent, master, or guardian, any state or county tax, which shall, within two years next preceding such election, have been assessed upon him, in any town or district of this Commonwealth ; and also every citizen who shall be by law exempted from taxation, and who shall be in all other respects qualified as above mentioned, shall have a right to vote in such election of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators and representatives ; and no other person shall be entitled to vote in such elections.

ART. IV. Notaries public shall be appointed by the governor, in the same manner as judicial officers are appointed, and shall hold their offices during seven years, unless sooner removed by the governor, with the consent of the council, upon the address of both houses of the legislature.

In case the office of secretary or treasurer of the Commonwealth shall become vacant from any cause, during the recess of the general court, the governor, with the advice and consent of the council, shall nominate and appoint, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law, a competent and suitable person, to such vacant office, who shall hold the same until a successor shall be appointed by the general court. [See Amendments, Article XVII.]

Whenever the exigencies of the Commonwealth shall require the appointment of a commissary-general, he shall be nominated, appointed and commissioned, in such manner as the legislature may, by law, prescribe.

All officers commissioned to command in the militia, may be removed from office in such manner as the legislature may, by law, prescribe.

ART. V. In the elections of captains and subalterns of the militia, all the members of their respective companies, as well those under, as those above the age of twenty-one years, shall have a right to vote.

ART. VI. Instead of the oath of allegiance prescribed by the constitution, the following oath shall be taken and subscribed by every person chosen or appointed to any office, civil or military, under the government of this Commonwealth, before he shall enter on the duties of his office, to wit:—

“I, A. B., do solemnly swear, that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and will support the constitution thereof. So help me, God.”

*Provided,* That when any person shall be of the denomination called Quakers, and shall decline taking said oath, he shall make his affirmation in the foregoing form, omitting the word “swear,” and inserting, instead thereof, the word “affirm,” and omitting the words “So help me, God,” and subjoining, instead thereof, the words “This I do under the pains and penalties of perjury.”

ART. VII. No oath, declaration or subscription, excepting the oath prescribed in the preceding article, and the oath of office, shall be required of the governor, lieutenant-governor, councillors, senators or representatives, to qualify them to perform the duties of their respective offices.

ART. VIII. No judge of any court of this Commonwealth, (except the court of sessions,) and no person holding any office under the authority of the United States, (postmasters excepted,) shall, at the same time, hold the office of governor, lieutenant-governor, or councillor, or have a seat in the senate or house of representatives of this Commonwealth; and no judge of any court in this Commonwealth, (except the court of sessions,) nor the attorney-general, solicitor-general, county-attorney, clerk of any court, sheriff, treasurer and receiver-general, register of probate, nor register of deeds, shall continue to hold his said office after being elected a member of the Congress of the United States, and accepting that trust; but the acceptance of such trust, by any of the officers aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be a resignation of his said office; and judges of the courts of common pleas shall hold no other office under the government of this Commonwealth, the office of justice of the peace and militia offices excepted.

ART. IX. If, in any time hereafter, any specific and particular amendment or amendments to the constitution be proposed in the general court, and agreed to by a majority of the senators and two-thirds of the members of the house of representatives present, and voting thereon, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be entered on the journals of the two houses, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the general court then next to be chosen, and shall be published; and if in the general court next chosen, as aforesaid, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be agreed to by a majority of the senators and two-thirds of the members of the house of representatives present and voting thereon, then it shall be the duty of the general court to submit such proposed amendment or amendments to the people; and if they shall be approved and ratified by a majority of the qualified voters, voting thereon, at meetings legally warned and holden for that purpose, they shall become part of the constitution of this Commonwealth.

ART. X. The political year shall begin on the first Wednesday of January, instead of the last Wednesday of May; and the general court shall assemble every year on the said first Wednesday of January, and shall proceed, at that session, to make all the elections, and to do all the other acts, which are by the constitution required to be made and done at the session, which has heretofore commenced on the last Wednesday of May. And the general court shall be dissolved on the day next preceding the first Wednesday of January, without any proclamation or other act of the governor. But nothing herein contained shall prevent the general court from assembling at such other times as they shall judge necessary, or when called together by the governor. The governor, lieutenant-governor and councillors, shall also hold their respective offices for one year next following the first Wednesday of January, and until others are chosen and qualified in their stead.

The meeting for the choice of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators and representatives, shall be held on the second Monday of November in every year; but meetings may be adjourned, if necessary, for the choice of representatives, to the next day, and again to the next succeeding day, but no further. But in case a second meeting shall be necessary for the choice of representatives, such meetings shall be held on the fourth Monday of the same month of November. [See Amendments, Article XV.]

All the other provisions of the constitution, respecting the elections and proceedings of the members of the general court, or of any other officers or persons whatever, that have reference to the last Wednesday of May as the commencement of the political year, shall be so far altered, as to have like reference to the first Wednesday of January.

This article shall go into operation on the first day of October, next following the day when the same shall be duly ratified and adopted as an amendment of the constitution; and the governor, lieutenant-governor, councillors, senators,

representatives, and all other state officers, who are annually chosen, and who shall be chosen for the current year, when the same shall go into operation, shall hold their respective offices until the first Wednesday of January then next following, and until others are chosen and qualified in their stead, and no longer; and the first election of the governor, lieutenant-governor, senators and representatives, to be had in virtue of this article, shall be had conformably thereunto, in the month of November following the day on which the same shall be in force and go into operation, pursuant to the foregoing provision.

All the provisions of the existing constitution, inconsistent with the provisions herein contained, are hereby wholly annulled.

ART. XI. Instead of the third article of the bill of rights, the following modification and amendment thereof is substituted:—

As the public worship of God, and instructions in piety, religion and morality, promote the happiness and prosperity of a people, and the security of a republican government; therefore, the several religious societies of this Commonwealth, whether corporate or unincorporate, at any meeting legally warned and holden for that purpose, shall ever have the right to elect their pastors or religious teachers, to contract with them for their support, to raise money for erecting and repairing houses for public worship, for the maintenance of religious instruction, and for the payment of necessary expenses: and all persons belonging to any religious society shall be taken and held to be members, until they shall file with the clerk of said society a written notice declaring the dissolution of their membership, and thenceforth shall not be liable for any grant or contract which may be thereafter made or entered into by such society: and all religious sects and denominations, demeaning themselves peaceably, and as good citizens of the Commonwealth, shall

be equally under the protection of the law; and no subordination of any one sect or denomination to another shall ever be established by law.

ART. XII. In order to provide for a representation of the citizens of this Commonwealth, founded upon the principles of equality, a census of the ratable polls in each city, town and district of the Commonwealth, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the secretary's office, in such manner as the legislature shall provide, within the month of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and in every tenth year thereafter, in the month of May, in manner aforesaid: and each town or city having three hundred ratable polls at the last preceding decennial census of polls, may elect one representative, and for every four hundred and fifty ratable polls, in addition to the first three hundred, one representative more. [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

Any town having less than three hundred ratable polls shall be represented thus: The whole number of ratable polls at the last preceding decennial census of polls, shall be multiplied by ten, and the product divided by three hundred; and such town may elect one representative as many years within ten years, as three hundred is contained in the product aforesaid. [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

Any city or town, having ratable polls enough to elect one or more representatives, with any number of polls beyond the necessary number, may be represented, as to that surplus number, by multiplying such surplus number by ten, and dividing the product by four hundred and fifty; and such city or town may elect one additional representative as many years, within the ten years, as four hundred and fifty is contained in the product aforesaid. [See Amendments, Article XIII.]



Any two or more of the several towns and districts may, by consent of a majority of the legal voters present at a legal meeting in each of said towns and districts, respectively, called for that purpose, and held previous to the first day of July, in the year in which the decennial census of polls shall be taken, form themselves into a representative district, to continue until the next decennial census of polls, for the election of a representative or representatives; and such district shall have all the rights, in regard to representation, which would belong to a town containing the same number of ratable polls. [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

The governor and council shall ascertain and determine, within the months of July and August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, according to the foregoing principles, the number of representatives which each city, town and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of years, within the period of ten years then next ensuing, that each city, town and representative district, may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years within the ten years, such town may elect a representative: and the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the governor and council, and the number of ratable polls in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town and representative district may elect as aforesaid; and when the number of representatives to be elected by each city, town or representative district is ascertained and determined as aforesaid, the governor shall cause the same to be published forthwith for the information of the people, and that number shall remain fixed and unalterable for the period of ten years. [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

All the provisions of the existing constitution inconsistent with the provisions herein contained, are hereby wholly annulled.



ART. XIII. A census of the inhabitants of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the secretary's office, on or before the last day of June, of the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and of every tenth year thereafter; which census shall determine the apportionment of senators and representatives for the term of ten years.

The several senatorial districts now existing, shall be permanent. The senate shall consist of forty members; and in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and every tenth year thereafter, the governor and council shall assign the number of senators to be chosen in each district, according to the number of inhabitants in the same. But, in all cases, at least one senator shall be assigned to each district.

The members of the house of representatives shall be apportioned in the following manner: Every town or city containing twelve hundred inhabitants, may elect one representative; and two thousand four hundred inhabitants shall be the mean increasing number, which shall entitle it to an additional representative.

Every town containing less than twelve hundred inhabitants shall be entitled to elect a representative as many times within ten years, as the number one hundred and sixty is contained in the number of the inhabitants of said town. Such towns may also elect one representative for the year in which the valuation of estates within the Commonwealth shall be settled.

Any two or more of the several towns may, by consent of a majority of the legal voters present at a legal meeting, in each of said towns, respectively, called for that purpose, and held before the first day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and every tenth year thereafter, form themselves into a representative district, to continue for the term of ten years; and such district shall have all the rights in regard to representation, which would belong to a town containing the same number of inhabitants.

The number of inhabitants which shall entitle a town to elect one representative, and the mean increasing number, which shall entitle a town or city to elect more than one, and also the number by which the population of towns, not entitled to a representative every year, is to be divided, shall be increased, respectively, by one-tenth of the numbers above mentioned, whenever the population of the Commonwealth shall have increased to seven hundred and seventy thousand, and for every additional increase of seventy thousand inhabitants, the same addition of one-tenth shall be made, respectively, to the said numbers above mentioned.

In the year of each decennial census, the governor and council shall, before the first day of September, apportion the number of representatives which each city, town and representative district is entitled to elect, and ascertain how many years, within ten years, any town may elect a representative, which is not entitled to elect one every year; and the governor shall cause the same to be published forthwith.

Nine councillors shall be annually chosen from among the people at large, on the first Wednesday of January, or as soon thereafter as may be, by the joint ballot of the senators and representatives, assembled in one room, who shall, as soon as may be, in like manner, fill up any vacancies that may happen in the council, by death, resignation or otherwise. No person shall be elected a councillor who has not been an inhabitant of this Commonwealth for the term of five years immediately preceding his election; and not more than one councillor shall be chosen from any one senatorial district in the Commonwealth. [See Amendments, Article XVI.]

No possession of a freehold, or of any other estate, shall be required as a qualification for holding a seat in either branch of the general court, or in the executive council.

ART. XIV. In all elections of civil officers by the people of this Commonwealth, whose election is provided for by the

constitution, the person having the highest number of votes shall be deemed and declared to be elected.

ART. XV. The meeting for the choice of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators and representatives, shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, annually; but in case of a failure to elect representatives on that day, a second meeting shall be holden, for that purpose, on the fourth Monday of the same month of November.

ART. XVI. Eight councillors shall be annually chosen by the inhabitants of this Commonwealth, qualified to vote for governor. The election of councillors shall be determined by the same rule that is required in the election of governor. The legislature, at its first session after this amendment shall have been adopted, and at its first session after the next State census shall have been taken, and at its first session after each decennial State census thereafterwards, shall divide the Commonwealth into eight districts of contiguous territory, each containing a number of inhabitants as nearly equal as practicable, without dividing any town, or ward of a city, and each entitled to elect one councillor: *provided, however*, that if, at any time, the constitution shall provide for the division of the Commonwealth into forty senatorial districts, then the legislature shall so arrange the councillor districts, that each district shall consist of five contiguous senatorial districts, as they shall be, from time to time, established by the legislature. No person shall be eligible to the office of councillor who has not been an inhabitant of the Commonwealth for the term of five years immediately preceding his election. The day and manner of the election, the return of the votes, and the declaration of the said elections, shall be the same as are required in the election of governor. Whenever there shall be a failure to elect the full number of councillors, the vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as required for filling vacancies in

the senate; and vacancies occasioned by death, removal from the State, or otherwise, shall be filled in like manner, as soon as may be after such vacancies shall have happened. And that there may be no delay in the organization of the government on the first Wednesday of January, the governor, with at least five councillors for the time being, shall, as soon as may be, examine the returned copies of the records for the election of governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors; and ten days before the said first Wednesday in January, he shall issue his summons to such persons as appear to be chosen, to attend on that day to be qualified accordingly; and the secretary shall lay the returns before the senate and house of representatives on the said first Wednesday in January, to be by them examined; and in case of the election of either of said officers, the choice shall be by them declared and published; but in case there shall be no election of either of said officers, the legislature shall proceed to fill such vacancies in the manner provided in the constitution for the choice of such officers.

ART. XVII. The secretary, treasurer and receiver-general, auditor, and attorney-general, shall be chosen annually, on the day in November prescribed for the choice of governor; and each person then chosen as such, duly qualified in other respects, shall hold his office for the term of one year from the third Wednesday in January next thereafter, and until another is chosen and qualified in his stead. The qualification of the voters, the manner of the election, the return of the votes, and the declaration of the election, shall be such as are required in the election of governor. In case of a failure to elect either of said officers on the day in November aforesaid, or in case of the decease, in the mean time, of the person elected as such, such officer shall be chosen on or before the third Wednesday in January next thereafter, from the two persons who had the highest number of votes for said offices on the day in November afore-

said, by joint ballot of the senators and representatives, in one room; and in case the office of secretary, or treasurer and receiver-general, or auditor, or attorney-general, shall become vacant, from any cause, during an annual or special session of the general court, such vacancy shall in like manner be filled by choice from the people at large; but if such vacancy shall occur at any other time, it shall be supplied by the governor by appointment, with the advice and consent of the council. The person so chosen or appointed, duly qualified in other respects, shall hold his office until his successor is chosen and duly qualified in his stead. In case any person chosen or appointed to either of the offices aforesaid, shall neglect, for the space of ten days after he could otherwise enter upon his duties, to qualify himself in all respects to enter upon the discharge of such duties, the office to which he has been elected or appointed shall be deemed vacant. No person shall be eligible to either of said offices unless he shall have been an inhabitant of this Commonwealth five years next preceding his election or appointment.

ART. XVIII. All moneys raised by taxation in the towns and cities for the support of public schools, and all moneys which may be appropriated by the State for the support of common schools, shall be applied to, and expended in, no other schools than those which are conducted according to law, under the order and superintendence of the authorities of the town or city in which the money is to be expended; and such moneys shall never be appropriated to any religious sect for the maintenance, exclusively, of its own schools.

ART. XIX. The legislature shall prescribe, by general law, for the election of sheriffs, registers of probate, commissioners of insolvency, and clerks of the courts, by the people of the several counties, and that district-attorneys shall be

chosen by the people of the several districts, for such term of office as the legislature shall prescribe.

ART. XX. No person shall have the right to vote, or be eligible to office under the constitution of this Commonwealth, who shall not be able to read the constitution in the English language, and write his name : *provided, however,* that the provisions of this amendment shall not apply to any person prevented by a physical disability from complying with its requisitions, nor to any person who now has the right to vote, nor to any persons who shall be sixty years of age or upwards at the time this amendment shall take effect.

ART. XXI. A census of the legal voters of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the office of the secretary of the Commonwealth, on or before the last day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven ; and a census of the inhabitants of each city and town, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of every tenth year thereafter. In the census aforesaid, a special enumeration shall be made of the legal voters, and in each city said enumeration shall specify the number of such legal voters aforesaid residing in each ward of such city. The enumeration aforesaid shall determine the apportionment of representatives for the periods between the taking of the census.

The house of representatives shall consist of two hundred and forty members, which shall be apportioned by the legislature, at its first session after the return of each enumeration as aforesaid, to the several counties of the Commonwealth, equally, as near as may be, according to their relative number of legal voters, as ascertained by the next preceding special enumeration ; and the town of Cohasset, in the county of Norfolk, shall, for this purpose, as well in the formation of districts, as hereinafter provided, be considered a part of the county of Plymouth ; and it shall be the duty of the

secretary of the Commonwealth, to certify, as soon as may be after it is determined by the legislature, the number of representatives to which each county shall be entitled, to the board authorized to divide each county into representative districts. The mayor and aldermen of the city of Boston, the county commissioners of other counties than Suffolk,— or in lieu of the mayor and aldermen of the city of Boston, or of the county commissioners in each county other than Suffolk, such board of special commissioners in each county, to be elected by the people of the county, or of the towns therein, as may for that purpose be provided by law, shall, on the first Tuesday of August next after each assignment of representatives to each county, assemble at a shire town of their respective counties, and proceed, as soon as may be, to divide the same into representative districts of contiguous territory, so as to apportion the representation assigned to each county equally, as nearly as may be, according to the relative number of legal voters in the several districts of each county; and such districts shall be so formed that no town or ward of a city shall be divided therefor, nor shall any district be made which shall be entitled to elect more than three representatives. Every representative, for one year at least next preceding his election, shall have been an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen, and shall cease to represent such district when he shall cease to be an inhabitant of the Commonwealth. The districts in each county shall be numbered by the board creating the same, and a description of each, with the numbers thereof and the number of legal voters therein, shall be returned by the board, to the secretary of the Commonwealth, the county treasurer of each county, and to the clerk of every town in each district, to be filed and kept in their respective offices. The manner of calling and conducting the meetings for the choice of representatives, and of ascertaining their election, shall be prescribed by law. Not less than one hundred members of the house of representatives shall constitute a



quorum for doing business; but a less number may organize temporarily, adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members.

ART. XXII. A census of the legal voters of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the office of the secretary of the Commonwealth, on or before the last day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven; and a census of the inhabitants of each city and town, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of every tenth year thereafter. In the census aforesaid, a special enumeration shall be made of the legal voters, and in each city said enumeration shall specify the number of such legal voters aforesaid, residing in each ward of such city. The enumeration aforesaid shall determine the apportionment of senators for the periods between the taking of the census. The senate shall consist of forty members. The general court shall, at its first session after each next preceding special enumeration, divide the Commonwealth into forty districts of adjacent territory, each district to contain, as nearly as may be, an equal number of legal voters, according to the enumeration aforesaid:—*provided, however,* that no town or ward of a city shall be divided therefor; and such districts shall be formed, as nearly as may be, without uniting two counties, or parts of two or more counties, into one district. Each district shall elect one senator, who shall have been an inhabitant of this Commonwealth five years at least immediately preceding his election, and at the time of his election shall be an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen; and he shall cease to represent such senatorial district when he shall cease to be an inhabitant of the Commonwealth. Not less than sixteen senators shall constitute a quorum for doing business; but a less number may organize temporarily, adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members.



ART. XXIII. No person of foreign birth shall be entitled to vote, or shall be eligible to office, unless he shall have resided within the jurisdiction of the United States for two years subsequent to his naturalization, and shall be otherwise qualified, according to the constitution and laws of this Commonwealth: *provided*, that this amendment shall not affect the rights which any person of foreign birth possessed at the time of the adoption thereof: and *provided, further*, that it shall not affect the rights of any child of a citizen of the United States, born during the temporary absence of the parent therefrom. [See Amendments, Article XXVI.]

ART. XXIV. Any vacancy in the senate shall be filled by election by the people of the unrepresented district, upon the order of a majority of senators elected.

ART. XXV. In case of a vacancy in the council, from a failure of election, or other cause, the senate and house of representatives shall, by concurrent vote, choose some eligible person from the people of the district wherein such vacancy occurs, to fill that office. If such vacancy shall happen when the legislature is not in session, the governor, with the advice and consent of the council, may fill the same by appointment of some eligible person.

ART. XXVI. The twenty-third article of the articles of amendment of the constitution of this Commonwealth which is as follows, to wit: "No person of foreign birth shall be entitled to vote, or shall be eligible to office unless he shall have resided within the jurisdiction of the United States for two years subsequent to his naturalization, and shall be otherwise qualified, according to the constitution and laws of this Commonwealth: *provided*, that this amendment shall not affect the rights which any person of foreign birth possessed at the time of the adoption thereof: and *provided, further*, that it shall not affect the rights of any child of a

citizen of the United States, born during the temporary absence of the parent therefrom," is hereby wholly annulled.

[NOTE.—Soon after the Declaration of Independence, steps were taken in Massachusetts towards framing a Constitution, or Form of Government. The Council and House of Representatives, or the General Court, of 1777-8, in accordance with a recommendation of the General Court, of the previous year, met together as a Convention, and adopted a form of Constitution "for the State of Massachusetts Bay," which was submitted to the people, and by them rejected. This attempt to form a Constitution having proved unsuccessful, the General Court on the 20th of February, 1779, passed a Resolve calling upon the qualified voters to give in their votes upon the questions—Whether they chose to have a new Constitution or Form of Government made, and, Whether they will empower their representatives to vote for calling a State Convention for that purpose. A large majority of the inhabitants having voted in the affirmative to both these questions, the General Court, on the 17th of June, 1779, passed a Resolve calling upon the inhabitants to meet and choose delegates to a Constitutional Convention, to be held at Cambridge, on the 1st of September, 1779. The Convention met at the time and place appointed, and organized by choosing James Bowdoin, President, and Samuel Barrett, Secretary. On the 11th of November the Convention adjourned, to meet at the Representatives' Chamber, in Boston, January 5th, 1780. On the 2d of March, of the same year, a form of Constitution having been agreed upon, a Resolve was passed by which the same was submitted to the people, and the Convention adjourned to meet at the Brattle Street Church, in Boston, June the 7th. At that time and place, the Convention again met and appointed a Committee to examine the returns of votes from the several towns. On the 14th of June the Committee reported, and on the 15th, the Convention resolved, "That the people of the State of Massachusetts Bay have accepted the Constitution as it stands, in the printed form submitted to their revision." A Resolve providing for carrying the new Constitution into effect, was passed, and the Convention then on the 16th of June, 1780, was finally dissolved. In accordance with the Resolves referred to, elections immediately took place in the several towns, and the first General Court of the COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS met at the State House, in Boston, on Wednesday, October 25th, 1780.

The Constitution contained a provision providing for taking, in 1795, the sense of the people as to the expediency or necessity of revising the original instrument. But no such revision was deemed necessary at that time. On the 16th of June, 1820, an Act was passed by the General Court, calling upon the people to meet in their several towns, and give in

their votes upon the question, "Is it expedient that Delegates should be chosen to meet in Convention for the purpose of revising or altering the Constitution of Government of this Commonwealth?" A large majority of the people of the State having voted in favor of revision, the Governor issued a proclamation announcing the fact, and calling upon the people to vote, in accordance with the provisions of the aforesaid Act, for delegates to the proposed Convention. The delegates met at the State House, in Boston, November 15, 1820, and organized by choosing John Adams, President, and Benjamin Pollard, Secretary. Mr. Adams, however, declined the appointment, and Isaac Parker was chosen in his stead. On the 9th of January, 1821, the Convention agreed to fourteen Articles of Amendment, and, after passing a Resolve providing for submitting the same to the people, and appointing a Committee to meet to count the votes upon the subject, was dissolved. The people voted on Monday, April 29, 1821, and the Committee of the Convention met at the State House, to count the votes, on Wednesday, May 24th. They made their return to the General Court, and at the request of the latter, the Governor issued his proclamation on the 5th of June, 1821, announcing that nine of the fourteen Articles of Amendment had been adopted. These articles are numbered in the preceding pages from *one* to *nine*, inclusive.

The *tenth* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the political years, 1829-30, and 1830-31, and was approved and ratified by the people, May 11, 1831.

The *eleventh* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the political years 1832, and 1833, and was approved and ratified by the people, November 11, 1833.

The *twelfth* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1835 and 1836, and was approved and ratified by the people, November 14th, 1836.

The *thirteenth* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1839 and 1840, and was approved and ratified by the people, April 6th, 1840.

The General Court of the year 1851 passed an Act calling a third Convention to revise the Constitution. The Act was submitted to the people, and a majority voted against the proposed Convention. In 1852, on the 7th of May, another Act was passed calling upon the people to vote upon the question of calling a Constitutional Convention. A majority of the people having voted in favor of the proposed Convention, election for delegates thereto took place in March, 1853. The Convention met in the State House, in Boston, on the 4th day of May, 1853, and organized by choosing Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr., President, and William S. Robinson and James T. Robinson, Secretaries. On the 1st of August, this Convention agreed to a form of Constitution, and on the same day,

was dissolved after having provided for submitting the same to the people, and appointed a Committee to meet to count the votes, and to make a return thereof to the General Court. The Committee met at the time and place agreed upon, and found that the proposed Constitution had been rejected.

The *fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth, and nineteenth* Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court during the sessions of 1854 and 1855, and were approved and ratified by the people, May 23, 1855.

The *twentieth, twenty-first, and twenty-second* Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court of 1856 and 1857, and were approved and ratified by the people, May 1st, 1857.

The *twenty-third* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court of 1858 and 1859, and was approved and ratified by the people, May 9th, 1859.

The *twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth* Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court of 1859 and 1860, and were approved and ratified by the people, May 7th, 1860.

The *twenty-sixth* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court of 1862 and 1863, and was approved and ratified, April 6th, 1863.]

CHAPTER CCXLV.

AN ACT to regulate the Times and Manner of holding Elections for Senators in Congress.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the legislature of each State which shall be chosen next preceding the expiration of the time for which any senator was elected to represent said State in Congress, shall, on the second Tuesday after the meeting and organization thereof, proceed to elect a senator in Congress, in the place of such senator so going out of office, in the following manner: Each house shall openly, by a viva voce of each member present, name one person for senator in Congress from said State, and the name of the person so voted for, who shall have a majority of the whole number of votes cast in each house shall be entered on the journal of each house by the clerk or secretary thereof; but if either house shall fail to give such majority to any person on said day, that fact shall be entered on the journal. At twelve o'clock, meridian, of the day following that on which proceedings are required to take place, as aforesaid, the members of the two houses shall convene in joint assembly and the journal of each house shall then be read, and if the same person shall have received a majority of all the votes in each house, such person shall be declared duly elected senator to represent said State in the Congress of the United States; but if the same person shall not have received a majority of the votes in each house, or if either house shall have failed to take proceedings as required by this act, the joint assembly shall then proceed to choose, by a viva voce vote of each member present, a person for the purpose aforesaid, and the person having a majority

of all the votes of the said joint assembly, a majority of all the members elected to both houses being present and voting, shall be declared duly elected; and in case no person shall receive such majority on the first day, the joint assembly shall meet at twelve o'clock, meridian, of each succeeding day during the session of the legislature, and take at least one vote, until a senator shall be elected.

SECT. 2. *And be it further enacted,* That whenever, on the meeting of the legislature of any State, a vacancy shall exist in the representation of such State in the senate of the United States, said legislature shall proceed, on the second Tuesday after the commencement and organization of its session, to elect a person to fill such vacancy, in the manner hereinbefore provided for the election of a senator for a full term; and if a vacancy shall happen during the session of the legislature, then on the second Tuesday after the legislature shall have been organized and shall have notice of such vacancy.

SECT. 3. *And be it further enacted,* That it shall be the duty of the governor of the State from which any senator shall have been chosen as aforesaid, to certify his election, under the seal of the State, to the President of the senate of the United States, which certificate shall be countersigned by the secretary of state of the State. *Approved July 25, 1866.*

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# STATISTICS.

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HISTORICAL, STATE, COUNTY, DISTRICT,  
POST-OFFICE, ETC., ETC., ETC.

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## CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS,

AS ESTABLISHED BY CHAP. 226 OF THE ACTS OF 1862.

[See also Chap. 59 of the Acts of 1866.]

## DISTRICT

- I.—The several towns in the counties of *Barnstable*, *Dukes* and *Nantucket*, together with the cities of New Bedford and Fall River, and the towns of Acushnet, Dartmouth, Fairhaven, Free-town and Westport, in the county of *Bristol*; and the towns of Carver, Duxbury, Halifax, Kingston, Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rochester and Wareham, in the county of *Plymouth*.
- II.—The towns of Attleborough, Berkley, Dighton, Easton, Mansfield, Norton, Raynham, Rehoboth, Seekonk, Somerset, Swansea and Taunton, in the county of *Bristol*; the towns of Abington, Bridgewater, East Bridgewater, Hingham, Hanover, Hanson, Hull, Marshfield, Scituate, South Scituate, North Bridgewater and West Bridgewater, in the county of *Plymouth*; the towns of Braintree, Canton, Cohasset, Milton, Quincy, Randolph, Sharon, Stoughton and Weymouth, in the county of *Norfolk*, and Ward XVI. of the city of Boston, (formerly Dorchester,) in the county of *Suffolk*. [This includes those voters of the town of Hyde Park formerly within the limits of Dorchester and Milton.]
- III.—The town of Brookline, in the county of *Norfolk*; and the territory comprised in the wards numbered five, seven, eight, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen and fifteen, in the city of Boston, in the county of *Suffolk*.
- IV.—The territory comprised in the wards numbered one, two, three, four, six and nine, in the city of Boston, the city of Chelsea, and the towns of North Chelsea and Winthrop, in the county of *Suffolk*; and the city of Cambridge, in the county of *Middlesex*.
- V.—The cities of Lynn, Newburyport and Salem, and the towns of Amesbury, Beverly, Danvers, Essex, Georgetown, Gloucester, Groveland, Hamilton, Ipswich, Lynnfield, Manchester, Marblehead, Middleton, Nahant, Newbury, Rockport, Rowley, Salisbury, Peabody, Swampscott, Topsfield, Wenham and West Newbury, in the county of *Essex*.



## DISTRICT

- VI.—The cities of Lawrence and Haverhill, and the towns of Andover, Boxford, Bradford, Methuen, North Andover and Saugus, in the county of *Essex*; and the city of Charlestown, and the towns of Arlington, Belmont, Billerica, Burlington, Everett, Lexington, Malden, Medford, Melrose, North Reading, Reading, Somerville, Stoneham, Tewksbury, Wakefield, Waltham, Wilmington, Winchester and Woburn, in the county of *Middlesex*.
- VII.—The city of Lowell, and the towns of Acton, Ashby, Ashland, Bedford, Boxborough, Brighton, Carlisle, Chelmsford, Concord, Dracut, Dunstable, Framingham, Groton, Holliston, Hopkinton, Hudson, Lincoln, Littleton, Marlborough, Natick, Newton, Pepperell, Sherborn, Shirley, Stow, Sudbury, Townsend, Tyngsborough, Watertown, Wayland, Westford and Weston, in the county of *Middlesex*; and the towns of Dedham, [including those voters in the town of Hyde Park, formerly included in the town of Dedham,] Dover, Medfield, Needham and West Roxbury, in the county of *Norfolk*.
- VIII.—The city of Worcester, and the towns of Auburn, Blackstone, Boylston, Brookfield, Charlton, Douglas, Dudley, Grafton, Holden, Leicester, Mendon, Milford, Millbury, New Braintree, Northborough, Northbridge, North Brookfield, Oakham, Oxford, Paxton, Rutland, Shrewsbury, Southborough, Southbridge, Spencer, Sturbridge, Sutton, Upton, Uxbridge, Warren, Webster, Westborough, West Boylston and West Brookfield, in the county of *Worcester*; and the towns of Bellingham, Foxborough, Franklin, Medway, Norfolk, Walpole and Wrentham, in the county of *Norfolk*.
- IX.—The several towns in the counties of *Hampshire* and *Franklin*, and the towns of Ashburham, Athol, Barre, Berlin, Bolton, Clinton, Dana, Fitchburg, Gardner, Hardwick, Harvard, Hubbardston, Lancaster, Leominster, Lunenburg, Petersham, Phillipston, Princeton, Royalston, Sterling, Templeton, Westminster and Winchendon, in the county of *Worcester*.
- X.—The city of Springfield, and the several towns in *Hampden County*, and the several towns in *Berkshire County*.

SENATE DISTRICTS,  
AS ESTABLISHED BY CHAP. 120 OF THE ACTS OF 1866.

[Average ratio for the State, 6,189.]

SUFFOLK COUNTY—SIX SENATORS.

- First District.*—Chelsea, North Chelsea, Winthrop, and Ward No. 1, Boston. Legal voters, 6,360.
- Second District.*—Wards Nos. 2, 3 and 6, Boston. Legal voters, 8,697.
- Third District.*—Wards Nos. 4 and 5, Boston. Legal voters, 6,195.
- Fourth District.*—Wards Nos. 8 and 9, Boston. Legal voters, 5,137.
- Fifth District.*—Wards Nos. 10 and 11, Boston. Legal voters, 5,109.
- Sixth District.*—Wards Nos. 7 and 12, Boston. Legal voters, 5,234.

ESSEX COUNTY—FIVE SENATORS.

- First District.*—Lynn, Lynnfield, Marblehead, Nahant, Saugus, and Swampscott. Legal voters, 6,855.
- Second District.*—Danvers, Hamilton, Middleton, Peabody, Salem, Topsfield, and Wenham. Legal voters, 6,215.
- Third District.*—Andover, Boxford, Haverhill, Lawrence, Methuen, and North Andover. Legal voters, 7,111.
- Fourth District.*—Amesbury, Bradford, Georgetown, Groveland, Newbury, Newburyport, Salisbury, and West Newbury. Legal voters, 6,267.
- Fifth District.*—Beverly, Essex, Gloucester, Ipswich, Manchester, Rockport, and Rowley. Legal voters, 6,624.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY—SEVEN SENATORS.

- First District.*—Charlestown. Legal voters, 5,596.
- Second District.*—Arlington, Belmont, Everett, Malden, Medford, Somerville, Waltham, and Watertown. Legal voters, 6,462.
- Third District.*—Cambridge and Brighton. Legal voters, 5,810.
- Fourth District.*—Ashland, Framingham, Holliston, Hopkinton, Natick, Newton, Sherborn, Wayland, and Weston. Legal voters, 6,258.
- Fifth District.*—Acton, Ashby, Boxborough, Carlisle, Concord, Dunstable, Groton, Hudson, Lincoln, Littleton, Marlborough, Pepperell, Shirley, Stow, Sudbury, Townsend, Tyngsborough, and Westford. Legal voters, 5,828.

*Sixth District.*—Bedford, Billerica, Burlington, Lexington, Melrose, North Reading, Reading, Stoneham, Tewksbury, Wakefield, Wilmington, Winchester, and Woburn. Legal voters, 6,014.

*Seventh District.*—Chelmsford, Dracut, and Lowell. Legal voters, 5,967.

#### WORCESTER COUNTY—FIVE SENATORS.

*First District.*—Worcester. Legal voters, 5,880.

*Second District.*—Blackstone, Douglas, Grafton, Mendon, Milford, Northborough, Northbridge, Shrewsbury, Southborough, Upton, Uxbridge, and Westborough. Legal voters, 6,883.

*Third District.*—Auburn, Brookfield, Charlton, Dudley, Leicester, Millbury, Oxford, Southbridge, Spencer, Sturbridge, Sutton, Warren, and West Brookfield. Legal voters, 6,535.

*Fourth District.*—Athol, Barre, Dana, Gardner, Hardwick, Holden, Hubbardston, New Braintree, North Brookfield, Oakham, Paxton, Petersham, Phillipston, Royalston, Rutland, Templeton, and Winchendon. Legal voters, 6,383.

*Fifth District.*—Ashburnham, Berlin, Bolton, Boylston, Clinton, Fitchburg, Harvard, Lancaster, Leominster, Lunenburg, Princeton, Sterling, West Boylston, and Westminster. Legal voters, 6,574.

#### HAMPDEN COUNTY—TWO SENATORS.

*First District.*—Brimfield, Holland, Monson, Palmer, Springfield, Wales, and Wilbraham. Legal voters, 6,306.

*Second District.*—Agawam, Blandford, Chester, Chicopee, Granville, Holyoke, Longmeadow, Ludlow, Montgomery, Russell, Southwick, Tolland, Westfield, and West Springfield. Legal voters, 6,024.

#### HAMPSHIRE, FRANKLIN, AND BERKSHIRE COUNTIES—FOUR SENATORS.

*Hampshire District.*—Amherst, Belchertown, Easthampton, Enfield, Granby, Greenwich, Hadley, Hatfield, Northampton, Pelham, Prescott, South Hadley, Southampton, Ware, Westhampton, and Williamsburg. Legal voters, 6,350.

*Berkshire and Hampshire District.*—Alford, Becket, Egremont, Great Barrington, Lee, Lenox, Monterey, Mount Washington, New Marlborough, Otis, Sandisfield, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, West Stockbridge, Chesterfield, Cummington, Goshen, Huntington, Middlefield, Plainfield, and Worthington. Legal voters, 6,099.

*Berkshire District.*—Adams, Cheshire, Clarksburg, Dalton, Florida, Hancock, Hinsdale, Lanesborough, New Ashford, Peru, Pittsfield, Richmond, Savoy, Washington, Williamstown, Windsor, Hawley, and Monroe. Legal voters, 6,013.

*Franklin District.*—Ashfield, Bernardston, Buckland, Charlemont, Cole-raine, Conway, Deerfield, Erving, Gill, Greenfield, Heath, Leverett, Leyden, Montague, New Salem, Northfield, Orange, Rowe, Shelburne, Shutesbury, Sunderland, Warwick, Wendell, and Whately. Legal voters, 6,987.

NORFOLK AND PLYMOUTH COUNTIES—SIX SENATORS.

*First Norfolk District.*—Brookline, Roxbury, and West Roxbury. Legal voters, 6,235.

*Second Norfolk District.*—Canton, Dedham, Dorchester, Dover, Milton, Needham, and Quincy. Legal voters, 6,094. [The inhabitants of Hyde Park vote with Dorchester, Milton, and Dedham.]

*Third Norfolk District.*—Bellingham, Foxborough, Franklin, Medfield, Medway, Norfolk, Randolph, Sharon, Stoughton, Walpole, and Wrentham. Legal voters, 6,084.

*First Plymouth District.*—Carver, Duxbury, Kingston, Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Plymouth, Plympton, Rochester, and Wareham. Legal voters, 5,973.

*Second Plymouth District.*—Abington, Bridgewater, East Bridgewater, Halifax, Hanson, North Bridgewater, Pembroke, and West Bridge-water. Legal voters, 5,878.

*Norfolk and Plymouth District.*—Cohasset, Hanover, Hingham, Hull, Marshfield, Scituate, South Scituate, Braintree, and Weymouth. Legal voters, 5,904.

BRISTOL COUNTY—THREE SENATORS.

*First District.*—Attleborough, Easton, Mansfield, Norton, Raynham, and Taunton. Legal voters, 6,058.

*Second District.*—Acushnet, Dartmouth, Fairhaven, and New Bedford. Legal voters, 6,272.

*Third District.*—Berkley, Dighton, Fall River, Freetown, Rehoboth, Seekonk, Somerset, Swansea, and Westport. Legal voters, 6,246.

BARNSTABLE, DUKES AND NANTUCKET COUNTIES—TWO SENATORS.

*Island District.*—Barnstable, Falmouth, Sandwich, Chilmark, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, Mashpee, Tisbury, and Nantucket. Legal voters, 4,558.

*Cape District.*—Brewster, Chatham, Dennis, Eastham, Harwich, Orleans, Provincetown, Truro, Wellfleet, and Yarmouth. Legal voters, 5,692.

COUNCIL DISTRICTS,

AS ESTABLISHED BY CHAP. 221 OF THE ACTS OF 1866.

[Each District consists of five Senatorial Districts.]

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- I.—The Island District, Cape District, First Plymouth, Second and Third Bristol Districts.
- II.—The Second Plymouth, First Bristol, Norfolk and Plymouth, Second Norfolk, and Third Norfolk Districts.
- III.—The Sixth Suffolk, First Norfolk, Third Middlesex, Fourth Middlesex, and Second Worcester Districts.
- IV.—The First, Second, Third, Fourth, and Fifth Suffolk Districts.
- V.—The First, Second, Third, Fourth, and Fifth Essex Districts.
- VI.—The First, Second, Fifth, Sixth, and Seventh Middlesex Districts.
- VII.—The First, Third, Fourth, and Fifth Worcester Districts, and the Franklin District.
- VIII.—The Hampshire, First Hampden, Second Hampden, Berkshire, and Berkshire and Hampshire Districts.

## Representative Districts.

### REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICTS,

AS ESTABLISHED by the County Commissioners of the several Counties, other than Suffolk, and the Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Boston, for the County of Suffolk, pursuant to the 21st Art. of Amendments of the Constitution, and chap. 103 of the Acts of 1866; with the number of Legal Voters in each district, (according to the census of 1865,) and the number of Representatives to which said districts are respectively entitled.

[Average ratio for the State, 1,028.]

#### SUFFOLK COUNTY—*Thirty-six Representatives.*

##### DISTRICT

- I.—Boston, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 3,530. Three representatives.
- II.—Boston, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 3,085. Three representatives.
- III.—Boston, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 3,050. Three representatives.
- IV.—Boston, 4th Ward. Legal voters, 3,076. Three representatives.
- V.—Boston, 5th Ward. Legal voters, 3,119. Three representatives.
- VI.—Boston, 6th Ward. Legal voters, 2,660. Three representatives.
- VII.—Boston, 7th Ward. Legal voters, 2,857. Three representatives.
- VIII.—Boston, 8th Ward. Legal voters, 2,877. Three representatives.
- IX.—Boston, 9th Ward. Legal voters, 2,260. Two representatives.
- X.—Boston, 10th Ward. Legal voters, 2,546. Two representatives.
- XI.—Boston, 11th Ward. Legal voters, 2,563. Three representatives.
- XII.—Boston, 12th Ward. Legal voters, 2,337. Two representatives.
- XIII.—Chelsea, North Chelsea, and Winthrop. Legal voters, 2,830. Three representatives.

#### ESSEX COUNTY—*Thirty-two Representatives.*

##### DISTRICT

- I.—Salisbury, Amesbury, and West Newbury. Legal voters, 2,116. Two representatives.
- II.—Haverhill and Bradford. Legal voters, 2,802. Three representatives.
- III.—Lawrence and Methuen. Legal voters, 3,247. Three representatives.
- IV.—Andover and North Andover. Legal voters, 1,240. One representative.
- V.—Georgetown, Groveland, and Boxford. Legal voters, 994. One representative.
- VI.—Newburyport and Newbury. Legal voters, 2,979. Three representatives.

DISTRICT

- VII.—Ipswich and Rowley. Legal voters, 1,002. One representative.  
 VIII.—Gloucester and Essex. Legal voters, 2,902. Three representatives.  
 IX.—Rockport. Legal voters, 915. One representative.  
 X.—Beverly, Manchester, and Hamilton. Legal voters, 1,992. Two representatives  
 XI.—Danvers and Wenham. Legal voters, 1,092. One representative.  
 XII.—Peabody. Legal voters, 961. One representative.  
 XIII.—Salem, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 2,035. Two representatives.  
 XIV.—Salem, 4th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 1,036. One representative.  
 XV.—Marblehead, and Salem, 5th Ward. Legal voters, 2,105. Two representatives.  
 XVI.—Lynn, 4th Ward, and Nahant. Legal voters, 1,079. One representative.  
 XVII.—Lynn, 2d and 5th Wards. Legal voters, 1,220. One representative.  
 XVIII.—Lynn, 3d Ward, and Swampscott. Legal voters, 1,133. One representative.  
 XIX.—Lynn, 1st Ward, 6th Ward, and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 1,146. One representative.  
 XX.—Saugus, Lynnfield, Middleton, and Topsfield. Legal voters, 1,076. One representative.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY—*Forty-one Representatives.*

DISTRICT

- I.—Charlestown, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 1,421. One representative.  
 II.—Charlestown, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 2,015. Two representatives.  
 III.—Charlestown, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 2,160. Two representatives.  
 IV.—Somerville, Malden, and Everett. Legal voters, 3,020. Three representatives.  
 V.—Medford. Legal voters, 1,031. One representative.  
 VI.—Arlington and Winchester. Legal voters, 822. One representative.  
 VII.—Cambridge, 1st and 5th Wards. Legal voters, 1,247. One representative.  
 VIII.—Cambridge, 2d and 4th Wards. Legal voters, 2,661. Three representatives.  
 IX.—Cambridge, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 1,244. One representative.  
 X.—Newton and Brighton. Legal voters, 2,249. Two representatives.  
 XI.—Watertown and Belmont. Legal voters, 908. One representative.

## DISTRICT

- XII.—Waltham. Legal voters, 1,032. One representative.
- XIII.—Natick. Legal voters, 1,099. One representative.
- XIV.—Holliston and Sherborn. Legal voters, 939. One representative.
- XV.—Hopkinton and Ashland. Legal voters, 1,187. One representative.
- XVI.—Framingham. Legal voters, 887. One representative.
- XVII.—Marlborough. Legal voters, 849. One representative.
- XVIII.—Hudson, Stow, Boxborough, and Littleton. Legal voters, 904. One representative.
- XIX.—Acton, Sudbury, and Wayland. Legal voters, 986. One representative.
- XX.—Concord, Littleton, and Weston. Legal voters, 910. One representative.
- XXI.—Lexington, Bedford, Burlington, and Carlisle. Legal voters, 803. One representative.
- XXII.—Woburn. Legal voters, 1,385. One representative.
- XXIII.—Stoneham, Wakefield, and Melrose. Legal voters, 1,947. Two representatives.
- XXIV.—Reading, North Reading, and Wilmington. Legal voters, 1,012. One representative.
- XXV.—Chelmsford, Billerica, and Tewksbury. Legal voters, 1,054. One representative.
- XXVI.—Lowell, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 2,072. Two representatives.
- XXVII.—Lowell, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 836. One representative.
- XXVIII.—Lowell, 4th Ward. Legal voters, 1,174. One representative.
- XXIX.—Lowell, 5th Ward. Legal voters, 1,068. One representative.
- XXX.—Dracut, Tyngsborough, Dunstable, and Westford. Legal voters, 986. One representative.
- XXXI.—Groton and Pepperell. Legal voters, 998. One representative.
- XXXII.—Townsend, Ashby, and Shirley. Legal voters, 1,029. One representative.

WORCESTER COUNTY—*Thirty-one Representatives.*

## DISTRICT

- I.—Ashburnham and Winchendon. Legal voters, 1,119. One representative.
- II.—Royalston and Athol. Legal voters, 1,031. One representative.
- III.—Gardner and Templeton. Legal voters, 1,114. One representative.
- IV.—Petersham, Dana, Phillipston, Hubbardston, Barre, Hardwick, and New Braintree. Legal voters, 2,152. Two representatives.



## DISTRICT

- V.—Westminster, Fitchburg, Lunenburg, and Leominster. Legal voters, 3,034. Three representatives.
- VI.—Lancaster, Bolton, and Harvard. Legal voters, 996. One representative.
- VII.—Clinton, Berlin, and Northborough. Legal voters, 1,058. One representative.
- VIII.—Sterling, West Boylston, and Boylston. Legal voters, 1,020. One representative.
- IX.—Rutland, Holden, Princeton, and Oakham. Legal voters, 1,088. One representative.
- X.—Worcester, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 8th Ward, and Paxton. Legal voters, 2,933. Three representatives.
- XI.—Worcester, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 3,053. Three representatives.
- XII.—Grafton and Shrewsbury. Legal voters, 1,104. One representative.
- XIII.—Westborough and Southborough. Legal voters, 882. One representative.
- XIV.—Northbridge and Upton. Legal voters, 993. One representative.
- XV.—Milford, Mendon, Blackstone, and Uxbridge. Legal voters, 3,180. Three representatives.
- XVI.—Douglas, Webster, Dudley, Oxford, Sutton, and Millbury. Legal voters, 3,164. Three representatives.
- XVII.—Auburn, Leicester, Spencer, Charlton, and Southbridge. Legal voters, 2,127. Two representatives.
- XVIII.—Sturbridge, Brookfield, North Brookfield, West Brookfield, and Warren. Legal voters, 2,157. Two representatives.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY—*Seven Representatives.*

## DISTRICT

- I.—Easthampton, Huntington, Northampton, Southampton, and Westhampton. Legal voters, 2,318. Two representatives.
- II.—Chesterfield, Cummington, Goshen, Middlefield, Plainfield, and Worthington. Legal voters, 1,086. One representative.
- III.—Hadley, Hatfield, and Williamsburg. Legal voters, 1,092. One representative.
- IV.—Amherst, and South Hadley. Legal voters, 1,090. One representative.
- V.—Belchertown, Granby, and Pelham. Legal voters, 1,022. One representative.
- VI.—Enfield, Greenwich, Prescott, and Ware. Legal voters, 1,060. One representative.

HAMPDEN COUNTY—*Twelve Representatives.*

## DISTRICT

- I.—Monson, Brimfield, Holland, and Wales. Legal voters, 1,102. One representative.
- II.—Palmer and Wilbraham. Legal voters, 966. One representative.
- III.—Springfield, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 2,099. Two representatives.
- IV.—Springfield, 4th and 6th Wards. Legal voters, 858. One representative.
- V.—Springfield, 5th Ward, 7th Ward, and 8th Ward. Legal voters, 1,281. One representative.
- VI.—Holyoke, Chicopee, and Ludlow. Legal voters, 2,105. Two representatives.
- VII.—Granville, Southwick, Agawam, West Springfield, and Longmeadow. Legal voters, 1,676. Two representatives.
- VIII.—Westfield. Legal voters, 1,326. One representative.
- IX.—Chester, Blandford, Montgomery, Russell, and Tolland. Legal voters, 917. One representative.

FRANKLIN COUNTY—*Seven Representatives.*

## DISTRICT

- I.—Warwick, Orange, and New Salem. Legal voters, 1,008. One representative.
- II.—Montague, Sunderland, Leverett, Shutesbury, and Wendell. Legal voters, 1,071. One representative.
- III.—Greenfield, Coleraine, Leyden, Bernardston, Gill, Northfield, and Erving. Legal voters, 2,098. Two representatives.
- IV.—Deerfield, Shelburne, Whately, Conway, Ashfield, and Hawley. Legal voters, 2,059. Two representatives.
- V.—Buckland, Charlemont, Heath, Rowe, and Monroe. Legal voters, 979. One representative.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY—*Ten Representatives.*

## DISTRICT

- I.—Hancock, Lanesborough, New Ashford, and Williamstown. Legal voters, 971. One representative.
- II.—Adams, Cheshire, Clarksburg, Florida, and Savoy. Legal voters, 2,243. Two representatives.
- III.—Dalton, Pittsfield, and Richmond. Legal voters, 1,923. Two representatives.
- IV.—Becket, Hinsdale, Peru, Washington, and Windsor. Legal voters, 902. One representative.
- V.—Lenox, Stockbridge, and West Stockbridge. Legal voters, 1,003. One representative.

DISTRICT

- VI.—Lee, Monterey, Otis, and Tyringham. Legal voters, 1,218. One representative.
- VII.—Alford, Egremont, Great Barrington, and Mount Washington. Legal voters, 1,111. One representative.
- VIII.—New Marlborough, Sandisfield, and Sheffield. Legal voters, 1,095. One representative.

NORFOLK COUNTY—(excluding Cohasset)—*Twenty-one Representatives.*

DISTRICT

- I.—Dedham. Legal voters, 1,268. One representative.
- II.—West Roxbury. Legal voters, 991. One representative.
- III.—Roxbury, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 3,485. Three representatives.
- IV.—Roxbury, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 998. One representative.
- V.—\*Dorchester. Legal voters, 1,860. Two representatives.
- VI.—Quincy. Legal voters, 1,276. One representative.
- VII.—Braintree. Legal voters, 777. One representative.
- VIII.—Weymouth. Legal voters, 1,843. Two representatives.
- IX.—Randolph. Legal voters, 1,261. One representative.
- X.—Stoughton. Legal voters, 1,020. One representative.
- XI.—Canton, Milton, Walpole, (including that part of Walpole incorporated into the town of Norfolk,) and Sharon. Legal voters, 1,812. Two representatives.
- XII.—Foxborough, Wrentham, Medway, and Norfolk, excepting those parts of the town formerly belonging to Walpole and Franklin. Legal voters, 2,007. Two representatives.
- XIII.—Franklin, (including that part of Franklin incorporated into the town of Norfolk,) and Bellingham. Legal voters, 818. One representative.
- XIV.—Needham, Medfield, and Dover. Legal voters, 855. One representative.
- XV.—Brookline. Legal voters, 761. One representative.
- [\*The inhabitants of Hyde Park vote with Dorchester, Milton, and Dedham.]

BRISTOL COUNTY—*Eighteen Representatives.*

DISTRICT

- I.—Attleborough. Legal voters, 1,112. One representative.
- II.—Mansfield and Norton. Legal voters, 873. One representative.
- III.—Easton and Raynham. Legal voters, 987. One representative.
- IV.—Taunton. Legal voters, 3,086. Three representatives.
- V.—Seekonk, Rehoboth, Dighton, and Berkley. Legal voters, 1,215. One representative.

## DISTRICT

- VI.—Somerset, Swansea, and Freetown. Legal voters, 1,055. One representative.
- VII.—Fall River. Legal voters, 3,207. Three representatives.
- VIII.—Westport. Legal voters, 769. One representative.
- IX.—Dartmouth. Legal voters, 777. One representative.
- X.—New Bedford, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 2,463. Two representatives.
- XI.—New Bedford, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 2,082. Two representatives.
- XII.—Fairhaven and Acushnet. Legal voters, 950. One representative.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY—(with Cohasset)—*Fifteen Representatives.*

## DISTRICT

- I.—Cohasset and Scituate. Legal voters, 1,064. One representative.
- II.—Hingham and Hull. Legal voters, 931. One representative.
- III.—South Scituate, Hanover, and Hanson. Legal voters, 1,166. One representative.
- IV.—Marshfield, Pembroke, and Halifax. Legal voters, 1,029. One representative.
- V.—Duxbury and Kingston. Legal voters, 985. One representative.
- VI.—Plymouth, Carver, and Plympton. Legal voters, 2,034. Two representatives.
- VII.—Wareham and Marion. Legal voters, 855. One representative.
- VIII.—Mattapoisett, Rochester, and Lakeville. Legal voters, 987. One representative.
- IX.—Middleborough. Legal voters, 1,112. One representative.
- X.—Bridgewater and West Bridgewater. Legal voters, 1,019. One representative.
- XI.—East Bridgewater and North Bridgewater. Legal voters, 2,120. Two representatives.
- XII.—Abington. Legal voters, 1,833. Two representatives.

BARNSTABLE COUNTY—*Eight Representatives.*

## DISTRICT

- I.—Barnstable, Sandwich, Falmouth, Mashpee, and Yarmouth. Legal voters, 3,238. Three representatives.
- II.—Dennis, Harwich, and Brewster. Legal voters, 2,013. Two representatives.
- III.—Chatham and Orleans. Legal voters, 1,075. One representative.
- IV.—Eastham, Wellfleet, Truro, and Provincetown. Legal voters, 2,006. Two representatives.

DUKES COUNTY—*One Representative.*

DISTRICT

I.—Edgartown, Tisbury, Chilmark, Gay Head, and Gosnold. Legal voters, 1,107. One representative.

NANTUCKET COUNTY—*One Representative.*

DISTRICT

I.—Nantucket. Legal voters, 809. One representative.

## VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, IN 1868.

	Grant.	Seymour.		Grant.	Seymour.
<b>BARNSTABLE Co.</b>			<b>BRISTOL Co.</b>		
Barnstable, . . .	432	176	Acushnet, . . .	151	39
Brewster, . . .	131	13	Attleborough, . .	580	228
Chatham, . . .	180	45	Berkley, . . .	124	17
Dennis, . . .	256	18	Dartmouth, . . .	471	51
Eastham, . . .	67	23	Dighton, . . .	248	-
Falmouth, . . .	314	38	Easton, . . .	360	67
Harwich, . . .	292	24	Fairhaven, . . .	324	75
Orleans, . . .	187	31	Fall River, . . .	1,814	694
Provincetown, . .	408	48	Freetown, . . .	153	49
Sandwich, . . .	428	172	Mansfield, . . .	281	76
Truro, . . .	130	16	New Bedford, . .	2,410	633
Wellfleet, . . .	294	25	Norton, . . .	223	65
Yarmouth, . . .	262	18	Raynham, . . .	263	35
<b>Totals, . . .</b>	<b>3,331</b>	<b>647</b>	Rehoboth, . . .	218	65
<b>BERKSHIRE Co.</b>			Seekonk, . . .	103	82
Adams, . . .	956	273	Somerset, . . .	204	13
Alford, . . .	34	49	Swansea, . . .	172	45
Becket, . . .	120	67	Taunton, . . .	1,629	474
Cheshire, . . .	135	166	Westport, . . .	392	16
Clarksburg, . . .	66	18	<b>Totals, . . .</b>	<b>10,125</b>	<b>2,724</b>
Dalton, . . .	104	100	<b>DUKES Co.</b>		
Egremont, . . .	114	105	Chilmark, . . .	44	42
Florida, . . .	82	5	Egartown, . . .	188	38
Gt. Barrington, .	452	234	Gosnold, . . .	18	-
Hancock, . . .	80	53	Tisbury, . . .	186	28
Hinsdale, . . .	148	119	<b>Totals, . . .</b>	<b>436</b>	<b>108</b>
Lanesborough, . .	106	67	<b>ESSEX Co.</b>		
Lee, . . .	349	247	Amesbury, . . .	501	206
Lenox, . . .	150	160	Andover, . . .	572	124
Monterey, . . .	82	44	Beverly, . . .	931	119
Mt. Washington, .	29	11	Boxford, . . .	116	31
New Ashford, . . .	10	27	Bradford, . . .	190	76
New Marlboro', . .	178	158	Danvers, . . .	720	204
Otis, . . .	82	87	Essex, . . .	280	62
Peru, . . .	70	18	Georgetown, . . .	290	150
Pittsfield, . . .	757	805	Gloucester, . . .	1,189	272
Richmond, . . .	66	52	Groveland, . . .	227	94
Sandisfield, . . .	120	141	Hamilton, . . .	122	26
Savoy, . . .	85	40	Haverhill, . . .	1,428	468
Sheffield, . . .	276	228	Ipswich, . . .	441	152
Stockbridge, . . .	178	115	Lawrence, . . .	1,732	1,265
Tyringham, . . .	55	50	Lynn, . . .	2,736	922
Washington, . . .	47	38	Lynnfield, . . .	123	22
W. Stockbridge, . .	174	96	Manchester, . . .	256	53
Williamstown, . .	294	155	Marblehead, . . .	798	653
Windsor, . . .	93	5	Methuen, . . .	353	206
<b>Totals, . . .</b>	<b>5,492</b>	<b>3,782</b>			

	Grant.	Seymour.		Grant.	Seymour.
<i>ESSEX—Con.</i>			<i>HAMPDEN—Con.</i>		
Middleton, . . .	139	25	Chester, . . .	125	61
Nahant, . . .	40	23	Chicopee, . . .	628	424
Newbury, . . .	171	33	Granville, . . .	156	107
Newburyport, . .	1,136	724	Holland, . . .	44	19
North Andover, . .	243	163	Holyoke, . . .	461	353
Peabody, . . .	785	190	Longmeadow, . . .	163	53
Rockport, . . .	587	100	Ludlow, . . .	141	52
Rowley, . . .	149	90	Monson, . . .	294	113
Salem, . . .	2,202	753	Montgomery, . . .	30	35
Salisbury, . . .	452	98	Palmer, . . .	299	116
Saugus, . . .	269	96	Russell, . . .	64	40
Swampscott, . . .	264	44	Southwick, . . .	104	147
Topsfield, . . .	180	84	Springfield, . . .	2,485	1,109
Wenham, . . .	137	60	Tolland, . . .	42	38
W. Newbury, . . .	259	62	Wales, . . .	120	26
			Westfield, . . .	656	515
Totals, . . .	20,018	7,660	W. Springfield, . .	256	94
			Wilbraham, . . .	267	109
<i>FRANKLIN Co.</i>			Totals, . . .		
Ashfield, . . .	234	25		6,760	3,750
Bernardston, . . .	136	46	<i>HAMPSHIRE Co.</i>		
Buckland, . . .	206	56	Amherst, . . .	555	86
Charlemont, . . .	172	18	Belchertown, . . .	342	38
Coleraine, . . .	287	21	Chesterfield, . . .	-	-
Conway, . . .	225	36	Cummington, . . .	196	13
Deerfield, . . .	333	100	Easthampton, . . .	364	48
Erving, . . .	85	19	Enfield, . . .	156	30
Gill, . . .	87	40	Goshen, . . .	70	5
Greenfield, . . .	456	113	Granby, . . .	147	-
Hawley, . . .	120	3	Greenwich, . . .	94	37
Heath, . . .	96	8	Hadley, . . .	324	19
Leverett, . . .	139	26	Hatfield, . . .	171	13
Leyden, . . .	79	24	Huntington, . . .	136	49
Monroe, . . .	38	-	Middlefield, . . .	81	7
Montague, . . .	254	21	Northampton, . . .	1,083	186
New Salem, . . .	165	24	Pelham, . . .	90	18
Northfield, . . .	185	104	Plainfield, . . .	123	2
Orange, . . .	342	72	Prescott, . . .	62	17
Rowe, . . .	77	3	South Hadley, . . .	284	61
Shelburne, . . .	281	12	Southampton, . . .	177	18
Shutesbury, . . .	114	13	Ware, . . .	341	113
Sunderland, . . .	150	14	Westhampton, . . .	86	6
Warwick, . . .	112	50	Williamsburg, . . .	233	38
Wendell, . . .	81	18	Worthington, . . .	153	14
Whately, . . .	126	50			
Totals, . . .	4,580	916	Totals, . . .		
				5,268	818
<i>HAMPDEN Co.</i>			<i>MIDDLESEX Co.</i>		
Agawam, . . .	156	131	Acton, . . .	183	118
Blandford, . . .	128	108	Arlington, . . .	259	154
Brimfield, . . .	140	55	Ashby, . . .	153	43

	Grant.	Seymour.		Grant.	Seymour.
MIDDLESEX-- <i>Con.</i>			NANTUCKET Co.		
Ashland, . . .	258	60	Nantucket, . .	471	46
Bedford, . . .	116	32			
Belmont, . . .	137	81	NORFOLK Co.		
Billerica, . . .	237	45	Bellingham, . .	138	49
Boxborough, . .	40	42	Braintree, . . .	392	313
Brighton, . . .	344	348	Brookline, . . .	526	241
Burlington, . .	46	51	Canton, . . . .	354	253
Cambridge, . . .	3,079	1,982	Cohasset, . . . .	193	85
Carlisle, . . . .	81	44	Dedham, . . . . .	654	400
Charlestown, . .	2,642	1,784	Dorchester, . . .	1,256	424
Chelmsford, . . .	265	115	Dover, . . . . .	90	24
Concord, . . . .	273	74	Foxborough, . . .	402	37
Dracut, . . . . .	238	127	Franklin, . . . .	313	82
Dunstable, . . .	47	69	Hyde Park, . . .	280	132
Framingham, . .	468	217	Medfield, . . . .	156	55
Groton, . . . . .	404	115	Medway, . . . . .	403	114
Holliston, . . . .	382	226	Milton, . . . . .	274	103
Hopkinton, . . .	345	321	Needham, . . . .	301	136
Hudson, . . . . .	277	65	Quincy, . . . . .	703	535
Lexington, . . .	179	124	Randolph, . . . .	553	443
Lincoln, . . . . .	107	16	Sharon, . . . . .	179	66
Littleton, . . . .	135	28	Stoughton, . . . .	524	367
Lowell, . . . . .	3,152	1,594	Walpole, . . . . .	263	98
Malden, . . . . .	809	298	W. Roxbury, . . .	728	391
Marlborough, . .	581	486	Weymouth, . . . .	1,114	289
Medford, . . . .	612	226	Wrentham, . . . .	333	90
Melrose, . . . . .	377	94			
Natick, . . . . .	613	376	Totals, . . . . .	10,129	4,727
Newton, . . . . .	1,200	372			
North Reading, .	142	31	PLYMOUTH Co.		
Pepperell, . . . .	241	71	Abington, . . . .	1,147	292
Reading, . . . . .	410	87	Bridgewater, . . .	321	147
Sherborn, . . . .	156	26	Carver, . . . . .	125	125
Shirley, . . . . .	149	64	Duxbury, . . . .	262	106
Somerville, . . .	849	444	E. Bridgewater, .	389	187
Stoneham, . . . .	519	177	Halifax, . . . . .	92	44
Stow, . . . . . .	187	83	Hanover, . . . . .	233	51
Sudbury, . . . . .	183	97	Hanson, . . . . .	133	46
Tewksbury, . . .	156	52	Hingham, . . . . .	507	230
Townsend, . . . .	296	92	Hull, . . . . . . .	27	20
Tyngsborough, .	80	33	Kingston, . . . . .	206	83
Wakefield, . . . .	523	104	Lakeville, . . . .	167	30
Waltham, . . . . .	762	383	Marion, . . . . .	116	43
Watertown, . . .	346	180	Marshfield, . . . .	229	50
Wayland, . . . . .	161	55	Mattapoisett, . . .	214	9
Westford, . . . .	193	125	Middleborough, . .	574	301
Weston, . . . . .	154	29	N. Bridgewater, . .	885	211
Wilmington, . . .	119	32	Pembroke, . . . .	187	69
Winchester, . . .	286	94	Plymouth, . . . .	794	214
Woburn, . . . . .	727	468	Plympton, . . . .	113	58
			Rochester, . . . .	199	28
Totals, . . . . .	24,694	12,454	Scituate, . . . . .	290	112



	Grant.	Seymour.		Grant.	Seymour .
<b>PLYMOUTH—Con.</b>			<b>WORCESTER—Con.</b>		
South Scituate, . . .	228	71	Leominster, . . .	668	61
Wareham, . . .	244	104	Lunenburg, . . .	168	50
W. Bridgewater, . . .	222	70	Mendon, . . .	157	57
Totals, . . .	7,909	2,701	Milford, . . .	878	451
<b>SUFFOLK Co.</b>			Millbury, . . .	370	84
Boston, . . .	15,446	12,250	New Braintree, . . .	77	20
Chelsea, . . .	1,797	577	Northborough, . . .	243	67
North Chelsea, . . .	91	52	Northbridge, . . .	348	78
Winthrop, . . .	47	68	N. Brookfield, . . .	337	89
Totals, . . .	17,381	12,947	Oakham, . . .	118	15
<b>WORCESTER Co.</b>			Oxford, . . .	277	121
Ashburnham, . . .	301	89	Paxton, . . .	100	28
Athol, . . .	453	52	Petersham, . . .	199	41
Auburn, . . .	103	1	Phillipston, . . .	113	9
Barre, . . .	345	111	Princeton, . . .	155	23
Berlin, . . .	177	16	Royalston, . . .	225	21
Blackstone, . . .	341	402	Rutland, . . .	132	52
Bolton, . . .	287	26	Shrewsbury, . . .	231	64
Boylston, . . .	135	10	Southborough, . . .	218	59
Brookfield, . . .	296	87	Southbridge, . . .	306	124
Charlton, . . .	222	58	Spencer, . . .	338	57
Clinton, . . .	443	107	Sterling, . . .	259	56
Dana, . . .	108	16	Sturbridge, . . .	210	35
Douglas, . . .	169	139	Sutton, . . .	230	110
Dudley, . . .	154	114	Templeton, . . .	343	83
Fitchburg, . . .	1,145	358	Upton, . . .	281	71
Gardner, . . .	331	124	Uxbridge, . . .	271	135
Grafton, . . .	416	120	Warren, . . .	385	61
Hardwick, . . .	179	54	Webster, . . .	321	185
Harvard, . . .	152	98	Westborough, . . .	394	117
Holden, . . .	231	25	W. Boylston, . . .	279	18
Hubbardston, . . .	228	76	W. Brookfield, . . .	211	43
Lancaster, . . .	254	44	Westminster, . . .	274	51
Leicester, . . .	231	47	Winchendon, . . .	431	87
			Worcester, . . .	3,612	1,207
			Totals, . . .	19,860	6,009

## MILEAGE SCHEDULE,

ADOPTED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, FEBRUARY 3, 1869, FOR  
THE PAYMENT OF MILEAGE TO ITS MEMBERS.

## COUNTY OF BARNSTABLE.

	Miles.		Miles.
Barnstable, . . . . .	80	Orleans, . . . . .	100
Brewster, . . . . .	95	Provincetown, . . . . .	125
Chatham, . . . . .	100	Sandwich, . . . . .	65
Dennis, . . . . .	85	Truro, . . . . .	120
Eastham, . . . . .	100	Wellfleet, . . . . .	110
Falmouth, . . . . .	80	Yarmouth, . . . . .	80
Harwich, . . . . .	90		

## COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE.

	Miles.		Miles.
Adams, . . . . .	140	New Ashford, . . . . .	150
Alford, . . . . .	180	New Marlborough, . . . . .	180
Becket, . . . . .	140	Otis, . . . . .	170
Cheshire, . . . . .	160	Peru, . . . . .	150
Clarksburg, . . . . .	145	Pittsfield, . . . . .	150
Dalton, . . . . .	145	Richmond, . . . . .	160
Egremont, . . . . .	180	Sandisfield, . . . . .	180
Florida, . . . . .	135	Savoy, . . . . .	145
Great Barrington, . . . . .	175	Sheffield, . . . . .	185
Hancock, . . . . .	165	Stockbridge, . . . . .	170
Hinsdale, . . . . .	145	Tyringham, . . . . .	160
Lanesborough, . . . . .	155	Washington, . . . . .	145
Lee, . . . . .	165	West Stockbridge, . . . . .	165
Lenox, . . . . .	160	Williamstown, . . . . .	145
Monterey, . . . . .	175	Windsor, . . . . .	155
Mt. Washington, . . . . .	190		

## COUNTY OF BRISTOL.

	Miles.		Miles.
Acushnet, . . . . .	55	New Bedford, . . . . .	55
Attleborough, . . . . .	35	Norton, . . . . .	35
Berkley, . . . . .	40	Raynham, . . . . .	35
Dartmouth, . . . . .	60	Rehoboth, . . . . .	40
Dighton, . . . . .	40	Seekonk, . . . . .	40
Easton, . . . . .	25	Somerset, . . . . .	45
Fairhaven, . . . . .	60	Swansea, . . . . .	50
Fall River, . . . . .	55	Taunton, . . . . .	35
Freetown, . . . . .	50	Westport, . . . . .	65
Mansfield, . . . . .	30		

## DUKES COUNTY.

	Miles.		Miles.
Chilmark, . . . . .	100	Gosnold, . . . . .	100
Edgartown, . . . . .	100	Tisbury, . . . . .	100

COUNTY OF ESSEX.

	Miles.		Miles.
Amesbury, . . . . .	45	Marblehead, . . . . .	20
Andover, . . . . .	25	Methuen, . . . . .	35
Beverly, . . . . .	20	Middleton, . . . . .	25
Boxford, . . . . .	30	Nahant, . . . . .	15
Bradford, . . . . .	35	Newbury, . . . . .	40
Danvers, . . . . .	20	Newburyport, . . . . .	40
Essex, . . . . .	30	North Andover, . . . . .	30
Georgetown, . . . . .	30	Peabody, . . . . .	20
Gloucester, . . . . .	35	Rockport, . . . . .	40
Groveland, . . . . .	35	Rowley, . . . . .	35
Hamilton, . . . . .	25	Salem, . . . . .	20
Haverhill, . . . . .	35	Salisbury, . . . . .	40
Ipswich, . . . . .	30	Saugus, . . . . .	10
Lawrence, . . . . .	30	Swampscott, . . . . .	15
Lynn, . . . . .	10	Topsfield, . . . . .	25
Lynnfield, . . . . .	15	Wenham, . . . . .	25
Manchester, . . . . .	25	West Newbury, . . . . .	30

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN.

	Miles.		Miles.
Ashfield, . . . . .	135	Leyden, . . . . .	120
Bernardston, . . . . .	115	Monroe, . . . . .	140
Buckland, . . . . .	125	Montague, . . . . .	105
Charlemont, . . . . .	130	New Salem, . . . . .	95
Coleraine, . . . . .	125	Northfield, . . . . .	100
Conway, . . . . .	120	Orange, . . . . .	90
Deerfield, . . . . .	115	Rowe, . . . . .	135
Erving, . . . . .	90	Shelburne, . . . . .	125
Gill, . . . . .	105	Shutesbury, . . . . .	115
Greenfield, . . . . .	110	Sunderland, . . . . .	110
Hawley, . . . . .	135	Warwick, . . . . .	95
Heath, . . . . .	135	Wendell, . . . . .	95
Leverett, . . . . .	110	Whately, . . . . .	120

COUNTY OF HAMPDEN.

	Miles.		Miles.
Agawam, . . . . .	100	Montgomery, . . . . .	120
Blandford, . . . . .	120	Palmer, . . . . .	85
Brimfield, . . . . .	85	Russell, . . . . .	120
Chester, . . . . .	130	Southwick, . . . . .	115
Chicopee, . . . . .	105	Springfield, . . . . .	100
Graenville, . . . . .	120	Tolland, . . . . .	125
Holland, . . . . .	90	Wales, . . . . .	100
Holyoke, . . . . .	110	Westfield, . . . . .	110
Longmeadow, . . . . .	105	West Springfield, . . . . .	100
Ludlow, . . . . .	95	Wilbraham, . . . . .	90
Monson, . . . . .	90		

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE.

	Miles.		Miles.
Amherst, . . . . .	100	Easthampton, . . . . .	125
Belchertown, . . . . .	95	Enfield, . . . . .	100
Chesterfield, . . . . .	135	Goshen, . . . . .	125
Cummington, . . . . .	140	Granby, . . . . .	100

## Mileage Schedule.

### COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE—Continued.

	Miles.		Miles.
Greenwich, . . . . .	90	Prescott, . . . . .	90
Hadley, . . . . .	120	South Hadley, . . . . .	115
Hatfield, . . . . .	120	Southampton, . . . . .	120
Huntington, . . . . .	120	Ware, . . . . .	80
Middlefield, . . . . .	135	Westhampton, . . . . .	125
Northampton, . . . . .	115	Williamsburg, . . . . .	125
Pelham, . . . . .	105	Worthington, . . . . .	135
Plainfield, . . . . .	140		

### COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

	Miles.		Miles.
Acton, . . . . .	25	Marlborough, . . . . .	35
Arlington, . . . . .	5	Medford, . . . . .	5
Ashby, . . . . .	50	Melrose, . . . . .	5
Ashland, . . . . .	25	Natick, . . . . .	20
Bedford, . . . . .	20	Newton, . . . . .	10
Belmont, . . . . .	10	North Reading, . . . . .	20
Billerica, . . . . .	20	Pepperell, . . . . .	40
Boxborough, . . . . .	30	Reading, . . . . .	15
Brighton, . . . . .	5	Sherborn, . . . . .	30
Burlington, . . . . .	15	Shirley, . . . . .	40
Cambridge, . . . . .	5	Somerville, . . . . .	5
Carlisle, . . . . .	20	Stoneham, . . . . .	10
Charlestown, . . . . .	5	Stow, . . . . .	30
Chelmsford, . . . . .	30	Sudbury, . . . . .	25
Concord, . . . . .	20	Tewksbury, . . . . .	20
Dracut, . . . . .	35	Townsend, . . . . .	40
Dunstable, . . . . .	40	Tyngsborough, . . . . .	35
Framingham, . . . . .	25	Wakefield, . . . . .	10
Groton, . . . . .	35	Waltham, . . . . .	10
Hopkinton, . . . . .	30	Watertown, . . . . .	10
Holliston, . . . . .	25	Wayland, . . . . .	20
Hudson, . . . . .	35	Westford, . . . . .	30
Lexington, . . . . .	10	Weston, . . . . .	15
Lincoln, . . . . .	20	Wilmington, . . . . .	20
Littleton, . . . . .	30	Winchester, . . . . .	10
Lowell, . . . . .	30	Woburn, . . . . .	10
Malden, . . . . .	5		

### COUNTY OF NANTUCKET.

	Miles.
Nantucket, . . . . .	120

### COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

	Miles.		Miles.
Bellingham, . . . . .	30	Medway, . . . . .	30
Braintree, . . . . .	15	Milton, . . . . .	10
Brookline, . . . . .	5	Needham, . . . . .	15
Canton, . . . . .	15	Quincy, . . . . .	10
Cohasset, . . . . .	25	Randolph, . . . . .	15
Dedham, . . . . .	10	Sharon, . . . . .	20
Dorchester, . . . . .	5	Stoughton, . . . . .	20
Dover, . . . . .	15	Walpole, . . . . .	20
Foxborough, . . . . .	25	West Roxbury, . . . . .	5
Franklin, . . . . .	30	Weymouth, . . . . .	15
Hyde Park, . . . . .	10	Wrentham, . . . . .	25
Medfield, . . . . .	20		

COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH.

	Miles.		Miles.
Abington, . . . . .	20	Marshfield, . . . . .	35
Bridgewater, . . . . .	30	Mattapoisett, . . . . .	55
Carver, . . . . .	45	Middleborough, . . . . .	35
Duxbury, . . . . .	40	North Bridgewater, . . . . .	25
East Bridgewater, . . . . .	25	Pembroke, . . . . .	30
Halifax, . . . . .	30	Plymouth, . . . . .	40
Hanover, . . . . .	25	Plympton, . . . . .	35
Hanson, . . . . .	25	Rochester, . . . . .	50
Hingham, . . . . .	20	Scituate, . . . . .	30
Hull, . . . . .	25	South Scituate, . . . . .	30
Kingston, . . . . .	35	Wareham, . . . . .	50
Lakeville, . . . . .	40	West Bridgewater, . . . . .	25
Marion, . . . . .	50		

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK.

	Miles.		Miles.
Boston, . . . . .	5	North Chelsea, . . . . .	5
Chelsea, . . . . .	5	Winthrop, . . . . .	10

COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

	Miles.		Miles.
Ashburnham, . . . . .	65	Northborough, . . . . .	35
Athol, . . . . .	80	Northbridge, . . . . .	50
Auburn, . . . . .	50	North Brookfield, . . . . .	70
Barre, . . . . .	65	Oakham, . . . . .	60
Berlin, . . . . .	35	Oxford, . . . . .	60
Blackstone, . . . . .	35	Paxton, . . . . .	55
Bolton, . . . . .	30	Petersham, . . . . .	75
Boylston, . . . . .	50	Phillipston, . . . . .	75
Brookfield, . . . . .	65	Princeton, . . . . .	60
Charlton, . . . . .	65	Royalston, . . . . .	80
Clinton, . . . . .	45	Rutland, . . . . .	60
Dana, . . . . .	80	Shrewsbury, . . . . .	40
Douglas, . . . . .	50	Southborough, . . . . .	30
Dudley, . . . . .	60	Southbridge, . . . . .	70
Fitchburg, . . . . .	50	Spencer, . . . . .	65
Gardner, . . . . .	65	Sterling, . . . . .	45
Grafton, . . . . .	40	Sturbridge, . . . . .	70
Hardwick, . . . . .	80	Sutton, . . . . .	55
Harvard, . . . . .	35	Templeton, . . . . .	75
Holden, . . . . .	50	Upton, . . . . .	45
Hubbardston, . . . . .	75	Uxbridge, . . . . .	45
Lancaster, . . . . .	45	Warren, . . . . .	75
Leicester, . . . . .	50	Webster, . . . . .	60
Leominster, . . . . .	50	Westborough, . . . . .	35
Lunenburg, . . . . .	50	West Boylston, . . . . .	50
Mendon, . . . . .	40	West Brookfield, . . . . .	70
Milford, . . . . .	35	Westminster, . . . . .	55
Millbury, . . . . .	45	Winchendon, . . . . .	65
New Braintree, . . . . .	70	Worcester, . . . . .	45

GOVERNORS AND LIEUT. GOVERNORS IN MASS.

CHOSEN ANNUALLY BY THE PEOPLE.

*Governors of Plymouth Colony.*

1620 John Carver.	1638 Thomas Prence.
1621 William Bradford.	1639 William Bradford.
1633 Edward Winslow.	1644 Edward Winslow.
1634 Thomas Prence.	1645 William Bradford.
1635 William Bradford.	1657 Thomas Prence.
1636 Edward Winslow.	1673 Josiah Winslow.
1637 William Bradford.	1681 Thomas Hinckley.*

*Deputy-Governors of Plymouth Colony.*

1680. Thomas Hinckley.†	1682 William Bradford,	to 1686
1681. James Cudworth.	1689 William Bradford,	to 1692

CHOSEN ANNUALLY UNDER THE FIRST CHARTER.

*Governors of Massachusetts.*

{	1629 John Endicott.‡	1645 Thomas Dudley.
	1629 Matthew Cradock.‡	1646 John Winthrop.
	1630 John Winthrop.‡	1649 John Endicott.
	1634 Thomas Dudley.	1650 Thomas Dudley.
	1635 John Haynes.	1651 John Endicott.
	1636 Henry Vane.	1654 Richard Bellingham.
	1637 John Winthrop.	1655 John Endicott.
	1640 Thomas Dudley.	1665 Richard Bellingham.
	1641 Richard Bellingham.	1673 John Leverett.
	1642 John Winthrop.	1679 Simon Bradstreet.
1644 John Endicott.		

\* Mr. Hinckley was Governor till the Union of the colonies in 1692, except during the administration of Andros.

† Previously there was no Deputy-Governor, a Governor *pro tem.* being appointed by the Governor to serve in his absence.

‡ By the Royal Charter, which passed the seals March 4, 1628-9, Matthew Cradock was appointed the first Governor, and Thomas Goffe, Deputy-Governor, both of whom had held the same offices before the Charter was granted. On the 13th of the following May, the same persons were re-chosen under the Charter, but they never came to New England. On the 20th of October, 1629, John Winthrop was chosen Governor and John Humphry Deputy-Governor. On the 30th of April, 1629, John Endicott was appointed in London, to be Governor of the Plantation in New England, and held the office until the arrival of the Governor (Winthrop), in 1630.

*Deputy-Governors of Massachusetts.*

1629 Thomas Goffe,* . . to 1629	1650 John Endicott, . . . to 1651
1629 John Humphry, . . 1629	1651 Thomas Dudley, . . 1653
1629 Thomas Dudley, . . 1634	1653 Richard Bellingham, . 1654
1634 Roger Ludlow, . . . 1635	1654 John Endicott, . . . 1655
1635 Richard Bellingham, 1636	1655 Richard Bellingham, . 1655
1636 John Winthrop, . . . 1637	1655 Francis Willoughby, . 1671
1637 Thomas Dudley, . . . 1640	1671 John Leverett, . . . 1673
1640 Richard Bellingham, 1641	1673 Samuel Symonds, to Oct. 1678
1641 John Endicott, . . . 1644	1678 Oct., Simon Bradstreet, 1679
1644 John Winthrop, . . . 1646	1679 Thomas Danforth, . . 1686
1646 Thomas Dudley, . . . 1650	

AFTER THE DISSOLUTION OF THE FIRST CHARTER.

*Deputy-Governor of Massachusetts.*

1689 Thomas Danforth, to 1692.

APPOINTED BY THE KING UNDER SECOND CHARTER.

*Governors of Massachusetts.*

1692 May, Sir William Phipps.	1730 June, <i>William Tailer.</i>
1694 Nov., <i>William Stoughton.</i> †	1730 Aug., Jonathan Belcher.
1699 May, Richard Coote, Earl of Bellamont.	1741 Aug., William Shirley.
1700 July, <i>William Stoughton.</i>	1749 Sept., <i>Spencer Phips.</i>
1701 July, The Council.	1753 Aug., William Shirley,
1702 June, Joseph Dudley.	1756 Sept., <i>Spencer Phips.</i>
1714-15 Feb., The Council.	1757 April, The Council.
1714-15 March, Joseph Dudley.	1757 Aug., Thomas Pownal.
1715 Nov., <i>William Tailer.</i> ‡	1760 June, <i>Thomas Hutchinson.</i>
1716 Oct., Samuel Shute.	1760 Aug., Sir Francis Bernard, Bart.
1722-23 Jan., <i>William Dummer.</i>	1769 Aug., <i>Thomas Hutchinson.</i>
1728 July, William Burnet.	1771 March, Thomas Hutchinson.
1728 Sept., <i>William Dummer.</i>	1774 May, Thomas Gage.

\* Thomas Goffe never came to New England. John Humphry was elected but did not serve.

† Those whose names are printed in Italics were Acting Governors.

‡ In November, 1715, Elizeus Burgess was proclaimed Governor, he having had the appointment in March, 1714; but he never came over to perform his duties, and resigned the office in 1716.

*Lieut. Governors of Massachusetts.*

1692 Wm. Stoughton, to July, 1701	1730 William Tailer.
1702 Thomas Povey, . . . 1706	1733 Spencer Phips.
1705-6 Jan., vacancy to Oct., 1711	1758 Thomas Hutchinson.
1711 William Tailer.	1770 Andrew Oliver.
1716 William Dummer.	1774 Thomas Oliver.

SINCE THE REVOLUTION.

1774 Oct., a Provincial Congress.		1775 July, The Council.
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UNDER THE CONSTITUTION.

*Governors of Massachusetts.*

1780 John Hancock, . . to 1785	1836 Edward Everett, . . to 1840
1785 James Bowdoin, . . 1787	1840 Marcus Morton, . . 1841
1787 John Hancock, Oct. 8, 1793	1841 John Davis, . . . . 1843
1794 Samuel Adams, . . 1797	1843 Marcus Morton, . . 1844
1797 Increase Sumner, June 7, 1799	1844 George N. Briggs, . . 1851
1800 Caleb Strong, . . . 1807	1851 George S. Boutwell, . 1853
1807 Jas. Sullivan, Dec. 10, 1808	1853 John H. Clifford, . . 1854
1809 Christopher Gore, . 1810	1854 Emory Washburn, . 1855
1810 Elbridge Gerry, . . 1812	1855 Henry J. Gardner, . 1858
1812 Caleb Strong, . . . 1816	1858 Nathaniel P. Banks, . 1861
1816 John Brooks, . . . 1823	1861 John A. Andrew, . . 1866
1823 Wm. Eustis, Feb. 6, . 1825	1866 Alexander H. Bullock, 1869
1825 Levi Lincoln, . . . 1834	1869 William Claflin,
1834 John Davis, Mar. 1, . 1835	

*Lieut. Governors of Massachusetts.*

1780 Thos. Cushing, Feb. 28, 1788	1836 George Hull, . . . to 1843
1788 Benjamin Lincoln, to 1789	1843 Henry H. Childs, . . 1844
1789 <i>Samuel Adams</i> ,* . . 1794	1844 John Reed, . . . . 1851
1794 <i>Moses Gill</i> , May 20, . 1800	1851 Henry W. Cushman, 1853
1801 Sam. Phillips, Feb. 10, 1802	1853 Elisha Huntington, . 1854
1802 Edward H. Robbins, . 1806	1854 William C. Plunkett, 1855
1807 <i>Levi Lincoln</i> ,† . . 1809	1855 Simon Brown, . . . 1856
1809 David Cobb, . . . 1810	1856 Henry W. Benchley, 1858
1810 William Gray, . . . 1812	1858 Eliphalet Trask, . . 1861
1812 William Phillips, . . 1823	1861 John Z. Goodrich, Mar. 29, 1861
1823 Levi Lincoln, Feb., . 1824	1862 John Nesmith, Sept., 1862
1824 <i>Marcus Morton</i> , July, 1825	1863 Joel Hayden, . . . 1866
1826 Thomas L. Winthrop, 1832	1866 William Claflin, . . 1869
1833 <i>Samuel T. Armstrong</i> , 1836	1869 Joseph Tucker,

\* The Lieutenant-Governors whose names are in Italics, were Acting-Governors also during vacancies in the office of Governor.

† General William Heath was elected in 1806, and declined to accept the office.



UNITED STATES SENATORS FROM MASSACHUSETTS,  
FROM 1789 TO 1871.

Caleb Strong, . . . . 1789-96	Tristram Dalton, . . . . 1789-91
Theodore Sedgwick, . . . 1796-99	George Cabot, . . . . 1791-96
Samuel Dexter, . . . . 1799-1800	Benjamin Goodhue, . . 1796-1800
Dwight Foster, . . . . 1800-03	Jonathan Mason, . . . . 1800-03
John Quincy Adams, . . . 1803-08	Timothy Pickering, . . . 1803-11
James Lloyd, . . . . 1808-12	Joseph Bradley Varnum, 1811-17
Christopher Gore, . . . . 1813-16	Harrison Gray Otis, . . . 1817-22
Eli Porter Ashmun, . . . . 1816-18	James Lloyd, . . . . 1822-26
Prentiss Mellen, . . . . 1818-20	Nathaniel Silsbee, . . . . 1826-35
Elijah Hunt Mills, . . . . 1820-27	John Davis, . . . . 1835-41
Daniel Webster, . . . . 1827-41	Isaac Chapman Bates, . . 1841-45
Rufus Choate, . . . . 1841-45	John Davis, . . . . 1845-53
Daniel Webster, . . . . 1845-50	Edward Everett, . . . . 1853-54
Robert Charles Winthrop, 1850-51	Julius Rockwell, . . . . 1854-55
Robert Rantoul, Jr., . . . 1851-51	Henry Wilson, . . . . 1855-
Charles Sumner, . . . . 1851-	

Mr. Wilson's term will expire March 3d, 1871; and Mr. Sumner's term will expire March 3d, 1875.

SECRETARIES.

*List of Persons who have held the office of* SECRETARY  
OF THE COMMONWEALTH,  
FROM 1780 TO 1871.

John Avery, . . . . 1780-1806	John A. Bolles, . . . . 1843-44
Jonathan L. Austin, . . . . 1806-08	John G. Palfrey, . . . . 1844-48
William Tudor, . . . . 1808-10	William B. Calhoun, . . . 1848-51
Benjamin Homans, . . . . 1810-12	Amasa Walker, . . . . 1851-53
Alden Bradford, . . . . 1812-24	Ephraim M. Wright, . . . 1853-58
Edward D. Bangs, . . . . 1824-36	Francis DeWitt, . . . . 1856-58
John P. Bigelow, . . . . 1836-43	Oliver Warner, . . . . 1858-

## T R E A S U R E R S .

*List of Persons who have held the office of* **TREASURER  
AND RECEIVER-GENERAL,**  
FROM 1780 TO 1871.

Henry Gardner, . . . .	1780-83	Hezekiah Barnard, . . . .	1832-37
Thomas Ivers, . . . .	1783-87	David Wilder, . . . .	1837-42
Alexander Hodgdon, . . .	1787-92	Thomas Russell, . . . .	1842-43
Thomas Davis, . . . .	1792-97	John Mills, . . . .	1843-44
Peleg Coffin, . . . .	*1797-1801	Thomas Russell, . . . .	1844-45
Jonathan Jackson, . . .	1802-06	Joseph Barrett, . . . .	1845-49
Thompson J. Skinner, . .	1806-08	Ebenezer Bradbury, . . .	1849-51
Josiah Dwight, . . . .	1808-10	Charles B. Hall, . . . .	1851-53
Thomas Harris, . . . .	1810-11	Jacob H. Loud, . . . .	1853-55
Jonathan L. Austin, . . .	1811-12	Thomas J. Marsh, . . . .	1855-56
John T. Apthorp, . . . .	1812-17	Moses Tenney, Jr., . . .	1856-61
Daniel Sargent, . . . .	1817-22	Henry K. Oliver, . . . .	1861-66
Nahum Mitchell, . . . .	1822-27	Jacob H. Loud, . . . .	1866-71
Joseph Sewall, . . . .	1827-32	Charles Adams, Jr., . . .	1871-

\* Secretary Avery had a warrant to take care of the Treasury on the resignation of Coffin, in 1802.

## A T T O R N E Y - G E N E R A L S .

*List of Persons who have held the office of* **ATTORNEY-  
GENERAL,**

UNDER THE PROVINCE CHARTER.

Anthony Checkley, . . . .	1692-1702	John Overing, . . . .	1739-41
Paul Dudley, . . . .	1702-18	Jeremiah Gridley, . . . .	1742
Thomas Newton, . . . .	1718-21	John Overing, . . . .	1743-48
John Overing, . . . .	1728-32	James Otis, . . . .	1748
John Read, . . . .	1733-35	Edmund Trowbridge, . . .	1749-67
William Brattle, . . . .	1736	Jeremiah Gridley, . . . .	1767
William Brattle, . . . .	1738	Jonathan Sewall, . . . .	1767-69

UNDER THE CONSTITUTION.

Robert Treat Paine, . . . 1780-90	Rufus Choate, . . . . 1853-54
James Sullivan, . . . 1790-1807	John Henry Clifford, . . . 1854-58
Barnabas Bidwell, . . . 1807-10	Stephen Henry Phillips, . 1858-61
Perez Morton, . . . . 1810-32	Dwight Foster, . . . . 1861-64
James T. Austin, . . . 1832-43	Chester I. Reed,† . . . 1864-67
John Henry Clifford, . . *1849-53	Charles Allen, . . . . 1868-

\* The office of Attorney-General was abolished in 1843, and re-established in 1849.

† Resigned during the session of the Legislature of 1867. The vacancy was filled by the election of Charles Allen.

AUDITORS.

*List of Persons who have held the office of* AUDITOR OF ACCOUNTS.

[Established by Act of 1849.]

David Wilder, Jr., . . . 1849-54	Levi Reed,* . . . . . 1861-65
Joseph Mitchell, . . . 1854-55	Julius L. Clarke, . . . 1865-66
Stephen N. Gifford, . . . 1855-56	Henry S. Briggs, . . . 1866-69
Chandler R. Ransom, . . 1856-58	Charles Endicott, . . . 1870-
Charles White, . . . . 1858-61	

\* Resigned December 20, 1865.

SECRETARIES OF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

*List of Persons who have held the office of* SECRETARY OF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

[See Act of 1837.]

Horace Mann, . . . . 1837-43	George S. Boutwell, . . 1855-61
Barnas Sears, . . . . 1843-55	Joseph White, . . . . 1861-

ORGANIZATION OF THE LEGISLATURE,  
FROM 1780 TO 1871.

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The first General Court under the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, assembled at Boston on Wednesday, October 25th, 1780, and was finally prorogued, (having held three sessions) May 19th, 1781. From this time until 1832, the political year commenced on the last Wednesday in May; and the General Court held two, and frequently three sessions during each year. In 1832, by an amendment of the Constitution, the commencement of the political year was changed to the first Wednesday of January.

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SENATE.

PRESIDENTS.

Thos. Cushing, <i>resigned</i> , } 1780-81	Harrison Gray Otis, . . . 1805-06
Jeremiah Powell, . . . }	John Bacon, . . . . . 1806-07
Jeremiah Powell, . . . 1781-82	Samuel Dana, . . . . . 1807-08
Samuel Adams, . . . . . 1782-83	Harrison Gray Otis, . . . 1808-09
Samuel Adams, . . . . . 1783-84	Harrison Gray Otis, . . . 1809-10
Samuel Adams, . . . . . 1784-85	Harrison Gray Otis, . . . 1810-11
Samuel Adams, <i>resigned</i> , } 1785-86	Samuel Dana, . . . . . 1811-12
Samuel Phillips, Jr., . . }	Samuel Dana, . . . . . 1812-13
Samuel Phillips, Jr., . . 1786-87	John Phillips, . . . . . 1813-14
Samuel Adams, . . . . . 1787-88	John Phillips, . . . . . 1814-15
Samuel Phillips, Jr., . . 1788-89	John Phillips, . . . . . 1815-16
Samuel Phillips, Jr., . . 1789-90	John Phillips, . . . . . 1816-17
Samuel Phillips, . . . . . 1790-91	John Phillips, . . . . . 1817-18
Samuel Phillips, . . . . . 1791-92	John Phillips, . . . . . 1818-19
Samuel Phillips, . . . . . 1792-93	John Phillips, . . . . . 1819-20
Samuel Phillips, . . . . . 1793-94	John Phillips, . . . . . 1820-21
Samuel Phillips, . . . . . 1794-95	John Phillips, . . . . . 1821-22
Samuel Phillips, . . . . . 1795-96	John Phillips, . . . . . 1822-23
Samuel Phillips, . . . . . 1796-97	Nathaniel Silsbee, . . . . 1823-24
Samuel Phillips, . . . . . 1797-98	Nathaniel Silsbee, . . . . 1824-25
Samuel Phillips, . . . . . 1798-99	Nathaniel Silsbee, . . . . 1825-26
Samuel Phillips, . . . 1799-1800	John Mills, . . . . . 1826-27
Samuel Phillips, . . . . 1800-01	John Mills, . . . . . 1827-28
David Cobb, . . . . . 1802-03	Sherman Leland, . . . . . 1828-29
David Cobb, . . . . . 1803-04	Samuel Lathrop, . . . . . 1829-30
David Cobb, . . . . . 1804-05	Samuel Lathrop, . . . . . 1830-31

Leverett Saltonstall, . . . . .	1831	Henry Wilson, . . . . .	1851
William Thorndike, . . . . .	1832	Henry Wilson, . . . . .	1852
Benj. T. Pickman, . . . . .	1833	Charles H. Warren, . . . . .	1853
Benj. T. Pickman, . . . . .	1834	Charles Edward Cook, . . . . .	1854
Benj. T. Pickman, <i>deceased</i> , } 1835		Henry W. Benchley, . . . . .	1855
George Bliss, . . . . .		Elihu C. Baker, . . . . .	1856
Horace Mann, . . . . .	1836	Charles W. Upham, . . . . .	1857
Horace Mann, . . . . .	1837	Charles W. Upham, . . . . .	1858
Myron Lawrence, . . . . .	1838	Charles A. Phelps, . . . . .	1859
Myron Lawrence, . . . . .	1839	Charles A. Phelps, . . . . .	1860
Daniel P. King, . . . . .	1840	William Claffin, . . . . .	1861
Daniel P. King, . . . . .	1841	John H. Clifford, . . . . .	1862
Josiah Quincy, Jr., . . . . .	1842	Jonathan E. Field, . . . . .	1863
Phineas W. Leland, <i>resigned</i> , } 1843		Jonathan E. Field, . . . . .	1864
Frederick Robinson, . . . . .		Jonathan E. Field, . . . . .	1865
Josiah Quincy, Jr., . . . . .	1844	Joseph A. Pond, . . . . .	1866
Levi Lincoln, . . . . .	1845	Joseph A. Pond, . . . . .	1867
William B. Calhoun, . . . . .	1846	George O. Brastow, . . . . .	1868
William B. Calhoun, . . . . .	1847	Robert C. Pitman, <i>resigned</i> , } 1869	
Zeno Scudder, . . . . .	1848	George O. Brastow, . . . . .	
Joseph Bell, . . . . .	1849	Horace H. Coolidge, . . . . .	1870
Marshall P. Wilder, . . . . .	1850		

C L E R K S .

William Baker, Jr., . . . . .	1780-84	Samuel F. Lyman, . . . . .	1822
Samuel Cooper, . . . . .	1785-95	Paul Willard, . . . . .	1823-29
Edward McLane, . . . . .	1796-99	Charles Calhoun, . . . . .	1830-42
Edward Paine Hayman, . . . . .	1800	Lewis Josselyn, . . . . .	1843
George Elliot Vaughan, . . . . .	1801-02	Charles Calhoun, . . . . .	1844-50
Wendell Davis, . . . . .	1803-05	Chauncey L. Knapp, . . . . .	1851
John D. Dunbar, . . . . .	1806-07	Francis H. Underwood, . . . . .	1852
Nathaniel Coffin, . . . . .	1808-10	Charles Calhoun, . . . . .	1853-54
Marcus Morton, . . . . .	1811-12	Peter L. Cox, . . . . .	1855-57
Samuel F. McCleary, . . . . .	1813-21	Stephen N. Gifford, . . . . .	1858-

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

S P E A K E R S .

Caleb Davis, . . . . .	1780-81	Tristram Dalton, . . . . .	1784-85
Caleb Davis, <i>resigned</i> , . . . . .	1781-82	Nathaniel Gorham, . . . . .	1785-86
Nathaniel Gorham, . . . . .	1782	Artemas Ward, . . . . .	1786-87
Nathaniel Gorham, . . . . .	1782-83	James Warren, . . . . .	1787-88
Tristram Dalton, . . . . .	1783-84	Theodore Sedgwick, . . . . .	1788-89

132 *Organization of the Legislature.*

David Cobb, . . . . .	1789-90	William B. Calhoun, . . .	1829-30
David Cobb, . . . . .	1790-91	William B. Calhoun, . . .	1830
David Cobb, . . . . .	1791-92	William B. Calhoun, . . .	1831
David Cobb, . . . . .	1792-93	William B. Calhoun, . . .	1832
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1793-94	William B. Calhoun, . . .	1833
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1794-95	William B. Calhoun, . . .	1834
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1795-96	Julius Rockwell, . . . .	1835
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1796-97	Julius Rockwell, . . . .	1836
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1797-98	Julius Rockwell, . . . .	1837
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1798-99	Robert C. Winthrop, . . .	1838
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1799-1800	Robert C. Winthrop, . . .	1839
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1800-01	Robert C. Winthrop, . . .	1840
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1802-03	George Ashmun, . . . . .	1841
John Coffin Jones, . . .	1802-03	Thomas Kinnicut, . . . .	1842
Harrison Gray Otis, . . .	1803-04	Daniel P. King, . . . . .	1843
Harrison Gray Otis, . . .	1804-05	Thomas Kinnicut, <i>resigned</i> ,	1844
Timothy Bigelow, . . . .	1805-06	Samuel H. Walley, Jr., . . .	1844
Perez Morton, . . . . .	1806-07	Samuel H. Walley, Jr., . . .	1845
Perez Morton, . . . . .	1807-08	Samuel H. Walley, Jr., . . .	1846
Timothy Bigelow, . . . .	1808-09	Ebenezer Bradbury, . . .	1847
Timothy Bigelow, . . . .	1809-10	Francis B. Crowninshield, .	1848
Perez Morton, <i>resigned</i> , .	1810-11	Francis B. Crowninshield, .	1849
Joseph Story, . . . . .	1811	Ensign H. Kellogg, . . . .	1850
Joseph Story, <i>resigned</i> , .	1811-12	Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr., . .	1851
Eleazer W. Ripley, . . . .	1812	Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr., . .	1852
Timothy Bigelow, . . . .	1812-13	George Bliss, . . . . .	1853
Timothy Bigelow, . . . .	1813-14	Otis P. Lord, . . . . .	1854
Timothy Bigelow, . . . .	1814-15	Daniel C. Eddy, . . . . .	1855
Timothy Bigelow, . . . .	1815-16	Charles A. Phelps, . . . . .	1856
Timothy Bigelow, . . . .	1816-17	Charles A. Phelps, . . . . .	1857
Timothy Bigelow, . . . .	1817-18	Julius Rockwell, . . . . .	1858
Timothy Bigelow, . . . .	1818-19	Charles Hale, . . . . .	1859
Timothy Bigelow, . . . .	1819-20	John A. Goodwin, . . . . .	1860
Elijah H. Mills, <i>resigned</i> ,	1820-21	John A. Goodwin, . . . . .	1861
Josiah Quincy, . . . . .	1821	Alexander H. Bullock, . . .	1862
Josiah Quincy, <i>resigned</i> , .	1821-22	Alexander H. Bullock, . . .	1863
Luther Lawrence, . . . . .	1822	Alexander H. Bullock, . . .	1864
Levi Lincoln, . . . . .	1822-23	Alexander H. Bullock, . . .	1865
William C. Jarvis, . . . .	1823-24	James M. Stone, . . . . .	1866
William C. Jarvis, . . . .	1824-25	James M. Stone, . . . . .	1867
Timothy Fuller, . . . . .	1825-26	Harvey Jewell, . . . . .	1868
William C. Jarvis, . . . .	1826-27	Harvey Jewell, . . . . .	1869
William C. Jarvis, . . . .	1827-28	Harvey Jewell, . . . . .	1870
William B. Calhoun, . . .	1828-29		

C L E R K S .

Andrew Henshaw, . . . 1780-81	Luther S. Cushing, . . . 1832-43
George Richard Minot, . . 1782-91	Charles W. Storey, . . . 1844-50
Henry Warren, . . . 1792-1802	Lewis Josselyn, . . . . 1851-52
Nicholas Tillinghast, . . . 1803-05	William Schouler, . . . . 1853
Chas. Pinckney Sumner, 1806-07	William Stowe, . . . . 1854
Nicholas Tillinghast, . . . 1808-09	Henry A. Marsh, . . . . 1855
Chas. Pinckney Sumner, 1810-11	W. E. P. Haskell, . . . . 1856
Benjamin Pollard, . . . . 1812-21	William Stowe, . . . . 1857-61
Pelham W. Warren, . . . 1822-31	William S. Robinson, . . . 1862-

134 *Length of Legislative Sessions, etc.*

*Table showing the length of the Sessions of the Legislature, and the No. of Representatives in each year since 1832.*

Year.	Time of Meeting.	Prorogued.	Length of Session.	No. of Reps.
1832, .	January 4.	March 24.	80 days.	528
1833, .	" 2.	" 28.	86 "	574
1834, .	" 1.	April 2.	92 "	570
1835,* .	" 7.	" 8.	92 "	615
1836, .	" 6.	" 16.	102 "	619
1837, .	" 4.	" 20.	107 "	635
1838, .	" 3.	" 25.	113 "	480
1839, .	" 2.	" 10.	99 "	521
1840, .	" 1.	March 24.	84 "	521
1841, .	" 6.	" 18.	72 "	397
1842,* .	" 5.	" 3.	58 "	336
1843, .	" 4.	" 24.	80 "	352
1844, .	" 3.	" 16.	74 "	321
1845, .	" 1.	" 26.	85 "	271
1846, .	" 7.	April 16.	100 "	264
1847, .	" 6.	" 16.	111 "	255
1848,* .	" 5.	May 10.	127 "	272
1849, .	" 3.	" 2.	120 "	263
1850, .	" 2.	" 3.	122 "	297
1851, .	" 1.	" 24.	146 "	396
1852, .	" 7.	" 22.	137 "	402
1853, .	" 5.	" 25.	142 "	828
1854, .	" 4.	April 29.	116 "	310
1855, .	" 3.	May 21.	138 "	380
1856, .	" 1.	June 6.	158 "	329
1857,* .	" 7.	May 30.	144 "	357
1858, .	" 6.	March 27.	81 "	240
1859,* .	" 5.	April 6.	92 "	240
1860,* .	" 4.	" 4.	92 "	240
1861,* .	" 2.	" 11.	100 "	240
1862, .	" 1.	" 30.	120 "	240
1863,* .	" 7.	" 29.	113 "	240
1864, .	" 6.	May 14.	130 "	240
1865, .	" 4.	" 17.	137 "	240
1866, .	" 3.	" 30.	147 "	240
1867, .	" 2.	June 1.	150 "	240
1868, .	" 1.	" 12.	164 "	240
1869, .	" 6.	" 24.	170 "	240
1870, .	" 5.	" 23.	170 "	240

\* There was an extra session of sixty-two days in 1835, to revise the Statutes; one of nine days in 1842, to divide the Commonwealth into Congressional Districts; one of three days in 1843, to choose electors of President and Vice-President; one of eighteen days in 1857, to establish districts for the choice of Councillors, Representatives and Senators; one of one hundred and thirteen days in 1859, to revise the General Statutes; one of fourteen days in 1860, to consider the subject of the disease among the cattle of the Commonwealth; and one of ten days in 1861, to consider the duty of the Commonwealth in relation to public affairs, consequent upon the rebellion: one of eight days in 1863, to provide for raising the quota under the call of the President of the United States of the 17th of October, 1863, for 300,000 men.



## JUDICIARY.

*Judges of the Superior Court of Judicature of the Province of  
Massachusetts Bay, from 1692 to 1775.\**

## CHIEF JUSTICES.

Appointed.	Left the Bench.	Died.
1692. William Stoughton, . . .	1701. Resigned.	1701.
1702. Isaac Addington, . . .	1703. Resigned.	1715.
1708. Wait Still Winthrop, . . .	1717.	1717.
1718. Samuel Sewall, . . .	1728. Resigned.	1730.
1729. Benjamin Lynde, . . .	1745.	1745.
1745. Paul Dudley, . . .	1751.	1751.
1752. Stephen Sewall, . . .	1760.	1760.
1761. Thomas Hutchinson, . . .	1769. Appointed Governor.	1780.
1769. Benjamin Lynde, . . .	1771. Resigned.	1781.
1772. Peter Oliver, . . .	1775. Removed at Revolution.	1791.

## JUDGES.

1692. Thomas Danforth, . . .	1699.	1699.
1692. Wait Still Winthrop, . . .	1701. Resigned.	1717.
1692. John Richard, . . .	1694.	1604.
1693. Samuel Sewall, . . .	1718. Appointed Chief Justice.	1730.
1695. Elisha Cooke, . . .	1702. Removed.	1715.
1700. John Walley, . . .	1712.	1712.
1701. John Saffin, . . .	1702. Removed.	1710.
1702. John Hatherne, . . .	1712. Resigned.	1717.
1702. John Leverett, . . .	1708. Resigned.	1724.
1708. Jonathan Corwin, . . .	1715. Resigned.	1718.
1712. Benjamin Lynde, . . .	1729. Appointed Chief Justice.	1745.
1712. Nathaniel Thomas, . . .	1718. Resigned.	1718.
1715. Addington Davenport, . . .	1736.	1736.
1718. Paul Dudley, . . .	1745. Appointed Chief Justice.	1751.
1718. Edmund Quincy, . . .	1737.	1737.
1729. John Cushing, . . .	1733. Removed.	1737.
1733. Jonathan Remington, . . .	1745.	1745.
1736. Richard Saltonstall, . . .	1756.	1756.
1737. Thomas Greaves, . . .	1738. Temporary appointment.	1747.
1739. Stephen Sewall, . . .	1752. Appointed Chief Justice.	1760.
1745. Nathaniel Hubbard, . . .	1746. Resigned.	1748.
1745. Benjamin Lynde, . . .	1769. Appointed Chief Justice.	1781.
1747. John Cushing, . . .	1771. Resigned.	1775.
1752. Chambers Russell, . . .	1766.	1766.
1756. Peter Oliver, . . .	1772. Appointed Chief Justice.	1791.
1767. Edmund Trowbridge, . . .	1775. Removed at Revolution.	1793.
1771. Foster Hutchinson, . . .	1775. Removed at Revolution.	1799.
1772. Nathaniel Ropes, . . .	1774.	1774.
1772. William Cushing, . . .	1775. Removed at Revolution.	1810.
1774. William Browne, . . .	1776. Removed at Revolution.	1802.

\* The judges died in office, except where otherwise stated.

*Justices of the Superior Court of Judicature, and the Supreme Judicial Court of Massachusetts, since the Revolution.*

## CHIEF JUSTICES.

Appointed.	Left the Bench.	Died.
1775. John Adams, . . . .	1776. Resigned.*	1826.
1777. William Cushing, . . .	1789. Resigned.†	1810.
1790. Nathaniel Peaslee Sargent,	1791.	1791.
1791. Francis Dana, . . . .	1806. Resigned.	1811.
1806. Theophilus Parsons, . .	1813.	1813.
1814. Samuel Sewall, . . . .	1814.	1814.
1814. Isaac Parker, . . . .	1830.	1830.
1830. Lemuel Shaw, . . . .	1860. Resigned.	1861.
1860. George Tyler Bigelow, .	1868. Resigned.	
1868. Reuben Atwater Chapman,		

## JUSTICES.

1775. William Cushing, . . . .	1777. Appointed Chief Justice.	1810.
1775. Nathaniel Peaslee Sargent,	1790. Appointed Chief Justice.	1791.
1775. William Reed, . . . .	1776. Superseded.	1780.
1775. Robert Treat Paine, . .	1776. Superseded.	1814.
1776. Jedediah Foster, . . . .	1779.	1779.
1776. James Sullivan, . . . .	1782. Resigned.	1808.
1777. David Sewall, . . . .	1789. Resigned.‡	1825.
1782. Increase Sumner, . . . .	1797. Elected Governor.	1799.
1785. Francis Dana, . . . .	1791. Appointed Chief Justice.	1811.
1790. Robert Treat Paine, . .	1804. Resigned.	1814.
1790. Nathan Cushing, . . . .	1800. Resigned.	1812.
1792. Thomas Dawes, . . . .	1802. Resigned.	1825.
1797. Theophilus Barry, . . .	1803. Removed.	1803.
1800. Samuel Sewall, . . . .	1814. Appointed Chief Justice.	1814.
1801. Simeon Strong, . . . .	1805.	1805.
1801. George Thacher, . . . .	1824. Resigned.	1824.
1802. Theodore Sedgwick, . .	1813.	1813.

\* Mr. Adams never took his seat on the Bench.

† Chief Justice Cushing resigned on being appointed one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States.

‡ Mr. Justice Sewall resigned on being appointed Judge of the United States District Court for the District of Maine.

Appointed.	Left the Bench.	Died.
1806. Isaac Parker, . . . . .	1814. Appointed Chief Justice.	1830.
1813. Charles Jackson, . . . . .	1823. Resigned.	1855.
1814. Daniel Dewey, . . . . .	1815.	1815.
1814. Samuel Putnam, . . . . .	1842. Resigned.	1853.
1815. Samuel Sumner Wilde, . . . . .	1850. Resigned.	1855.
1824. Levi Lincoln, . . . . .	1825. Elected Governor.	1868.
1825. Marcus Morton, . . . . .	1840. Elected Governor.	1864.
1837. Charles Augustus Dewey,	1866.	1866.
1842. Samuel Hubbard, . . . . .	1847.	1847.
1848. Charles Edward Forbes, . . . . .	1848. Resigned.	
1848. Theron Metcalf, . . . . .	1865. Resigned.	
1848. Richard Fletcher, . . . . .	1853. Resigned.	1869.
1850. George Tyler Bigelow, . . . . .	1860. Appointed Chief Justice.	
1852. Caleb Cushing, . . . . .	1853. Resigned.*	
1853. Benj. Franklin Thomas, . . . . .	1859. Resigned.	
1853. Pliny Merrick, . . . . .	1864. Resigned.	1867.
1859. Ebenezer Rockwood Hoar,	1869. Resigned *	
1860. Reuben Atwater Chapman,	1868. Appointed Chief Justice.	
1864. Horace Gray, Jr., . . . . .		
1865. James Denison Colt, . . . . .	1866. Resigned.	
1866. Dwight Foster, . . . . .	1869. Resigned.	
1866. John Wells.		
1868. James Denison Colt.		
1869. Seth Ames.		
1869. Marcus Morton.		

\* Mr. Justice Cushing and Mr. Justice Hoar resigned on being appointed to the office of Attorney-General of the United States.

*Justices of the Court of Common Pleas from its establishment in  
1820, until its abolition in 1859.*

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CHIEF JUSTICES.

Appointed.	Left the Bench.	Died.
1820. Artemas Ward, . . . .	1839. Resigned.	1847.
1839. John Mason Williams, . .	1844. Resigned.	1868.
1844. Daniel Wells, . . . . .	1854.	1854.
1854. Edward Mellen, . . . . .	1859.	

JUSTICES.

1820. Solomon Strong, . . . . .	1842. Resigned.	1850.
1820. John Mason Williams, . .	1839. Appointed Chief Justice.	1868.
1820. Samuel Howe, . . . . .	1828.	1828.
1828. David Cummins, . . . . .	1844. Resigned.	1855.
1839. Charles Henry Warren, .	1844. Resigned.	
1842. Charles Allen, . . . . .	1844. Resigned.	1869.
1843. Pliny Merrick, . . . . .	1848. Resigned.	1867.
1844. Joshua Holyoke Ward, . .	1848.	1848.
1844. Emory Washburn, . . . .	1847. Resigned.	
1844. Luther Stearns Cushing, .	1848. Resigned.	1856.
1845. Harrison Gray Otis Colby, .	1847. Resigned.	1853.
1847. Charles Edward Forbes, .	1848. Appointed to Supreme Court.	
1847. Edward Mellen, . . . . .	1854. Appointed Chief Justice.	
1848. George Tyler Bigelow, . .	1850. Appointed to Supreme Court.	
1848. Jonathan Coggsweil Perkins,	1859.	
1848. Horatio Byington, . . . .	1856.	1856.
1848. Thomas Hopkinson, . . . .	1849. Resigned.	1856.
1849. Ebenezer Rockwood Hoar,	1855. Resigned.	
1850. Pliny Merrick, . . . . .	1853. Appointed to Sup. Ct.	1867.
1851. Henry Walker Bishop, . .	1859.	
1853. George Nixon Briggs, . . .	1859.	1861.
1854. George Partridge Sanger, .	1859.	
1855. Henry Morris, . . . . .	1859.	
1856. David Aiken, . . . . .	1859.	

*Justices of the Superior Court since its establishment in 1859.*

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CHIEF JUSTICES.

Appointed.	Left the Bench.	Died.
1859. Charles Allen, . . . . .	1867. Resigned.	1869.
1867. Seth Ames, . . . . .	1869. Appointed to Supreme Court.	
1869. Lincoln Flagg Brigham.		

JUSTICES.

1859. Julius Rockwell.		
1859. Otis Phillips Lord.		
1859. Marcus Morton, Jr., . . . . .	1869. Appointed to Supreme Court.	
1859. Seth Ames, . . . . .	1867. Appointed Chief Justice.	
1859. Ezra Wilkinson.		
1859. Henry Vose, . . . . .	1869.	1869.
1859. Thomas Russell, . . . . .	1867. Resigned.	
1859. John Phelps Putnam.		
1859. Lincoln Flagg Brigham, . . . . .	1869. Appointed Chief Justice.	
1867. Chester Isham Reed.		
1867. Charles Devens, Jr.		
1869. Henry Austin Scudder.		
1869. Francis Henshaw Dewey.		
1869. Robert Carter Pitman.		

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PRESENT ORGANIZATION OF THE COURTS.

[All judges in the Commonwealth are appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, and hold office during good behavior.]

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*Supreme Judicial Court.*

Reuben A. Chapman, of Monson, <i>Chief Justice,</i>	. . . . .	Salary \$5,500
Horace Gray, Jr., of Boston, <i>Justice,</i>	. . . . .	" 5,000
John Wells, of Brookline,	" . . . . .	" "
James D. Colt, of Pittsfield,	" . . . . .	" "
Seth Ames, of Brookline,	" . . . . .	" "
Marcus Morton, of Andover,	" . . . . .	" "

*Superior Court.*

Lincoln F. Brigham, of Salem, <i>Chief Justice</i> ,	. . . .	Salary \$4,500
Julius Rockwell, of Lenox, <i>Justice</i> ,	. . . .	" 4,200
Otis P. Lord, of Salem,	" . . . .	" "
Ezra Wilkinson, of Dedham,	" . . . .	" "
John P. Putnam, of Boston,	" . . . .	" "
Chester I. Reed, of Dedham,	" . . . .	" "
Charles Devens, Jr., of Worcester,	" . . . .	" "
Henry A. Scudder, of Boston,	" . . . .	" "
Francis H. Dewey, of Worcester,	" . . . .	" "
Robert C. Pitman, of New Bedford,	" . . . .	" "

*Probate Courts and Courts of Insolvency.*

There is a PROBATE COURT and COURT OF INSOLVENCY in each county, distinct in their jurisdiction, powers, proceedings and practice, but having the same judge and register. These courts are held by the judge of probate and insolvency appointed for the county, but the judges of the several counties may in case of necessity or convenience interchange services and perform each others' duties.

The names of the judges, registers, and assistant-registers may be found among the list of County Officers.

*Police Courts and Municipal Courts.*

BOSTON.—(Municipal Court.) John W. Bacon, *Chief Justice*. Mellen Chamberlain, Francis W. Hurd, *Associate Justices*. Salary, \$3,000 each. Joseph M. Churchill, *Special Justice*. *Clerks*, William T. Connolly, civil side; salary, \$2,500. John C. Leighton, criminal side, \$2,500. SOUTHERN DISTRICT.—*Justice*, Peter S. Wheelock; salary, \$1,500. *Special Justices*, Ira Allen, Solomon A. Bolster. *Clerk*, Alfred Williams; salary, \$1,000. DORCHESTER DISTRICT.—*Justice*, Joseph R. Churchill; salary, \$1,200. *Special Justice*, George M. Reed.

CAMBRIDGE.—*Justice*, John S. Ladd; salary, \$1,500. *Special Justices*, John W. Hammond, H. W. Muzzey. *Clerk*, Thomas McIntire, Jr; salary, \$800.

CHARLESTOWN.—*Justice*, George W. Warren; salary, \$1,200. *Special Justices*, Charles D. Dunton, John W. Pettengill. *Clerk*, Andrew J. Bailey; salary, \$500.

CHELSEA.—*Justice*, Hamlet Bates; salary, \$1,300. *Special Justices*, Erastus Rugg, Hosea Hlsley.

CHICOPEE.—*Justice*, Edwin O. Carter; salary, \$900. *Special Justice*, Simon G. Southworth.

FALL RIVER.—*Justice*, Louis Lapham; salary, \$1,000. *Special Justice*, James Ford. *Clerk*, Augustus B. Leonard; salary, \$500.

FITCHBURG.—*Justice*, Thornton K. Ware; salary, \$1,300. *Special Justices*, David H. Merriam, Edward P. Loring.

GLOUCESTER.—*Justice*, James Davis; salary, \$800. *Special Justice*, Elbridge G. Friend.

HAVERTHILL.—*Justice*, Henry Carter; salary, \$1,200. *Special Justices*, Alfred Kittredge, William E. Blunt. *Clerk*, Joseph K. Jenness; salary, \$600.

LAWRENCE.—*Justice*, William Stevens; salary, \$1,500. *Special Justices*, William H. P. Wright, Gilbert E. Hood. *Clerk*, Charles E. Briggs; salary, \$800.

LEE.—*Justice*, Isaac C. Ives; salary, \$400. *Special Justices*, James Bullard, Franklin W. Gibbs.

LOWELL.—*Justice*, Nathan Crosby; salary, \$2,200. *Special Justices*, George Stevens, John Davis. *Clerk*, Samuel P. Hadley; salary, \$1,000.

LYNN.—*Justice*, James R. Newhall; salary, \$1,000. *Special Justice*, Nathan M. Hawkes. *Clerk*, Henry C. Oliver; salary, \$600.

MILFORD.—*Justice*, Charles A. Dewey; salary, \$1,000. *Special Justices*, James R. Davis, Elias Whitney.

NEW BEDFORD.—*Justice*, Alanson Borden; salary, \$1,500. *Special Justices*, Edmund Anthony, W. W. Crapo. *Clerk*, Francis L. Porter; salary, \$800.

NEWBURYPORT.—*Justice*, William E. Currier; salary, \$900. *Special Justices*, Henry W. Chapman, John N. Pike. *Clerk*, Edward W. Rand; salary, \$500.

DISTRICT COURT OF CENTRAL BERKSHIRE, (at Pittsfield.)—*Justice*, Henry S. Briggs; salary, \$1,600. *Special Justices*, John Tatlock, Pittsfield; Lyman Paine, Hinsdale. *Clerk*, Walter B. Smith, Pittsfield; salary, \$600.

DISTRICT COURT OF NORTHERN BERKSHIRE, (at Adams.)—*Justice*, Jarvis Rockwell; salary, \$1,200. *Special Justice*, Frederick P. Brown. *Clerk*, Charles W. Van DeMark; salary, \$400.

DISTRICT COURT OF SOUTHERN BERKSHIRE, (at Great Barrington.)—*Justice*, Increase Sumner; salary, \$1,200. *Special Justices*, James Bradford, Rensselaer N. Couch.

SALEM.—*Justice*, Joseph G. Waters; salary, \$1,500. *Special Justices*, Stephen P. Webb, J. B. F. Osgood. *Clerk*, Samuel P. Andrews; salary, \$900.

SPRINGFIELD.—*Justice*, James H. Morton; salary, \$2,000. *Special Justices*, Charles A. Winchester, Edward Morris.

TAUNTON.—(Municipal Court.) *Justice*, William H. Fox; salary, \$1,200. *Special Justice*, William E. Fuller. *Clerk*, James P. Ellis; salary, \$800.

WILLIAMSTOWN.—*Justice*, John R. Bulkley; salary, \$300. *Special Justices*, Andrew M. Smith, Henry L. Sabin.

WORCESTER.—(Municipal Court.) *Justice*, Hartley Williams; salary, \$2,000. *Special Justice*, Joseph A. Titus. *Clerk*, Clark Jillson; salary, \$1,200.

*District-Attorneys.*

[Elected by the several Districts for terms of three years, ending January, 1872.]

NORTHERN DISTRICT.—Middlesex County, Isaac S. Morse, of Cambridge. Salary, \$1,500.

EASTERN DISTRICT.—Essex County, Edgar J. Sherman, of Lawrence. Salary, \$1,500.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT.—Bristol, Barnstable, Dukes and Nantucket Counties, George Marston, of New Bedford. Salary, \$1,500.

SOUTH-EASTERN DISTRICT.—Norfolk and Plymouth Counties, Asa French, of Braintree. Salary, \$1,500.

MIDDLE DISTRICT.—Worcester County, William W. Rice, of Worcester. Salary, \$1,500.

WESTERN DISTRICT.—Hampden and Berkshire Counties, Edward B. Gillett, of Westfield. Salary, \$1,500.

NORTH-WESTERN DISTRICT.—Hampshire and Franklin Counties, Samuel T. Spaulding, of Northampton. Salary, \$1,000.

SUFFOLK COUNTY.—J. Wilder May, of Boston. Salary, \$5,000. Moorfield Storey, Assistant-Attorney. Salary, \$2,100.

## COUNTY OFFICERS.

Sheriffs, Registers of Deeds and County Treasurers, are elected by the people of the several Counties for terms of *three* years. The current triennial term of Sheriffs expires on the first Wednesday of January, 1872, and that of Registers of Deeds and County Treasurers, in January, 1874. (See page 140.)

Registers of Probate and Insolvency, and Clerks of Courts, are elected for terms of *five* years. The current term of the former expires in January, 1874; that of the latter in 1872.

Registers of Deeds and Clerks of Courts are paid by fees. Sheriffs and County Treasurers, are, by Sections 37 and 70 of Chapter 17 of the General Statutes, paid by fixed salaries.

County Commissioners are elected one annually, and severally for terms of *three* years; and two Special Commissioners are elected every third year, the current term ending in December, 1871.



By Section 29 of Chapter 17 of the General Statutes, the County Commissioners and Special Commissioners of the several Counties are paid a gross sum in full for their services and travel, the same to be apportioned to each, according to the number of days' service and actual amount of travel performed by each respectively.

By the provisions of Section 33 of Chapter 120 of the General Statutes, the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, is required to designate and commission a certain number of Justices of the Peace, as Trial Justices, in the several Counties to try criminal cases. No Justice of the Peace not thus designated and commissioned has any power or authority in criminal cases, except to receive complaints and issue warrants, for which no fees are to be allowed.

By the provisions of Chapter 187 of the Acts of 1860, each Trial Justice holds office for the term of three years from the time of his designation, unless such designation is sooner revoked, or unless his commission as Justice of the Peace shall sooner expire.

BARNSTABLE COUNTY—Incorporated, 1685.

*Shire Town*, BARNSTABLE.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Joseph M. Day, Barnstable, .	\$900
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Jonathan Higgins, Orleans,	900
<i>Sheriff</i> —David Bursley, Barnstable, . . . . .	500
<i>Clerk of Courts</i> —James B. Crocker, Yarmouth.	
<i>County Treasurer</i> —Samuel Higgins, Chatham, . . . . .	500
<i>Register of Deeds</i> —Frederick Scudder, Barnstable.	
<i>County Commissioners</i> , (compensation, \$1,300,)—	
Daniel Paine, Truro, . . . . . Term expires, December, 1871	
Eben S. Whittemore, Sandwich, . . . . . “ “ “ 1872	
James S. Howes, Dennis, . . . . . “ “ “ 1873	
<i>Special Commissioners</i> —	
Wm. H. Underwood, Harwich, . . . . . Term expires, December, 1871	
Isaac Bea, Chatham, . . . . . “ “ “ 1871	
<i>Trial Justices</i> —James B. Crocker, Yarmouth; Richard S. Wood, Falmouth; Marshall S. Underwood, Dennis; E. Stowell Whittemore, Sandwich; Isaac Bea, Chatham; Benj. F. Hutchinson, Provincetown; Theodore F. Bassett, Hyannis; Smith K. Hopkins, North Truro.	

BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated, 1761.

*Shire Town*, PITTSFIELD.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —James T. Robinson, Adams,	\$1,200
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —A. J. Waterman, Lenox,	1,200
<i>Sheriff</i> —Graham A. Root, Sheffield, . . . . .	1,300

Salary.

*Clerk of Courts*—Henry W. Taft, Lenox.*County Treasurer*—George J. Tucker, Lenox, . . . \$1,000*Registers of Deeds*—North District, Herbert C. Fuller, Adams; Middle District, George J. Tucker, Lenox; South District, Isaac Seeley, Great Barrington.*County Commissioners*, (compensation, \$1,700.)—

William T. Filley, Lanesborough, . . . Term expires, December, 1871

Edward S. May, Lee, . . . “ “ “ 1872

Charles J. Kittredge, Hinsdale, . . . “ “ “ 1873

*Special Commissioners*—

Emmons Arnold, Sheffield, . . . Term expires, December, 1871

John B. Wells, Cheshire, . . . “ “ “ 1871

*Trial Justices*—William S. Tucker, Lenox; William S. Huntington, North Becket; William C. Spaulding, West Stockbridge; Billings Palmer, Great Barrington; Oliver Peck, Sheffield; Harlow S. Underwood, New Marlborough; Orlow Wolcott, Sheffield; N. P. Brown, Florida; Norman Strickland, Otis; Henry J. Dunham, Stockbridge.

## BRISTOL COUNTY—Incorporated, 1685.

*Shire Towns*, TAUNTON AND NEW BEDFORD.

Salary.

*Judge of Probate and Insolvency*—Edm'd H. Bennett, Taunton, \$1,500*Register of Probate and Insolvency*—Wm. E. Fuller, Taunton, . 1,300*Sheriff*—William S. Cobb, New Bedford, . . . . . 1,200*Clerk of Courts*—Simeon Borden, Fall River.*County Treasurer*—Thomas J. Lothrop, Taunton, . . . . . 1,200*Registers of Deeds*—North District, Joseph Wilbar, Taunton; South District, Charles C. Sayers, New Bedford.*County Commissioners*, (compensation, \$2,500.)—

Guilford H. Hathaway, Fall River, . . . Term expires, December, 1871

William T. Jackson, Taunton, . . . “ “ “ 1872

Elisha Thornton, Jr., New Bedford, . . . “ “ “ 1873

*Special Commissioners*—

Leonard Hodges, Norton, . . . . . Term expires, December, 1871

Abraham Dyer, Westport, . . . “ “ “ 1871

*Trial Justices*—Albert A. Rotch, Easton; Jonathan B. Slade, Somerset; George H. Gifford, Westport; Erastus M. Reed, Mansfield; Mason Barney, Jr., Swansea; Ebenezer W. Peirce, Freetown; Henry Rice, North Attleborough.

## DUKES COUNTY—Incorporated, 1683.

*Shire Town*, EDGARTOWN.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Theo. G. Mayhew, Edgartown,	\$500
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Hebron Vincent, Edgartown,	600
<i>Sheriff</i> —Samuel Keniston, Edgartown, . . . . .	300
<i>Clerk of the Courts</i> —Richard L. Pease, Edgartown.	
<i>County Treasurer</i> —Barnard C. Marchant, Edgartown, . . . .	100
<i>Register of Deeds</i> —John S. Smith, Edgartown, . . . . .	200
<i>County Commissioners</i> , (compensation, \$200,)—	
Charles J. Barney, Edgartown, . . . . . Term expires, December, 1871	1871
Thomas H. Lambert, . . . . . “ “ “	1872
Thaddeus Luce, Tisbury, . . . . . “ “ “	1873
<i>Special Commissioners</i> —	
Abraham C. White, Gosnold, . . . . . Term expires, December, 1871	1871
Joseph S. Adams, Tisbury, . . . . . “ “ “	1871
<i>Trial Justices</i> —Jeremiah Pease, Edgartown; Thomas N. Hillman, Tisbury.	

## ESSEX COUNTY—Incorporated, 1634.

*Shire Towns*, SALEM, LAWRENCE AND NEWBURYPORT.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —George F. Choate, Salem, . .	\$2,500
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Abner C. Goodell, Salem, .	2,000
<i>Assistant-Register</i> —James Ropes, Salem, . . . . .	1,500
<i>Sheriff</i> —Horatio G. Herrick, Lawrence, . . . . .	1,800
<i>Clerk of the Courts</i> —Alfred A. Abbott, Peabody.	
<i>County Treasurer</i> —Allen W. Dodge, Hamilton, . . . . .	1,800
<i>Registers of Deeds</i> —Southern District, Ephraim Brown, Salem; Northern District, Gilbert E. Hood, Lawrence.	
<i>County Commissioners</i> , (compensation, \$4,000,)—	
Charles P. Preston, Danvers . . . . . Term expires, December, 1871	1871
James Kimball, Salem, . . . . . “ “ “	1872
Jackson B. Swett, Haverhill, . . . . . “ “ “	1873
<i>Special Commissioners</i> —	
Amos Poor, West Newbury, . . . . . Term expires, December, 1871	1871
Daniel W. Bartlett, Essex, . . . . . “ “ “	1871
<i>Trial Justices</i> —William Fabens, Marblehead; Joseph Farley and Wesley K. Bell, Ipswich; George Turner, Amesbury; James Hill, Beverly; J. Scott Todd, Rowley; Henry Dennis, Rockport; William M. Rogers, Methuen; Orlando B. Tenney, Georgetown; George H. Poor, Andover; Augustus B. Davis, Saugus; George W. Cate, Salisbury; David Mead, Danversport; Benjamin C. Perkins, Peabody.	

## FRANKLIN COUNTY—Incorporated, 1811.

## Shire Town, GREENFIELD.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Chester C. Conant, Greenfield,	\$900
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Frank M. Thompson, Greenfield, . . . . .	900
<i>Sheriff</i> —Solomon C. Wells, Montague, . . . . .	800
<i>Clerk of the Courts</i> —Edward E. Lyman, Greenfield.	
<i>County Treasurer</i> —Bela Kellogg, Greenfield, . . . . .	900
<i>Register of Deeds</i> —Humphrey Stevens, Greenfield.	
<i>County Commissioners, (compensation, \$1,200,)</i> —	
George D. Crittenden, Buckland, . . . . . Term expires, December, 1871	1871
Nelson Burrows, Gill, . . . . . “ “ “	1872
Richard N. Oakman, Montague, . . . . . “ “ “	1873
<i>Special Commissioners</i> —	
William C. Campbell, Conway, . . . . . Term expires, December, 1871	1871
Albert Montague, Sunderland, . . . . . “ “ “	1871
<i>Trial Justices</i> —Sanford Goddard, Montague; Wendell T. Davis and Almon Brainerd, Greenfield; Hiram Woodward, Orange; Samuel D. Bardwell, Shelburne Falls; Richard E. Field, Charlemont; Albert Montague, Sunderland; Willard Putnam, New Salem; Henry W. Billings, Conway.	

## HAMPDEN COUNTY—Incorporated, 1812.

## Shire Town, SPRINGFIELD.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Wm. S. Shurtleff, Springfield,	\$1,300
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Sam'l B. Spooner, Springfield,	1,200
<i>Sheriff</i> —Addison M. Bradley, Springfield, . . . . .	1,250
<i>Clerk of the Courts</i> —George B. Morris, Springfield,	
<i>County Treasurer</i> —M. Wells Bridge, Springfield, . . . . .	1,000
<i>Register of Deeds</i> —James E. Russell, Springfield.	
<i>County Commissioners, (compensation, \$1,700,)</i> —	
James S. Loomis, Palmer, . . . . . Term expires, December, 1871	1871
William M. Lewis, Blandford, . . . . . “ “ “	1872
George L. Townsley, Springfield, . . . . . “ “ “	1873
<i>Special Commissioners</i> —	
Albert D. Bagg, West Springfield, . . . . . Term expires, December, 1871	1871
Newton S. Hubbard, Brimfield, . . . . . “ “ “	1871
<i>Trial Justices</i> —Charles L. Gardner, Palmer; Solomon C. Spellman, South Wilbraham; Henry B. Lewis and Samuel Fowler, Westfield; Nelson D. Parks, Russell; Porter Underwood, Holyoke; James M. Goodwin, West Granville; Joshua Tracy, Monson; William B. C. Pearsons, Holyoke.	

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated, 1662.

Shire Town, NORTHAMPTON.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —S. F. Lyman, Northampton, . . .	\$900
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Luke Lyman, Northampton, . . .	900
<i>Sheriff</i> —Henry A. Longley, Belchertown, . . . . .	1,000
<i>Clerk of the Courts</i> —W. P. Strickland, Northampton, . . . . .	
<i>County Treasurer</i> —Henry S. Gere, Northampton, . . . . .	800
<i>Register of Deeds</i> —Henry P. Billings, Hatfield.	
<i>County Commissioners, (compensation, \$1,200.)—</i>	
Justin Thayer, Northampton, . . . . .	Term expires, December, 1871
S. Mills Cook, Granby, . . . . .	“ “ “ 1872
Elisha A. Edwards, Southampton, . . . . .	“ “ “ 1873
<i>Special Commissioners—</i>	
Elnathan Graves, Williamsburg, . . . . .	Term expires, December, 1871
Austin Eastman, Amherst, . . . . .	“ “ “ 1871
<i>Trial Justices</i> —Franklin D. Richards, Ware; Charles Richards, Enfield; Franklin Dickinson, Belchertown; Oliver Pease, Amherst; Elisha H. Brewster, Worthington; R. Ogden Dwight, South Hadley; C. Edgar Smith, Northampton; William G. Bassett, Easthampton; Alfred M. Copeland, Huntington; Francis H. Dawes, Cummington.	

MIDDLESEX COUNTY—Incorporated, 1643.

Shire Towns, CAMBRIDGE (EAST) AND LOWELL.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —William A. Richardson, Cambridge, . . . . .	\$2,500
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Jos. H. Tyler, E. Cambridge, . . . . .	2,000
<i>Assistant-Register</i> —Isaac F. Jones, East Cambridge, . . . . .	1,500
<i>Sheriff</i> —Charles Kimball, Lowell, . . . . .	2,200
<i>Clerk of the Courts</i> —Benjamin F. Ham, Cambridge.	
<i>Assistant-Clerk</i> —John J. Sawyer, Somerville, . . . . .	1,500
<i>County Treasurer</i> —Amos Stone, Charlestown, . . . . .	2,000
<i>Registers of Deeds</i> —North District, Ithamar W. Beard, Lowell; South District, Charles B. Stevens, Cambridge.	
<i>County Commissioners,* (compensation, \$4,800.)—</i>	
Edward J. Collins, Newton, . . . . .	Term expires, December, 1871
Leonard Huntress, Tewksbury, . . . . .	“ “ “ 1872
Joseph H. Waitt, Malden, . . . . .	“ “ “ 1873
<i>Special Commissioners—</i>	
M. F. Ellis, Ashland, . . . . .	Term expires, December, 1871
Samuel Staples, Concord, . . . . .	“ “ “ 1871

\* The jurisdiction of the County Commissioners of Middlesex extends over Chelsea, North Chelsea, and Winthrop, in the County of Suffolk.

*Trial Justices*—Josiah Rutter, Waltham; John W. Pettengill, Malden; Joseph Reynolds, Concord; Samuel W. Rowe, Groton; Luther Prescott, Westford; John A. Woodbury, Hopkinton; William Seaver, Ashland; Francis Tufts, Somerville; David Heard, Wayland; Stephen W. Trowbridge, Brighton; Alden Leland, Holliston; Levi Stearns, Townsend; Dexter Bucknam, Stoneham; George L. Sleeper and Newton Morse, Natick; Colman S. Adams, Framingham; Cephas Brigham, Newton; Andrew H. Briggs, Melrose; Leonard Huntress, (special,) Tewksbury; James T. Joslin, Hudson; Benjamin F. Hayes, Medford; Asahel Balcom, Sudbury; Augustus E. Scott, Lexington; Parker L. Converse and Joshua P. Converse, Woburn; David Porter, Shirley; Ira O. Carter, Arlington; Henderson J. Edwards, Watertown; Joseph Bennett, Brighton; Chester W. Eaton, Wakefield; Abner H. Wenzel, Marlborough.

NANTUCKET COUNTY—Incorporated, 1695.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Edward M. Gardner, . . .	\$500
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Samuel Swain, . . .	600
<i>Sheriff</i> —Joseph McCleave, . . . . .	300
<i>Clerk of the Courts</i> —George Cobb.	
<i>County Treasurer</i> —Samuel Swain.	
<i>Register of Deeds</i> —William H. Macy.	
<i>Trial Justice</i> —Frederic A. Chase.	

NOTE.—The Selectmen of the town of Nantucket have the power and perform the duties of County Commissioners. The treasurer of the town is also County Treasurer.

NORFOLK COUNTY—Incorporated, 1792.

*Shire Town*, DEDHAM.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —George White, Quincy, . . .	\$2,000
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Jona. H. Cobb, Dedham, . . .	1,500
<i>Assistant-Register</i> —Jona. Doggett Cobb, . . . . .	800
<i>Sheriff</i> —John W. Thomas, Dedham, . . . . .	1,200
<i>Clerk of the Courts</i> —Erastus Worthington, Dedham.	
<i>County Treasurer</i> —Chauncey C. Churchill, Dedham, . . . .	1,300
<i>Register of Deeds</i> —James Foord, Dedham.	
<i>County Commisuioners</i> , (compensation, \$3,000,)—	
David H. Bates, Braintree, . . . Term expires, December, 1871	1871
Milton M. Fisher, Medway, . . . “ “ “	1872
Joseph M. Churchill, Milton, . . . “ “ “	1873
<i>Special Commissioners</i> —	
Galen Orr, Needham, . . . Term expires, December, 1871	1871
Amos H. Holbrook, Bellingham, . . . “ “ “	1871

*Trial Justices*—Samuel Warner, Wrentham; Frederick D. Ely, Dedham; William S. Morton, Quincy; Charles M. S. Churchill, Milton; Emory Grover, Needham; J. White Belcher, Randolph; Charles H. Deans, West Medway; Solomon J. Beal, Cohasset; Thomas E. Grover, Canton; Bradford Kingman, Brookline; Willard F. Estey, Hyde Park; George E. Otis, West Roxbury; Everett C. Bumpus, Weymouth; Caleb Blodgett, Jr., Stoughton; Edmund Davis, Franklin.

## PLYMOUTH COUNTY—Incorporated, 1685.

*Shire Town*, PLYMOUTH.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Wm. H. Wood, Middleboro',	\$1,300
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —D. E. Damon, Plymouth, .	1,200
<i>Sheriff</i> —James Bates, East Bridgewater, . . . . .	900
<i>Clerk of the Courts</i> —William H. Whitman, Plymouth.	
<i>County Treasurer</i> —William R. Sever, Plymouth, . . . . .	1,000
<i>Register of Deeds</i> —William S. Danforth, Plymouth.	
<i>County Commissioners</i> , (compensation, \$2,500,)—	
Charles H. Paine, Halifax, . . . Term expires, December, 1871	
Harrison Staples, Lakeville, . . . “ “ “ 1872	
William P. Corthell, Abington, . . . “ “ “ 1873	
<i>Special Commissioners</i> —	
Alden S. Bradford, Kingston, . . . Term expires, December, 1871	
Jedediah Dwelley, Hanover, . . . “ “ “ 1871	
<i>Trial Justices</i> —Cornelius B. Wood, Middleborough; William H. Osborne, East Bridgewater; Otis W. Soule, Abington; James S. Lewis, Hingham; Albert Mason, Plymouth; Caleb W. Prouty, Scituate; Lewis Holmes, Bridgewater; Jonas R. Perkins, North Bridgewater; Seth Miller, Wareham.	

## SUFFOLK COUNTY—Incorporated, 1643.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Isaac Ames, Boston, . . . . .	\$3,000
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —(Vacancy,) . . . . .	3,000
<i>Assistant-Register</i> —James L. Crombie, . . . . .	1,500
<i>Sheriff</i> —John M. Clark, Boston, . . . . .	2,500
<i>Clerk of Supreme Judicial Court</i> —George C. Wilde, Boston.	
<i>Assistant-Clerk of Supreme Judicial Court</i> —George W. Nichols, Boston.	
<i>Clerk of Superior Court (Civil Side)</i> —Joseph A. Willard, Boston.	
“ “ “ (Assistant) Edwin A. Wadleigh.	
“ “ “ (Criminal Side)—F. H. Underwood, Boston.	

*City and County Treasurer*—Frederic U. Tracy, Boston.

*Register of Deeds*—Thomas F. Temple, Boston.

NOTE.—In the City of Boston, the Board of Aldermen have all the powers and duties of County Commissioners, except in relation to trials by jury and recovery of damages in such trials, in cases of laying out or discontinuing highways. The Treasurer of the City of Boston is likewise County Treasurer.

WORCESTER COUNTY—Incorporated, 1731.

*Shire Towns*, WORCESTER AND FITCHBURG.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Henry Chapin, Worcester, .	\$2,500
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Chas. E. Stevens, Worcester,	2,000
<i>Sheriff</i> —J. S. C. Knowlton, Worcester, . . . . .	2,000
<i>Clerk of the Courts</i> —Joseph Mason, Worcester.	
<i>Assistant-Clerk</i> —John A. Dana, Worcester.	
<i>County Treasurer</i> —Charles A. Chase, Worcester, . . . . .	1,800
<i>Register of Deeds</i> —Alexander H. Wilder, Worcester.	
<i>County Commissioners</i> , (compensation, \$4,000,)—	
William O. Brown, Royalston, . . . Term expires, December, 1871	
Velorous Taft, Upton, . . . . . “ “ “ 1872	
J. Warren Bigelow, Rutland, . . . . . “ “ “ 1873	
<i>Special Commissioners</i> —	
John McLellan, Grafton, . . . . . Term expires, December, 1871	
Silas Holman, Bolton, . . . . . “ “ “ 1871	
<i>Trial Justices</i> —Edwin Woods, Barre; J. F. Hitchcock, Warren; Zadoc A. Taft, Uxbridge; Daniel H. Bemis, Clinton; Luther Hill, Spencer; James W. White, Grafton; Samuel Clark, Northborough; Samuel W. Heath, East Douglas; Ebenezer M. Hosmer, West Boylston; E. Wyman Stone, Templeton; Charles H. Merriam, Leominster; Theodore S. Johnston, Blackstone; George S. Duell, Brookfield; George A. Flagg, Millbury; Henry C. Rice, Worcester; James P. Fay, Hardwick; Velorous Taft, Upton; Franklin R. Haskell, Athol; John H. Stockwell, Webster; Bethuel Ellis, Winchendon; Curtis Beeman, Westborough; Joseph H. Gleason, Holden; Daniel Stone, North Dana; Sylvester Dresser, Southbridge.	



## BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

[Established by Act of April 21, 1852. See also chap. 220 of Acts of 1863,  
and chap. 263, of Acts of 1866.]

*Members ex officio.*

His Excellency William Claflin.

His Honor Joseph Tucker.

Hon. Oliver Warner, *Secretary of the Commonwealth.*

Hon. William S. Clark, *President Mass. Agricultural College.*

*Appointed by the Governor and Council.*

Marshall P. Wilder, of Boston, . . . . .	Term expires, 1871
James F. C. Hyde, of Newton, . . . . .	“ “ 1872
Louis Agassiz, of Cambridge, . . . . .	“ “ 1873

*Chosen by the County Societies.*

Massachusetts, Leverett Saltonstall, of Newton, . . . . .	Term expires, 1871
Essex, George B. Loring, of Salem, . . . . .	“ “ 1872
Middlesex, John B. Moore, of Concord, . . . . .	“ “ 1873
“ North, Jonathan Ladd, of Lowell, . . . . .	“ “ 1874
“ South, John Johnson, of Framingham, . . . . .	“ “ 1872
Worcester, Thomas W. Ward, of Shrewsbury, . . . . .	“ “ 1872
“ West, John T. Ellsworth, of Barre, . . . . .	“ “ 1872
“ North, Lewis H. Bradford, of Fitchburg, . . . . .	“ “ 1872
“ North-West, F. F. Fay, of Athol, . . . . .	“ “ 1871
“ South, Newton S. Hubbard, of Brimfield, . . . . .	“ “ 1874
“ South-East, William Knowlton, of Upton, . . . . .	“ “ 1873
Hampshire, Franklin and Hampden, A. Perry Peck, of Northampton, . . . . .	“ “ 1873
Hampshire, John A. Morton, of Hadley, . . . . .	“ “ 1871
Highland, George T. Plunkett, of Hinsdale, . . . . .	“ “ 1872
Hampden, William Birnie, of Springfield, . . . . .	“ “ 1873
“ East, Hiram Converse, of Palmer, . . . . .	“ “ 1873
Union, E. W. Boise, of Blandford, . . . . .	“ “ 1871
Franklin, Imla K. Brown, of Bernardston, . . . . .	“ “ 1871
Berkshire, Andrew J. Bucklin, of South Adams, . . . . .	“ “ 1873

Hoosac Valley, Nahum P. Brown, of Florida, . . .	Term expires, 1873
Housatonic, Richard Goodman, of Lenox, . . .	" " 1873
Norfolk, Eliphalet Stone, of Dedham, . . .	" " 1871
Hingham, Albert Fearing, of Hingham, . . .	" " 1873
Bristol, Avery P. Slade, of Somerset, . . .	" " 1872
"    Central, Nathan Durfee, of Fall River, . . .	" " 1873
Plymouth, Charles G. Davis, of Plymouth, . . .	" " 1872
Marshfield, George M. Baker, of Marshfield, . . .	" " 1873
Barnstable, George A. King, of Barnstable, . . .	" " 1871
Nantucket, Andrew M. Myrick, of Nantucket, . . .	" " 1872
Martha's Vineyard, Herman Vincent, of Chilmark, . . .	" " 1874

Charles L. Flint, Secretary.

## BOARD OF EDUCATION.

[Established by Act of April 20, 1837.]

The Board consists of the Governor and Lieut. Governor, *ex officio*, and eight members, one to be appointed annually by the Governor and Council.

William Rice, Springfield, . . . . .	Term expires, 1871
Emory Washburn, Cambridge, . . . . .	" " 1872
Samuel T. Seelye, Easthampton, . . . . .	" " 1873
John D. Philbrick, Boston, . . . . .	" " 1874
David H. Mason, Newton, . . . . .	" " 1875
Henry Chapin, Worcester, . . . . .	" " 1876
Alonzo A. Miner, Boston, . . . . .	" " 1877
Gardiner G. Hubbard, Cambridge, . . . . .	" " 1878

Joseph White, Secretary and Treasurer. Office in the Library.

Samuel C. Jackson, Assistant-Secretary.

Abner J. Phipps, West Medford, Agent.

## COMMISSIONERS, ETC.

INSURANCE.—Julius L. Clarke, Newton.

BOARD OF STATE CHARITIES.—Samuel G. Howe, Boston, *Chairman*; F. B. Sanborn, Springfield; Edward Earle, Worcester; Moses Kimball, Boston; Nathan Allen, Lowell. *General Agent*, Stephen C. Wrightington, Fall River; *Secretary*, Edward L. Pierce, Boston. Office, State House.

ON PUBLIC LANDS.—Franklin Haven, Boston; E. C. Purdy, Somerville; Samuel D. Warren, Boston.

FOR CARE OF DISABLED SOLDIERS.—George S. Ball, Upton; Henry B. Pierce, Abington; William B. Sears, Boston.

TO ESTABLISH TRUE MERIDIAN LINES.—Edward Prevear, Leominster.

OF PRISONS.—Estes Howe, Cambridge; Daniel P. Noyes, Brookline; Joseph Story, Boston. Joshua Coit, *Secretary*. Office, State House. *Advisory Board*, Mrs. Hannah B. Chickering, Dedham; Mrs. Pauline A. Durant, Needham; Mrs. Clara T. Leonard, Springfield.

SAVINGS BANKS.—F. M. Stone, Waltham. Office, State House.

CAPE COD HARBOR.—Paul Hill, James Gifford, George Marston.

INSPECTOR OF LEATHER.—George C. Hodgdon, Salem.

INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GASMETERS.—Frederick E. Stimpson, West Roxbury.

INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF FISH.—William Cogswell, of Salem.

INSPECTOR OF POT AND PEARL ASHES.—Moody D. Cook, Newburyport.

SURVEYOR-GENERAL OF LUMBER.—George W. Cram, Boston.

ON PILOTS FOR THE PORT OF BOSTON.—Jacob G. Pierce, Milton; Elias E. Davison, Boston. (Chap. 176, Acts of 1862.)

CATTLE.—Levi Stockbridge, Amherst; Horace W. Jordan, Brighton.

STATE DIRECTORS OF BOSTON AND ALBANY RAILROAD.—Avery Plumer, Boston; Moses Kimball, Boston; Jonathan D. Wheeler, Grafton; Charles J. Kittredge, Hinsdale; Stephen M. Crosby, Williamsburg.

DIRECTORS OF BOSTON, HARTFORD AND ERIE RAILROAD.—Daniel S. Richardson, Lowell; E. C. Sherman, Plymouth. *Agent concerning flats of Boston, Hartford and Erie Railroad*, Edward S. Philbrick, Brookline.

STATE ASSAYERS OF ORES AND METALS.—Charles T. Jackson, Boston ; S. Dana Hayes, Brookline ; Augustus A. Hayes, Boston.

HARBOR COMMISSIONERS.—Samuel E. Sewall, Melrose ; Josiah Quincy, Boston ; F. W. Lincoln, Jr., Boston ; Darwin E. Ware, Marblehead ; Joshua N. Marshall, Lowell.

STATE LIQUOR COMMISSIONER.—Josiah A. Broadhead, Boston.

STATE ASSAYER OF LIQUORS.—S. Dana Hayes, Brookline.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS.—James C. Converse, Edward Appleton, Charles F. Adams, Jr. ; *Clerk*, William A. Crafts. Office, No. 7 Pemberton Square.

INLAND FISHERIES.—Theodore Lyman, Brookline ; Edward A. Brackett, Winchester ; Thomas Talbot, Billerica.

BOARD OF HEALTH.—Henry I. Bowditch, Boston ; Warren Sawyer, Boston ; Robert T. Davis, Fall River ; Richard Frothingham, Charlestown ; P. Emory Aldrich, Worcester ; William C. Chapin, Lawrence ; George Derby, Boston, *Secretary*.

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS.—Henry K. Oliver, Salem ; *Clerk*, George E. McNeil. Office, State House.

COMMISSIONER OF CORPORATIONS.—Daniel A. Gleason. Office, State House.

## STATE INSTITUTIONS.

### LUNATIC HOSPITALS.

The government of each is vested in a Board of Five Trustees, one to be appointed annually by the Governor and Council, and the place of the senior member, as arranged in the following order, to be vacated each year.

#### *Worcester.*

Henry Chapin, Worcester, 1871 ; William Workman, Worcester, 1872 ; Samuel E. Sewall, Melrose, 1873 ; Robert W. Hooper, Boston, 1874 ; Francis W. Bird, Walpole, 1875.

*Superintendent*.—Merrick Bemis, M. D.

*Taunton.*

George Howland, Jr., New Bedford, 1871; Oliver Ames, Easton, 1872; Charles Edward Cook, Boston, 1873; LeBaron Russell, Boston, 1874; Charles R. Atwood, Taunton, 1875.

*Superintendent.*—William W. Godding, M. D.

*Northampton.*

Henry L. Sabin, Williamstown, 1871; Edmund H. Sawyer, Easthampton, 1872; Edward Hitchcock, Amherst, 1873; Silas M. Smith, Northampton, 1874; Eliphalet Trask, Springfield, 1875.

*Superintendent.*—Pliny Earle, M. D.

## STATE REFORM SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

*At Westborough.*

[ E s t a b l i s h e d , 1 8 4 7 . ]

The government consists of a Board of seven Trustees, appointed by the Governor and Council.

*Trustees.*—Harmon Hall, Saugus, 1873; Stephen G. Deblois, Boston, 1874; Edward A. Goodnow, Worcester, 1871; John Ayres, Medford, 1871; Levi L. Goodspeed, Bridgewater, 1872; George C. Davis, Northborough, 1872; Eli A. Hubbard, Springfield, 1873.

*Superintendent.*—Benjamin Evans. *Treasurer.*—George C. Davis.

## MASSACHUSETTS NAUTICAL SCHOOL.

[ E s t a b l i s h e d , 1 8 5 9 . ]

*Trustees.*—Thomas Russell, Boston, 1875; William T. Davis, Plymouth, 1871; William Fabens, Marblehead, 1872; Alfred C. Hersey, Hingham, 1873; Matthew Howland, New Bedford, 1874; Osborn Howes, of the Board of Trade; Jairus Beal, of the Boston Marine Society. Charles W. Reed, *Treasurer.*

## STATE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

*At Lancaster.*

[ E s t a b l i s h e d , 1 8 5 5 . ]

The government is constituted like that of the State Reform School.

*Trustees.*—Daniel Denny, Dorchester, 1873; George B. Emerson, Boston, 1874; John L. S. Thompson, Lancaster, 1871; Russell Sturgis, Jr., Boston, 1871; George Cummings, Lancaster, 1872; Albert Tolman, Worcester, 1872; Frank B. Fay, Chelsea, 1873.

*Superintendent.*—Marcus Ames. *Treasurer.* Frank B. Fay, Chelsea.

*Advisory Board* (Act of 1868.)—Rachel S. Howland, New Bedford, 1871; Mary A. Fay, Worcester, 1872; Annie T. Endicott, Boston, 1873.

MASSACHUSETTS SCHOOL FOR IDIOTIC AND FEEBLE-MINDED  
YOUTH.

*At South Boston.*

Board of twelve Trustees, four of whom are appointed by the Governor and Council, (chap. 150, Acts of 1850,) viz. :—

John Flint, Boston; Josiah Bartlett, Concord; James B. Congdon, New Bedford; Henry G. Denny, Boston; Lewis Allen, South Danvers; Edwin Morton, Boston.

Eight additional Trustees are appointed by the Corporation.

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PERKINS INSTITUTION AND MASSACHUSETTS ASYLUM FOR  
THE BLIND.

*At South Boston.*

*Trustees.*—Benjamin S. Rotch, George S. Hale, E. R. Mudge, Francis Brooks.

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STATE PRISON.

*At Charlestown.*

Three Inspectors; one to be appointed annually, by the Governor and Council, for a term of three years.

*Inspectors.*—James Pierce, Malden, 1871; Edward H. Dunn, Boston, 1872; Eugene L. Norton, Charlestown, 1873.

*Warden.*—Gideon Haynes, appointed April, 1858; *Deputy-Warden*, Almon Hale; *Clerk*, William Peirce; *Physician*, John G. Dearborn; *Chaplain*, William W. Colburn.

*Agent for Discharged Convicts.*—Daniel Russell.

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STATE ALMSHOUSES.

The Board of Inspectors consists of three members each; one member to be appointed annually. Salary, \$100 per annum, and travelling expenses.

*Bridgewater.*

*Inspectors.*—James H. Mitchell, East Bridgewater; Joseph B. Thaxter, Hingham; John B. Hathaway, Fall River.

*Superintendent.*—(Vacancy.) *Physician*, Samuel Young.

*Tewksbury.*

*Inspectors.*—Benjamin C. Perkins, South Danvers; George P. Elliot, Billerica; Francis H. Nourse, Lowell.

*Superintendent.*—Thomas J. Marsh. *Physician*, Jonathan Brown.

*Monson.*

*Inspectors.*—Thomas Rice, Shrewsbury; Gordon M. Fisk, Palmer; Eleazer Porter, Hadley.

*Superintendent.*—Horace P. Wakefield. *Physician*, Joseph D. Nichols.

COLLEGES IN THE COMMONWEALTH,  
WITH THEIR PRESIDENTS AND TRUSTEES.

## HARVARD COLLEGE.

*Corporation.*

Charles W. Eliot, *President.*

*Fellows.*

Hon. John A. Lowell,	Hon. George T. Bigelow,
Rev. George Putnam,	Nathaniel Thayer.
Hon. Francis B. Crowninshield,	
Hon. Nathaniel Silsbee, <i>Treasurer.</i>	

## BOARD OF OVERSEERS.

Hon. John H. Clifford, *President of the Board.*

*Ex Officio Members.*

Charles W. Eliot, *President of the University.*

Hon. Nathaniel Silsbee, *Treasurer of the University.*

*Elective Members.*

[Term of office expires, June, 1871.]

Hon. R. H. Dana, Jr.,	James Lawrence,
Hon. George M. Brooks,	Rev. Thomas B. Thayer.
Hon. John W. Bacon,	

[Term of office expires, June, 1872.]

William Gray,	Samuel Eliot,
Rev. J. F. Clarke,	George W. C. Noble.
Hon. D. E. Ware,	

[Term of office expires, June, 1873.]

Ralph Waldo Emerson,	Henry Lee,
Rev. Seth Sweetser,	Francis E. Parker.
J. Ingersoll Bowditch,	

[Term of office expires, June, 1874.]

Hon. E. R. Hoar,	Theodore Lyman,
Hon. John H. Clifford,	Samuel A. Green, M. D.
Francis Parkman,	

[Term of office expires, June, 1875.]

Rev. Edward E. Hale,	William G. Russell,
Hon. Charles F. Adams,	Waldo Higginson.
Hon. William A. Richardson,	

[Term of office expires, June, 1876.]

Rev. James Walker,	Hon. Henry W. Paine,
John C. Ropes,	Rev. Phillips Brooks.
Hon. Martin Brimmer,	
Hon. Nathaniel B. Shurtleff, <i>Secretary of the Board.</i>	

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#### A M H E R S T C O L L E G E .

##### *Corporation.*

William A. Stearns, D. D., LL. D., *President.*

##### *Trustees.*

Ebenezer Alden,	Henry Morris,	Richard S. Storrs, Jr.,
Samuel Williston,	Edward S. Dwight,	Samuel Bowles,
Henry Edwards,	Alpheus Hardy,	Henry Ward Beecher,
Jonathan C. Perkins,	Nathan Allen,	Edward Hitchcock.
Alexander H. Bullock,	Edward B. Gillett,	
William P. Paine,	Lewis Sabin,	

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#### W I L L I A M S C O L L E G E .

Rev. Mark Hopkins, D. D., *President.*

##### *Trustees.*

Mark Hopkins,	William Hyde,	Giles B. Kellogg,
Henry L. Sabin,	Nahum Gale,	Thomas Nelson,
Charles Stoddard,	James D. Colt,	Samuel Irenæus Prime,
John Todd,	John Z. Goodrich,	Francis Henshaw Dewey,
Joseph White,	Robert R. Booth,	Samuel D. Warren.
Erastus C. Benedict,	William E. Dodge,	

Joseph White, *Treasurer and Secretary.*



## TUFTS COLLEGE.

Alonzo A. Miner, D. D., *President.**Trustees.*

Oliver Dean, <i>President,</i>	Thomas J. Greenwood,	Nathaniel Adams,
Charles Robinson, Jr.,	Charles Tufts,	Timothy T. Sawyer,
Lucius R. Paige,	Timothy Cotting,	Charles H. Leonard,
Richard Frothingham,	James O. Curtis,	Newton Talbot.
Alonzo A. Miner,	Thomas Crane,	
Israel Washburn, Jr.,	Thomas B. Thayer,	

## MASSACHUSETTS AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

William S. Clark, *President.**Trustees.*

Marshall P. Wilder,	Charles C. Sewall,	Wm. B. Washburn,
Charles G. Davis,	Paoli Lathrop,	Henry L. Whiting,
Nathan Durfee,	Phineas Stedman,	D. Waldo Lincoln,
Henry Colt,	Allen W. Dodge,	Henry F. Hills.
George Marston,	Daniel Needham,	

*Trustees ex officio.*

His Excellency William Claflin.

William S. Clark, *President of the College.*Hon. Charles L. Flint, *Secretary of the Board of Agriculture.*Hon. Joseph White, *Secretary of the Board of Education.*

## A LIST

*Of the Counties, Towns and Cities in the Commonwealth, with the Census of Inhabitants in 1865 and 1870, of Legal Voters in 1865, and the last Decennial Valuation in 1865.*

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1865.	Valuation in 1865.
	1865.	1870.		
<b>BARNSTABLE.</b>				
Barnstable, . . .	4,928	4,793	1,113	\$2,265,407 00
Brewster, . . .	1,456	1,259	311	801,452 00
Chatham, . . .	2,624	2,411	641	1,100,543 00
Dennis, . . .	3,592	3,269	872	1,181,339 00
Eastham, . . .	757	668	204	219,948 00
Falmouth, . . .	2,233	2,237	642	1,375,661 00
Harwich, . . .	3,540	3,080	830	1,025,217 00
Mashpee,* . . .	-	348	-	-
Orleans, . . .	1,585	1,323	434	558,858 00
Provincetown, . . .	3,472	3,865	828	1,576,145 00
Sandwich, . . .	4,158	3,694	887	1,669,105 00
Truro, . . .	1,447	1,269	367	361,717 00
Wellfleet, . . .	2,296	2,135	612	700,165 00
Yarmouth, . . .	2,472	2,423	593	1,440,641 00
Totals, . . .	34,610	32,774	8,334	\$14,276,198 00
<b>BERKSHIRE.</b>				
Adams, . . .	8,298	12,090	1,452	\$3,350,551 00
Alford, . . .	461	430	112	340,490 00
Becket, . . .	1,393	1,346	254	478,120 00
Cheshire, . . .	1,650	1,758	317	675,997 00
Clarksburg, . . .	530	686	86	133,234 00
Dalton, . . .	1,137	1,252	233	988,160 00
Egremont, . . .	928	931	207	587,619 00
Florida, . . .	1,173	1,322	167	152,523 00
Great Barrington, . . .	3,920	4,320	737	2,177,071 00
Hancock, . . .	937	882	179	490,299 00
Hinsdale, . . .	1,517	1,695	263	801,755 00
Lanesborough, . . .	1,294	1,393	250	661,048 00
Lee, . . .	4,035	3,866	768	1,682,411 00
Lenox, . . .	1,660	1,965	363	827,539 00
Monterey, . . .	737	653	178	292,117 00
Mount Washington, . . .	237	256	55	87,676 00

\* Incorporated May 28, 1870.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1865.	Valuation in 1865.
	1865.	1870.		
<b>BERKSHIRE—Con.</b>				
New Ashford, . . . . .	178	208	42	\$108,662 00
New Marlborough, . . . . .	1,649	1,855	307	610 727 00
Otis, . . . . .	956	960	225	311,595 00
Peru, . . . . .	494	455	97	214 730 00
Pittsfield, . . . . .	9,676	11,112	1,529	6,373,878 00
Richmond, . . . . .	944	1,091	161	502,277 00
Sandisfield, . . . . .	1,411	1,482	308	612,943 00
Savoy, . . . . .	866	861	221	272,400 00
Sheffield, . . . . .	2,459	2,535	480	1,206,820 00
Stockbridge, . . . . .	1,967	2,003	368	1,323 883 00
Tyringham, . . . . .	650	557	147	299,594 00
Washington, . . . . .	859	694	93	289,398 00
West Stockbridge, . . . . .	1,620	1,924	272	613,816 00
Williamstown, . . . . .	2,555	3,559	500	1,160,587 00
Windsor, . . . . .	753	686	190	303,324 00
Totals, . . . . .	56,944	64,826	10,566	\$27,937,444 00
<b>BRISTOL.</b>				
Acushnet, . . . . .	1,251	1,132	286	\$656,500 00
Attleborough, . . . . .	6,200	6,769	1,121	2,201,660 00
Berkley, . . . . .	847	744	282	316,002 00
Dartmouth, . . . . .	3 435	3 367	777	2,432 270 00
Dighton, . . . . .	1,813	1 817	344	776,779 00
Easton, . . . . .	3,076	3,668	601	1 930,900 00
Fairhaven, . . . . .	2,547	2 626	664	1,778,217 00
Fall River, . . . . .	17,481	26,766	3,207	12,6 2,419 00
Freetown, . . . . .	1,485	1 372	353	706,117 00
Mansfield, . . . . .	2,120	2,432	470	750,442 00
New Bedford, . . . . .	20,853	21,320	4,545	20,525,790 00
Norton, . . . . .	1,709	1,821	403	842,527 00
Raynham, . . . . .	1,868	1,713	386	1,115,026 00
Rehoboth, . . . . .	1,843	1,895	420	764,906 00
Seekonk, . . . . .	928	1,021	223	496,844 00
Somerset, . . . . .	1,789	1 776	385	865,618 00
Swansea, . . . . .	1,336	1,294	312	755,680 00
Taunton, . . . . .	16,005	18,629	3,086	8,463,064 00
Westport, . . . . .	2,799	2,724	769	1,453,897 00
Totals, . . . . .	89,395	102,886	18,576	\$59,464,668 00

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1865.	Valuation in 1865.
	1865.	1870.		
<b>DUKES.</b>				
Chilmark, . . . . .	548	476	154	\$350,801 00
Edgartown, . . . . .	1,846	1,516	500	1,035,467 00
Gay Head,* . . . . .	-	160	-	-
Gosnold, . . . . .	108	99	25	112,993 00
Tisbury, . . . . .	1,698	1,536	428	684,714 00
Totals, . . . . .	4,200	3,787	1,107	\$2,183,975 00
<b>ESSEX.</b>				
Amesbury, . . . . .	4,181	5,581	744	\$1,677,632 00
Andover, . . . . .	5,314	4,873	804	2,702,426 00
Beverly, . . . . .	5,942	6,507	1,436	3,359,216 00
Boxford, . . . . .	868	847	196	631,942 00
Bradford, . . . . .	1,566	2,014	374	832,083 00
Danvers, . . . . .	5,144	5,600	858	2,237,630 00
Essex, . . . . .	1,630	1,614	442	912,417 00
Georgetown, . . . . .	1,926	2,088	414	760,473 00
Gloucester, . . . . .	11,937	15,389	2,460	4,505,390 00
Groveland, . . . . .	1,619	1,776	384	666,119 00
Hamilton, . . . . .	799	790	187	481,423 00
Haverhill, . . . . .	10,740	13,092	2,428	4,488,107 00
Ipswich, . . . . .	3,311	3,720	732	1,556,491 00
Lawrence, . . . . .	21,698	28,921	2,668	11,240,191 00
Lynn, . . . . .	20,747	28,233	4,212	10,053,309 00
Lynnfield, . . . . .	725	818	176	604,617 00
Manchester, . . . . .	1,643	1,665	369	766,333 00
Marblehead, . . . . .	7,308	7,703	1,675	2,131,268 00
Methuen, . . . . .	2,576	2,959	579	1,292,951 00
Middleton, . . . . .	922	1,010	167	392,445 00
Nahant, . . . . .	313	475	66	517,194 00
Newbury, . . . . .	1,362	1,430	343	767,849 00
Newburyport, . . . . .	12,976	12,595	2,636	7,659,960 00
North Andover, . . . . .	2,622	2,549	436	1,830,829 00
Peabody,† . . . . .	6,051	7,343	961	3,819,766 00
Rockport, . . . . .	3,367	3,904	915	1,279,717 00
Rowley, . . . . .	1,191	1,157	270	511,171 00
Salem, . . . . .	21,189	24,117	3,501	16,192,359 00
Salisbury, . . . . .	3,609	3,776	887	1,680,089 00
Saugus, . . . . .	2,006	2,247	426	1,300,074 00
Swampscott, . . . . .	1,535	1,846	300	1,449,859 00
Topsfield, . . . . .	1,212	1,213	307	687,610 00
Wenham, . . . . .	918	985	234	463,558 00
West Newbury, . . . . .	2,087	2,006	485	940,919 00
Totals, . . . . .	171,034	200,843	33,072	\$90,393,467 00

\* Incorporated April 30, 1870.

† Formerly South Danvers.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1865.	Valuation in 1865.
	1865.	1870.		
<b>FRANKLIN.</b>				
Ashfield, . . . . .	1,221	1,180	349	\$611,869 00
Bernardston, . . . . .	902	961	197	484,893 00
Buckland, . . . . .	1,922	1,946	387	526,468 00
Charlemont, . . . . .	994	1,005	251	367,216 00
Coleraine, . . . . .	1,726	1,742	380	637,954 00
Conway, . . . . .	1,538	1,460	320	703,919 00
Deerfield, . . . . .	3,038	3,632	525	1,215,423 00
Erving, . . . . .	576	579	122	173,229 00
Gill, . . . . .	635	653	160	390,569 00
Greenfield, . . . . .	3,211	3,589	705	1,899,806 00
Hawley, . . . . .	687	672	178	182,638 00
Heath, . . . . .	642	613	161	232,551 00
Leverett, . . . . .	914	877	215	284,644 00
Leyden, . . . . .	592	518	133	278,647 00
Monroe, . . . . .	191	201	50	79,375 00
Montague, . . . . .	1,574	2,224	327	606,737 00
New Salem, . . . . .	1,116	987	277	336,476 00
Northfield, . . . . .	1,660	1,720	401	712,054 00
Orange, . . . . .	1,909	2,091	502	599,243 00
Rowe, . . . . .	563	581	130	180,425 00
Shelburne, . . . . .	1,564	1,582	339	822,620 00
Shutesbury, . . . . .	788	614	162	219,250 00
Sunderland, . . . . .	861	832	211	413,827 00
Warwick, . . . . .	901	769	229	229,558 00
Wendell, . . . . .	603	539	156	201,657 00
Whately, . . . . .	1,012	1,068	250	665,972 00
Totals, . . . . .	31,340	32,635	7,117	\$13,048,120 00
<b>HAMPDEN.</b>				
Agawam, . . . . .	1,664	2,001	346	\$816,850 00
Blandford, . . . . .	1,087	1,026	324	529,150 00
Brimfield, . . . . .	1,316	1,286	309	719,750 00
Chester, . . . . .	1,266	1,253	279	445,900 00
Chicopee, . . . . .	7,577	9,607	1,086	3,128,250 00
Granville, . . . . .	1,367	1,293	328	516,277 00
Holland, . . . . .	368	344	88	131,000 00
Holyoke, . . . . .	5,648	10,733	747	2,579,250 00
Longmeadow, . . . . .	1,480	1,342	335	1,016,500 00
Ludlow, . . . . .	1,232	1,138	272	455,050 00
Monson, . . . . .	3,272	3,204	541	1,316,700 00
Montgomery, . . . . .	353	318	92	158,850 00
Palmer, . . . . .	3,080	3,631	524	1,254,000 00
Russell, . . . . .	618	635	120	212,800 00
Southwick, . . . . .	1,155	1,100	289	604,200 00
Springfield, . . . . .	22,035	26,703	4,238	13,379,212 00
Tolland, . . . . .	511	509	102	298,583 00

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1865.	Valuation in 1865.
	1865.	1870.		
<b>HAMPDEN—Con.</b>				
Wales, . . . . .	696	831	164	\$254,600 00
Westfield, . . . . .	5,634	6,519	1,336	3,244,600 00
West Springfield, . . . . .	2,100	2,606	378	1,319,550 00
Wilbraham, . . . . .	2,111	2,330	442	872,100 00
Totals, . . . . .	64,570	78,409	12,330	\$33,253,177 00
<b>HAMPSHIRE.</b>				
Amherst, . . . . .	3,415	4,035	728	\$1,860,457 00
Belchertown, . . . . .	2,636	2,428	607	1,108,591 00
Chesterfield, . . . . .	801	811	223	372,790 00
Cummington, . . . . .	980	1,037	232	342,842 00
Easthampton, . . . . .	2,869	3,620	363	1,700,599 00
Enfield, . . . . .	997	1,023	242	610,644 00
Goshen, . . . . .	411	368	95	152,796 00
Granby, . . . . .	908	863	232	470,125 00
Greenwich, . . . . .	648	665	147	261,416 00
Hadley, . . . . .	2,246	2,301	427	1,279,320 00
Hatfield, . . . . .	1,405	1,594	249	1,442,691 00
Huntington, . . . . .	1,163	1,156	232	409,395 00
Middlefield, . . . . .	727	728	123	351,831 00
Northampton, . . . . .	7,925	10,160	1,300	4,789,965 00
Pelham, . . . . .	737	673	183	197,457 00
Plainfield, . . . . .	579	521	170	239,097 00
Prescott, . . . . .	596	541	142	221,712 00
South Hadley, . . . . .	2,099	2,840	362	1,103,491 00
Southampton, . . . . .	1,216	1,159	282	502,443 00
Ware, . . . . .	3,374	4,259	529	1,306,545 00
Westhampton, . . . . .	633	587	141	291,384 00
Williamsburg, . . . . .	1,976	2,159	416	1,085,693 00
Worthington, . . . . .	925	860	243	409,655 00
Totals, . . . . .	39,269	44,388	7,668	\$20,510,994 00
<b>MIDDLESEX.</b>				
Acton, . . . . .	1,660	1,593	395	\$854,719 00
Arlington, . . . . .	2,760	3,261	471	2,833,684 00
Ashby, . . . . .	1,080	994	276	508,393 00
Ashland, . . . . .	1,702	2,186	363	632,632 00
Bedford, . . . . .	820	849	156	489,123 00
Belmont, . . . . .	1,279	1,513	218	3,521,429 00
Billerica, . . . . .	1,808	1,833	392	1,086,563 00
Boxborough, . . . . .	454	338	102	238,592 00
Brighton, . . . . .	3,859	4,967	653	3,812,694 00
Burlington, . . . . .	594	626	140	408,136 00
Cambridge, . . . . .	29,112	39,631	5,152	25,897,971 00
Carlisle, . . . . .	642	569	122	354,122 00

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1865.	Valuation in 1865.
	1865.	1870.		
MIDDLESEX— <i>Con.</i>				
Charlestown, . . .	26,399	28,323	5,596	\$18,292,544 00
Chelmsford, . . .	2,291	2,374	416	1,546,508 00
Concord, . . .	2,232	2,412	486	1,658,881 00
Dracut, . . .	1,905	2,078	401	1,109,304 00
Dunstable, . . .	533	471	128	391,146 00
Everett,* . . .	—	2,220	—	—
Framingham, . . .	4,665	4,968	887	2,799,308 00
Groton, . . .	3,176	3,584	619	1,553,920 00
Holliston, . . .	3,125	3,073	694	1,502,682 00
Hopkinton, . . .	4,132	4,419	824	1,595,257 00
Hudson, † . . .	—	3,389	—	—
Lexington, . . .	2,220	2,277	385	1,747,459 00
Lincoln, . . .	711	791	137	606,833 00
Littleton, . . .	967	983	204	632,380 00
Lowell, . . .	30,990	40,928	5,150	20,980,041 00
Malden, ‡ . . .	6,840	7,367	1,353	4,040,431 00
Marlborough, . . .	7,164	8,474	1,182	2,530,622 00
Medford, . . .	4,839	5,717	1,031	5,491,054 00
Melrose, . . .	2,865	3,414	567	1,704,583 00
Natick, . . .	5,208	6,404	1,099	1,841,121 00
Newton, . . .	8,975	12,825	1,591	9,800,738 00
North Reading, . . .	987	942	241	577,389 00
Pepperell, . . .	1,709	1,842	379	724,405 00
Reading, . . .	2,436	2,664	567	1,293,056 00
Sherborn, . . .	1,048	1,062	245	869,539 00
Shirley, . . .	1,217	1,451	272	676,275 00
Somerville, . . .	9,353	14,685	1,667	5,683,244 00
Stoneham, . . .	3,298	4,513	737	1,333,637 00
Stow, . . .	1,537	1,813	265	764,278 00
Sudbury, . . .	1,703	2,091	323	1,052,778 00
Tewksbury, . . .	1,801	1,944	246	747,624 00
Townsend, . . .	2,042	1,962	481	737,352 00
Tyngsborough, . . .	578	629	132	348,137 00
Wakefield, § . . .	3,244	4,135	643	1,778,786 00
Waltham, . . .	6,896	9,065	1,022	5,552,109 00
Watertown, . . .	3,779	4,326	690	2,757,957 00
Wayland, . . .	1,137	1,240	268	658,073 00
Westford, . . .	1,568	1,803	325	998,438 00
Weston, . . .	1,231	1,261	287	1,103,274 00
Wilmington, . . .	850	866	204	563,181 00
Winchester, . . .	1,968	2,645	351	1,455,772 00
Woburn, . . .	6,999	8,560	1,385	4,986,549 00
Totals, . . .	220,384	274,353	41,935	\$155,324,723 00

\* Incorporated March 9, 1870.

† Incorporated March 19, 1866.

‡ Town divided in 1870.

§ Formerly South Reading.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1865.	Valuation in 1865.
	1865.	1870.		
<b>NANTUCKET.</b>				
Nantucket, . . . . .	4,748	4,123	809	\$2,152,568 00
<b>NORFOLK.</b>				
Bellingham, . . . . .	1,240	1,282	271	\$463,951 00
Braintree, . . . . .	3,725	3,948	777	1,582,530 00
Brookline, . . . . .	5,262	6,650	761	12,107,550 00
Canton, . . . . .	3,318	3,879	573	2,211,313 00
Cohasset, . . . . .	2,048	2,130	492	1,174,953 00
Dedham, . . . . .	7,195	7,342	1,268	4,857,587 00
Dorchester,* . . . . .	10,717	*	1,860	12,521,038 00
Dover, . . . . .	616	645	136	358,774 00
Foxborough, . . . . .	2,778	3,057	592	1,284,524 00
Franklin, . . . . .	2,510	2,512	548	1,046,874 00
Hyde Park,† . . . . .	-	4,136	-	-
Medfield, . . . . .	1,012	1,142	224	613,135 00
Medway, . . . . .	3,219	3,721	707	1,251,393 00
Milton, . . . . .	2,770	2,683	486	4,271,263 00
Needham, . . . . .	2,793	3,607	495	1,798,498 00
Norfolk,‡ . . . . .	-	1,081	-	-
Quincy, . . . . .	6,718	7,442	1,276	3,833,508 00
Randolph, . . . . .	5,734	5,642	1,261	2,925,254 00
Roxbury,* . . . . .	28,426	*	4,483	23,808,776 00
Sharon, . . . . .	1,393	1,508	285	723,752 00
Stoughton, . . . . .	4,855	4,914	1,020	1,742,453 00
Walpole, . . . . .	2,018	2,137	468	1,132,102 00
West Roxbury, . . . . .	6,912	8,683	991	10,631,146 00
Weymouth, . . . . .	7,975	9,010	1,843	3,345,349 00
Wrentham, . . . . .	3,072	2,292	708	1,412,051 00
Totals, . . . . .	116,306	89,443	21,525	\$95,097,794 00
<b>PLYMOUTH.</b>				
Abington, . . . . .	8,576	9,308	1,833	\$3,059,801 00
Bridgewater, . . . . .	4,196	3,660	629	1,992,756 00
Carver, . . . . .	1,059	1,092	260	459,583 00
Duxbury, . . . . .	2,384	2,341	631	1,006,782 00
East Bridgewater, . . . . .	2,976	3,017	753	1,136,937 00
Halifax, . . . . .	722	619	210	354,039 00
Hanover, . . . . .	1,545	1,628	414	747,591 00
Hanson, . . . . .	1,196	1,219	329	458,168 00
Hingham, . . . . .	4,176	4,422	865	2,391,437 00
Hull, . . . . .	260	261	66	150,864 00
Kingston, . . . . .	1,626	1,604	354	1,334,298 00

\* In 1870, a part of Boston.

† Incorporated April 22, 1868.

‡ Incorporated Feb. 23, 1870.



COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1865.	Valuation in 1865.
	1865.	1870.		
<b>PLYMOUTH—Con.</b>				
Lakeville, . . . . .	1,110	1,159	312	\$571,124 00
Marion, . . . . .	960	896	245	459,009 00
Marshfield, . . . . .	1,809	1,659	452	853,777 00
Mattapoiset, . . . . .	1,451	1,361	375	540,118 00
Middleborough, . . . . .	4,565	4,687	1,112	2,132,878 00
North Bridgewater, . . . . .	6,332	8,007	1,362	2,209,339 00
Pembroke, . . . . .	1,489	1,447	367	575,998 00
Plymouth, . . . . .	6,068	6,239	1,539	3,145,119 00
Plympton, . . . . .	924	803	235	304,305 00
Rochester, . . . . .	1,156	1,024	300	547,181 00
Scituate, . . . . .	2,269	2,350	572	852,105 00
South Scituate, . . . . .	1,635	1,661	423	840,924 00
Wareham, . . . . .	2,798	3,098	610	882,580 00
West Bridgewater, . . . . .	1,825	1,803	390	945,350 00
Totals, . . . . .	63,107	65,365	14,643	\$27,932,058 00
<b>SUFFOLK.</b>				
Boston, . . . . .	192,318	250,526	33,890	\$378,303,357 00
Chelsea, . . . . .	14,403	18,547	2,502	7,706,745 00
North Chelsea, . . . . .	858	1,197	188	860,359 00
Winthrop, . . . . .	633	532	140	406,239 00
Totals, . . . . .	208,212	270,802	36,720	\$387,276,700 00
<b>WORCESTER.</b>				
Ashburnham, . . . . .	2,153	2,172	500	\$789,081 00
Athol, . . . . .	2,814	3,517	703	1,085,516 00
Auburn, . . . . .	959	1,178	144	503,928 00
Barre, . . . . .	2,856	2,572	683	1,797,762 00
Berlin, . . . . .	1,061	1,016	229	401,831 00
Blackstone, . . . . .	4,857	5,421	799	1,993,024 00
Bolton, . . . . .	1,502	1,014	331	636,514 00
Boylston, . . . . .	792	800	194	467,551 00
Brookfield, . . . . .	2,101	2,527	496	973,359 00
Charlton, . . . . .	1,925	1,878	429	909,729 00
Clinton, . . . . .	4,021	5,429	518	2,017,299 00
Dana, . . . . .	789	758	193	242,117 00
Douglas, . . . . .	2,155	2,182	413	-
Dudley, . . . . .	2,076	2,388	289	681,471 00
Fitchburg, . . . . .	8,118	11,260	1,514	4,240,242 00
Gardner, . . . . .	2,553	3,333	507	905,324 00
Grafton, . . . . .	3,961	4,594	751	1,777,973 00
Hardwick, . . . . .	1,967	2,219	338	1,099,438 00
Harvard, . . . . .	1,355	1,341	342	932,514 00
Holden, . . . . .	1,846	2,062	358	852,695 00
Hubbardston, . . . . .	1,546	1,654	344	741,433 00

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1865.	Valuation in 1865.
	1865.	1870.		
<b>WORCESTER—Con.</b>				
Lancaster, . . . . .	1,752	1,845	323	\$ 1,004,802 00
Leicester, . . . . .	2,527	2,768	479	1,615,658 00
Leominster, . . . . .	3,313	3,894	854	1,933,122 00
Lunenburg, . . . . .	1,167	1,121	282	731,560 00
Mendon, . . . . .	1,207	1,175	263	668,709 00
Milford, . . . . .	9,108	9,890	1,186	3,275,231 00
Millbury, . . . . .	3,780	4,397	618	1,392,456 00
New Braintree, . . . . .	752	640	139	553,719 00
Northborough, . . . . .	1,623	1,504	311	1,034,978 00
Northbridge, . . . . .	2,642	3,774	512	898,385 00
North Brookfield, . . . . .	2,514	3,343	500	1,104,648 00
Oakham, . . . . .	925	860	219	318,003 00
Oxford, . . . . .	2,713	2,669	516	1,137,476 00
Paxton, . . . . .	626	646	156	297,237 00
Petersham, . . . . .	1,428	1,335	305	651,779 00
Phillipston, . . . . .	725	693	150	320,834 00
Princeton, . . . . .	1,239	1,279	277	778,666 00
Royalston, . . . . .	1,441	1,354	328	711,872 00
Rutland, . . . . .	1,011	1,024	234	523,646 00
Shrewsbury, . . . . .	1,570	1,610	353	1,026,968 00
Southborough, . . . . .	1,750	2,135	338	957,409 00
Southbridge, . . . . .	4,131	5,208	546	1,696,264 00
Spencer, . . . . .	3,024	3,952	529	1,363,465 00
Sterling, . . . . .	1,668	1,670	404	1,086,710 00
Sturbridge, . . . . .	1,993	2,101	425	864,875 00
Sutton, . . . . .	2,363	2,699	513	1,141,588 00
Templeton, . . . . .	2,390	2,803	607	979,116 00
Upton, . . . . .	2,018	1,939	481	736,082 00
Uxbridge, . . . . .	2,838	3,058	457	1,624,174 00
Warren, . . . . .	2,180	2,625	442	985,109 00
Webster, . . . . .	3,608	4,763	815	1,060,039 00
Westborough, . . . . .	3,141	3,601	544	860,922 00
West Boylston, . . . . .	2,294	2,862	422	679,389 00
West Brookfield, . . . . .	1,549	1,842	294	1,337,740 00
Westminster, . . . . .	1,639	1,770	334	721,267 00
Winchendon, . . . . .	2,801	3,398	619	1,160,952 00
Worcester, . . . . .	30,055	41,107	5,880	19,701,244 00
<b>Totals, . . . . .</b>	<b>162,912</b>	<b>192,718</b>	<b>31,780</b>	<b>\$80,857,766 00</b>

RECAPITULATION.

COUNTIES.	No. of TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1865.	Valuation in 1865.
		1865.	1870.		
		Barnstable, . . . . .	14		
Berkshire, . . . . .	31	56,944	64,826	10,566	27,937,444 00
Bristol, . . . . .	19	89,395	102,886	18,576	59,564,698 00
Dukes, . . . . .	5	4,200	3,787	1,101	2,183,975 00
Essex, . . . . .	34	171,034	200,843	33,072	90,393,467 00
Franklin, . . . . .	26	31,340	32,635	7,117	13,048,120 00
Hampden, . . . . .	21	64,570	78,409	12,380	33,253,177 00
Hampshire, . . . . .	23	39,269	44,388	7,668	20,510,994 00
Middlesex, . . . . .	54	220,384	274,853	41,985	155,314,723 00
Nantucket, . . . . .	1	4,748	4,123	809	2,152,568 00
Norfolk, . . . . .	23	116,396	89,443	21,525	95,079,794 00
Plymouth, . . . . .	25	63,107	65,365	14,643	27,932,053 00
Suffolk, . . . . .	4	208,212	270,802	36,720	378,276,700 00
Worcester, . . . . .	58	162,912	192,718	31,780	80,857,766 00
Totals, . . . . .	338	1,267,031	1,457,862	246,182	\$1,009,709,652 00

[The following Table is copied from the "Abstract of the Census of 1860," prepared in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth by GEORGE WINGATE CHASE, and published in 1863. The compilers of the Manual have made the alterations and additions necessary to bring the facts up to 1871.]

BARNSTABLE COUNTY, INCORPORATED JUNE 2, 1685.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Barnstable, . . . . .	Sept. 3, 1639,	Indian names, Chequoeket, Coatuit, &c.
Brewster, . . . . .	Feb. 19, 1803,	Indian name, Sawkattukett. Northerly part of Harwich Part of Harwich annexed to Brewster, June 21, 1811.
Chatham, . . . . .	June 11, 1712,	Indian name, Manamoit.
Dennis, . . . . .	June 19, 1793,	East Precinct of Yarmouth.
Eastham, . . . . .	June 2, 1646,	Indian name, Nauset. See <i>Orleans</i> .
Falmouth, . . . . .	June 4, 1686,	Indian name, Succanisset. Part of Marshpee annexed to Falmouth, March 17, 1841. See <i>Mashpee</i> .
Harwich, . . . . .	Sept. 14, 1694,	Indian name, Satucket. See <i>Brewster</i> .
Mashpee, . . . . .	May 28, 1870,	Plantation of Marshpee incorporated June 14, 1763, except parts annexed to Falmouth and Sandwich, incorporated as District of Marshpee, March 31, 1834. See <i>Falmouth</i> and <i>Sandwich</i> .

Orleans, . . . . .	Mar. 3, 1797,	Southerly part of Eastham. Part of Eastham annexed to Orleans, March 9, 1839.
Provincetown, . . . . .	June 14, 1727,	Cape Cod Precinct. Parts of Truro annexed to Provincetown, June 12, 1813, March 2, 1829, and March 30, 1836
Sandwich, . . . . .	Sept. 3, 1639,	Indian name, Shaume. Parts of Marshpee annexed to Sandwich, February 26, 1811, April 1, 1859, and March 13, 1860. See <i>Mashpee</i> .
Truro, . . . . .	July 16, 1709,	Indian name, Pawmet or Meeshawm. Boundary line between Truro and Wellfleet established February 23, 1837. See <i>Provincetown</i> .
Wellfleet, . . . . .	June 16, 1763,	Indian name, Punonakanit. North Precinct of Eastham. Incorporated as a District.* See <i>Truro</i> .
Yarmouth, . . . . .	Sept. 3, 1639,	Indian name, Mattacheese or Nobscuset. See <i>Dennis</i> .

BERKSHIRE COUNTY, INCORPORATED APRIL 24, 1761. See *Hampshire County*.

Adams, . . . . .	Oct. 15, 1778,	East Hoosuck. See <i>Cheshire</i> .
Alford, . . . . .	Feb. 16, 1773,	Westerly part of Great Barrington Part of Great Barrington annexed to Alford, February 18, 1819. See <i>Egremont</i> .
Becket, . . . . .	June 21, 1765,	"No. 4." Several grants of land annexed to Becket, February 3, 1798. Part of Loudon (Bethlehem) annexed to Becket, March 1, 1810. See <i>Middlefield</i> .

\* By an Act of March 23, 1786, all places incorporated by the name of Districts before the first day of January, 1777, were "declared to be towns, to every intent and purpose whatever." By the same Act, Districts incorporated subsequent to 1777, were vested with similar powers and privileges.

## BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
<i>Boston Corner (Dist.),</i>	Apr. 14, 1838,	Incorporated as a District, from unincorporated land. Boundary line between Mount Washington and Boston Corner established March 12, 1847. Boston Corner (940 acres and 73 inhabitants) ceded to State of New York, May 14, 1853.
Cheshire, . . . . .	Mar. 14, 1793,	From parts of Lanesboro', Windsor, Adams and New Ashford. Part of New Ashford annexed to Cheshire, February 6, 1798. See <i>Windsor</i> .
Clarksburg, . . . . .	Mar. 2, 1798,	From a Gore of unincorporated land, lying north of Adams. See <i>Florida</i> .
Dalton, . . . . .	Mar. 20, 1784,	Ashuelot Equivalent. Part of Windsor annexed to Dalton, February 28, 1795.
Egremont, . . . . .	Feb. 13, 1760,	From lands lying west of Sheffield. Boundary line between Egremont and Alford established February 6, 1790. Parts of Sheffield annexed to Egremont, February 22, 1790, and February 16, 1824; and part of Mt. Washington, June 17, 1817. See <i>Mt. Washington</i> .
Florida, . . . . .	June 15, 1805,	From Barnardstone's (Bernardston's) Grant, and a part of Bullock's Grant (unincorporated lands). Part of Clarksburg annexed to Florida, May 2, 1848.
Great Barrington, . . . . .	June 30, 1761,	North Parish of Sheffield. Upper Hoosatonnuck. See <i>Alford</i> .
Hancock, . . . . .	July 2, 1776,	Jericho. See <i>New Ashford</i> .
Hinsdale, . . . . .	June 21, 1804,	Westerly Parish of Partridgefield.

Lanesborough, . . .	June 21, 1765,	New Framingham. See <i>Cheshire</i> .
Lee, . . .	Oct. 21, 1777,	From the south-westerly part of Washington, north-easterly part of Great Barrington (or Hopland's, so called), the Glass Works Grant and part of William's Grant. See <i>Lenox</i> .
Lenox, . . .	Feb. 26, 1767,	East part of Richmond. Parts of Washington annexed to Lenox, January 31, 1795, and February 18, 1802. Boundary line between Lenox and Lee established, February 7, 1820.
Monterey, . . .	Apr. 12, 1847,	Part of Tyringham. Part of New Marlborough annexed to Monterey, May 24, 1851.
Mt. Washington, . . .	June 21, 1779,	Tanconock (Taconic) Mountain. Part of Egremont annexed to Mount Washington, June 17, 1817. Boundary line established, March 12, 1847. See <i>Egremont</i> and <i>Boston Corner</i> .
New Ashford, . . .	Feb. 26, 1781,	Incorporated as a District, February 26, 1781, and as a Town, May 1, 1836. Part of Hancock annexed to New Ashford, June 26, 1798. See <i>Cheshire</i> .
New Marlborough, . . .	June 15, 1759,	"No. 2" Parts of Sheffield annexed to New Marlborough, June 10, 1795, and February 7, 1798; and parts of Tyringham, February 27, 1811. See <i>Monterey</i> and <i>Tyringham</i> .
Otis, . . .	June 13, 1810,	Town of Loudon and District of Bethlehem united as the Town of Loudon, June 19, 1809, and the name changed to Otis, June 13, 1810. Part of East 11,000 acres of unincorporated land annexed to Otis and part to Saudisfield, April 9, 1838. See <i>Bethlehem</i> .
<i>Bethlehem (District)</i> , . . .	June 24, 1789,	North 11,000 acres. See <i>Otis</i> .
<i>Loudon</i> , . . .	Feb. 24, 1773,	Tyringham Equivalent. See <i>Becket</i> and <i>Otis</i> .

## BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Peru, . . . . .	July 4, 1771,	Partridgefield incorporated July 4, 1771, and name changed to Peru, June 19, 1806.
<i>Partridgefield</i> , . . . . .	July 4, 1771,	See <i>Peru</i> , <i>Hinsdale</i> and <i>Middlefield</i> .
Pittsfield, . . . . .	Apr. 21, 1761,	Indian name, Pontoosuck.
Richmond, . . . . .	June 21, 1765,	Yokum and Mount Ephraim. Name changed from Richmond in 1785. Boundary line between Richmond and West Stockbridge established, March 24, 1834. See <i>Lenox</i> .
Sandisfield, . . . . .	Mar. 6, 1762,	"No. 3." District of Southfield united with Sandisfield, February 8, 1819. Portion of boundary line between Sandisfield and Tolland defined, May 4, 1853. See <i>Otis</i> and <i>Southfield</i> .
<i>Southfield</i> ( <i>District</i> ), . . . . .	June 19, 1797,	South 11,000 acres. See <i>Sandisfield</i> .
Savoy, . . . . .	Feb. 20, 1797,	"No. 6."
Sheffield, . . . . .	June 22, 1733,	Lower Housatonnuc. See <i>Egremont</i> and <i>New Marlborough</i> .
Stockbridge, . . . . .	June 22, 1739,	Housatonnuc, or Housetonick. Boundary line between Stockbridge and West Stockbridge changed, February 6, 1830. See <i>West Stockbridge</i> .
Tyringham, . . . . .	Mar. 6, 1762,	"No. 1." Part of New Marlborough annexed to Tyringham, February 11, 1812. See <i>New Marlborough</i> and <i>Monterey</i> .



Washington, . . .	Apr. 12, 1777,	Hartwood. See <i>Egremont, Middlefield</i> and <i>Lenox</i> .
West Stockbridge, . . .	Feb. 23, 1774,	West part of Stockbridge. Gore of land annexed to West Stockbridge, March 2, 1793. Part of Stockbridge annexed to West Stockbridge, February 12, 1824. See <i>Richmond</i> and <i>Stockbridge</i> .
Williamstown, . . .	June 21, 1765,	West Hoosuck. A tract of unincorporated land, bounded west by State of New York, annexed to Williamstown, April 9, 1838.
Windsor, . . .	July 2, 1771,	Gageboro', or "No. 4." Part of Cheshire annexed to Windsor, February 26, 1794. See <i>Cheshire</i> and <i>Dalton</i> .

## BRISTOL COUNTY, INCORPORATED JUNE 21, 1685.

Acushnet, . . .	Feb. 13, 1860,	Northerly part of Fairhaven.
Attleborough, . . .	Oct. 19, 1694,	North Purchase. Boundary line between Attleborough and Wrentham established, February 18, 1819.
Berkley, . . .	Apr. 18, 1735,	From parts of Taunton and Dighton. Part of Dighton annexed to Berkley, February 26, 1799, and parts of Taunton, February 6, 1810, and March 3, 1842. See <i>Freetown</i> .
Dartmouth, . . .	June 8, 1664,	Indian names, Apponeganset, Acushena and Coakset. Boundary line between Dartmouth and Westport changed, February 20, 1828. See <i>Westport</i> .
Dighton, . . .	May 30, 1712,	South Precinct of Taunton. Wellington set off from north part Dighton, June 9, 1814. Boundary line between Dighton and Wellington established, February 12, 1824, Wellington and Dighton united as one town, February 22, 1826, and March 3, 1827. See <i>Berkley, Somerset</i> and <i>Freetown</i> .

## BRISTOL COUNTY—Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
<i>Wellington</i> , . . . . .	June 8, 1814,	North part of Dighton. See <i>Dighton</i> .
<i>Easton</i> , . . . . .	Dec. 21, 1725,	Indian name, Hockamock. Part of Norton.
<i>Fairhaven</i> , . . . . .	Feb. 22, 1812,	Easterly part of New Bedford. Part of Freetown annexed to Fairhaven, June 15, 1815. See <i>Acushnet</i> and <i>Rochester</i> .
<i>Fall River</i> , . . . . .	Feb. 26, 1803,	Southerly part of Freetown. Name of Fall River changed to Troy, June 18, 1804. Name of Troy changed to Fall River, February 12, 1834. Incorporated as a City, April 12, 1854. Act accepted April 23, 1854. Part of Fall River, Rhode Island, annexed to Fall River, Mass., 1861. See <i>Freetown</i> and <i>Pawtucket</i> .
<i>Freetown</i> , . . . . .	July 7, 1683,	The Free Men's land at Fall River. Centre of main ship channel in Taunton Great River established as boundary line of Berkley, Dighton, Freetown, Fall River and Somerset, March 17, 1847. See <i>Fairhaven</i> and <i>Fall River</i> .
<i>Mansfield</i> , . . . . .	Apr. 26, 1770,	North Precinct of Norton. Incorporated as a District. See note, page 171.
<i>New Bedford</i> , . . . . .	Feb. 23, 1787,	Easterly part of Dartmouth. Indian name Acushnett, or Akushenet. Part of Dartmouth annexed to New Bedford, March 20, 1845. Incorporated as a City, March 9, 1847. Act accepted, March 18, 1847. See <i>Dartmouth</i> and <i>Fairhaven</i> .
<i>Norton</i> , . . . . .	June 12, 1711,	North Precinct of Taunton. See <i>Easton</i> and <i>Mansfield</i> .

Part of Seekonk. By change of the boundary line between Massachusetts and Rhode Island, in 1861, all of Pawtucket, except that part lying easterly of Seven Mile River, was annexed to Rhode Island. The excepted part was the same year annexed to the town of Seekonk.

<i>Pawtucket</i> (R. I.),	Mar. 1, 1828,	
Raynham, . . . .	Apr. 2, 1731,	Part of Taunton.
Rehoboth, . . . .	June 4, 1645,	Indian name, Seconet. See <i>Seekonk</i> .
12 Seekonk, . . . .	Feb. 26, 1812,	Westerly part of Rehoboth. Part of Seekonk annexed to Rhode Island, 1861. See <i>Pawtucket</i> .
Somerset, . . . .	Feb. 20, 1790,	Indian name, Shewamet. A part of Swanzey. Part of Dighton annexed to Somerset, April 4, 1854. See <i>Freetown</i> .
Swanzey, . . . .	Oct. 30, 1667,	Indian names, Mattapoiset, Wannamoisset and Ashuelot. See <i>Somerset</i> .
Taunton, . . . .	Sept. 3, 1639,	Indian name, Tecticut, or Cohannet. See <i>Berkley</i> . Act of incorporation as a City granted March 31, 1860; refused by the town, April, 1860. Act again granted May 11, 1864, and accepted.
Westport, . . . .	July 2, 1787,	Indian name, Acoakset. Parts of Dartmouth annexed to Westport, February 25, 1793, February 28, 1785, and March 4, 1805. Part of Portsmouth, Rhode Island, annexed to Westport in 1861. See <i>Dartmouth</i> and <i>Pawtucket</i> .

DUKES COUNTY, INCORPORATED NOVEMBER 1, 1683.  
Indian name, Cappawock or Capawack. Martha's Vineyard.

Edgartown, . . . .	July 8, 1671,	Indian name, Chappequidick. Boundary line between Edgartown and Tisbury established February 5, 1830.
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DUKES COUNTY—Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Chilmark, . . . . .	Oct. 30, 1714,	Indian name, Nashuakemmiuk. Manor of Tisbury. In 1820, Chilmark included the Elizabeth Isles. Boundary line between Chilmark and the Indians of Gay Head established March 9, 1855. See <i>Gay Head</i> and <i>Gosnold</i> .
Gay Head, . . . . .	Apr. 30, 1870,	Part of Chilmark.
Gosnold, . . . . .	Mar. 17, 1864,	That part of Chilmark known as the Elizabeth Islands.
Tisbury, . . . . .	July 8, 1671,	Indian name, Chappaquonsett. In 1810, Tisbury included the Elizabeth Isles. See <i>Chilmark</i> and <i>Edgartown</i> .

ESSEX COUNTY, INCORPORATED MAY 10, 1643. See *Norfolk County*.

Amesbury, . . . . .	Apr. 29, 1668,	New Salisbury, or Salisbury New-town; a part of Salisbury. Part of Salisbury annexed to Amesbury, March 15, 1844.
Andover, . . . . .	May 6, 1646,	Indian name, Cochichawick, or Quichichchek. See <i>North Andover</i> , <i>Middleton</i> and <i>Lawrence</i> .
Boxford, . . . . .	Aug. 12, 1685,	Rowley Village. Part of Rowley annexed to Boxford, June 10, 1808; and part of Ipswich, March 7, 1846. Boundary line between Boxford and Rowley established June 18, 1825. See <i>Groveland</i> and <i>Middleton</i> .

Beverly, . . . . .	Oct. 14, 1668,	Bass River. See <i>Danvers</i> .
Bradford, . . . . .	—, 1675,	Merrimack. See <i>Groveland</i> and <i>Newbury</i> .
Danvers, . . . . .	June 16, 1757,	Village and Middle Parishes of Salem. A District, January 28, 1752. Boundary line between Danvers and Salem changed March 17, 1840. May 18, 1855, Danvers was divided into two towns, that part known as North Danvers receiving the name of Danvers, and the remaining portion the name of South Danvers. Boundary line between Danvers and South Danvers established May 31, 1856. Part of Beverly annexed to Danvers, April 27, 1857.
Essex, . . . . .	Feb. 18, 1819,	Chebacco. Second Parish of Ipswich.
Georgetown, . . . . .	Apr. 21, 1838,	New Rowley. Part of Rowley.
Gloucester, . . . . .	May 22, 1630,	Cape Ann. Indian names, Wyngaersheck and Tragablgzanda. See <i>Rockport</i> .
Groveland, . . . . .	Mar. 8, 1850,	East Parish of Bradford. Part of Boxford annexed to Groveland, March 21, 1856.
Hamilton, . . . . .	June 21, 1793,	Ipswich Hamlet. A Parish of Ipswich.
Haverhill, . . . . .	—, 1645,	Indian name, Pentucket. Haverhill originally included a large part of the territory of the present towns of Salem, Plaistow, Atkinson and Hampstead, in New Hampshire, and Methuen and Lawrence, Massachusetts. Made a City by Act approved March 10, 1869, and vote of the people.
Ipswich, . . . . .	Aug. 5, 1634,	Indian name, Agawam. See <i>Boxford</i> , <i>Essex</i> and <i>Hamilton</i> .

ESSEX COUNTY—Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Lawrence, . . .	Apr. 17, 1847,	From parts of Andover and Methuen. Incorporated as a City, March 21, 1853. Act accepted March 29, 1853. Small portion of Methuen annexed to Lawrence, April 4, 1854. See <i>Haverhill</i> .
Lynn, . . .	Nov. . ., 1637,	Indian name, Sagus, or Saugus. Boundary line between Lynn and Chelsea defined June 21, 1830. Incorporated as a City, April 10, 1850. Act accepted May 14, 1850. See <i>Chelsea, Lynnfield, Nahant and Saugus</i> .
Lynnfield, . . .	July 3, 1782,	Set off from Lynn, and incorporated as a District, July 3, 1782. Incorporated as a Town, February 28, 1814. Boundary line between Lynnfield and Reading established April 10, 1854. See <i>North Reading</i> .
Manchester, . . .	May 14, 1645,	Jeffry's Creek.
Marblehead, . . .	May 2, 1649,	Marble-harbor.
Methuen, . . .	Dec. 8, 1725,	Part of Haverhill. See <i>Lawrence and Haverhill</i> .
Middleton, . . .	June 20, 1728,	From parts of Salem, Topsfield, Boxford and Andover
Nahant, . . .	Mar. 29, 1853,	Set off from Lynn.
Newbury, . . .	May 6, 1835,	Indian names, Quasacunquen and Wessacucus. Boundary line between Newbury and Bradford established June 16, 1809. See <i>Newburyport and West Newbury</i> .
North Andover, . . .	Apr. 7, 1855,	North Parish of Andover.

Newburyport, . . .	Jan. 28, 1764,	Part of Newbury. Part of Newbury annexed to Newburyport, April 17, 1851.
Peabody, . . .	May 18, 1855,	See <i>South Danvers</i> .
Rockport, . . .	Feb. 27, 1840,	Part of Gloucester.
Rowley, . . .	Sept. 4, 1639,	See <i>Boxford</i> and <i>Georgetown</i> .
Salem, . . .	June 24, 1629,	Indian name, Naunkeag, or Naumkeake. Incorporated as a City, March 23, 1836. Act accepted April 4, 1836. See <i>Danvers</i> , <i>South Danvers</i> and <i>Middletton</i> .
Salisbury, . . .	Oct. 7, 1640,	Colchester. See <i>Amesbury</i> .
Saugus, . . .	Feb. 17, 1815,	Part of Lynn. Part of Chelsea annexed to Saugus, February 22, 1841. See <i>Lynn</i> .
<i>South Danvers</i> , . . .	May 18, 1855,	See <i>Danvers</i> . Boundary line between South Danvers and Salem changed April 30, 1856. Name changed to Peabody by Act of April 13, 1868; approved by the people.
Swampscott, . . .	May 21, 1852,	Easterly part of Lynn.
Topsfield, . . .	Oct. 18, 1650,	New Meadows. See <i>Middletton</i> .
Wenham, . . .	May 10, 1643,	Enon, or Salem Village.
West Newbury, . . .	June 14, 1820,	Parsons, a part of Newbury. See <i>Parsons</i> .
<i>Parsons</i> , . . .	Feb. 18, 1819,	Part of Newbury. Name changed to West Newbury, June 14, 1820.

FRANKLIN COUNTY, INCORPORATED JUNE 24, 1811. See *Hampshire County.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Ashfield, . . . . .	June 21, 1765,	Huntstown.
Bernardston, . . . . .	Mar. 6, 1762,	Falltown. Part of Deerfield annexed to Bernardston, April 14, 1838. See <i>Leyden.</i>
Buckland, . . . . .	Apr. 14, 1779,	"No-town." Part of Conway annexed to Buckland, April 14, 1838.
Charlemont, . . . . .	June 21, 1765,	Plantation of Charlemont. See <i>Rowe, Heath and Shelburne.</i>
<i>Zoar</i> , . . . . .	- - -	See <i>Rowe.</i>
Colrain, . . . . .	June 30, 1761,	Colrain.
Conway, . . . . .	June 16, 1767,	South-west part of Deerfield. Part of Deerfield annexed to Conway, June 17, 1791. Boundary line between Conway, Deerfield and Whately defined, June 21, 1811. See <i>Buckland</i>
Deerfield, . . . . .	May 24, 1682,	Indian name, Paumontock or Pocomtuck. See <i>Bernardston, Conway, Shelburne and Whately.</i>
Erving, . . . . .	Apr. 17, 1838,	Erving's Grant. Part of Northfield,—known as Hack's Grant,—annexed to Erving, February 19, 1860. See <i>New Salem and Orange.</i>
Gill, . . . . .	Sept. 28, 1793,	Easterly part of Greenfield. Part of Northfield annexed to Gill, February 28, 1795; and Great Island, in Connecticut River, March 14, 1805.
Greenfield, . . . . .	June 9, 1753,	North-easterly part of Deerfield. See <i>Gill.</i>



Hawley, . . . . .	Feb. 7, 1792,	Plantation No. 7. See <i>Plainfield</i> .
Heath, . . . . .	Feb. 14, 1785,	North-easterly part of Charlemont.
Leverett, . . . . .	May 5, 1774,	Part of Sunderland.
Leyden, . . . . .	Feb. 22, 1809,	Part of Bernardston. District of Leyden.
Monroe, . . . . .	Feb. 21, 1822,	From a part of Rowe, and the Gore north of Florida.
Montague, . . . . .	Dec. 22, 1753,	North Parish of Sunderland. See <i>Wendell</i> .
New Salem, . . . . .	June 15, 1753,	Part of Shutesbury annexed to New Salem, February 20, 1834. See <i>Prescott, Athol and Orange</i> .
Northfield, . . . . .	Feb. 22, 1713,	Indian name, Squakeag. See <i>Erving and Gill</i> .
Orange, . . . . .	Feb. 24, 1810,	District of Orange. Parts of Erving's Grant and New Salem annexed to Orange, March 16, 1837. Boundary line between Orange and Erving established February 27, 1841. See <i>Athol</i> .
Rowe, . . . . .	Feb. 9, 1785,	Myrfield and several tracts of land. Part of Zoar, in Berkshire County, annexed to Rowe, and part to Charlemont, April 2, 1838. See <i>Monroe and Zoar</i> .
Shelburne, . . . . .	June 21, 1768,	North-westerly part of Deerfield. Gore of land annexed to Shelburne and Charlemont, March 19, 1703.
Shutesbury, . . . . .	June 30, 1761,	Roads-town. See <i>New Salem</i> .
Sunderland, . . . . .	Nov. 12, 1714,	Swampfield. See <i>Leverett and Montague</i> .
Warwick, . . . . .	Feb. 17, 1763,	Roxbury Canada.

FRANKLIN COUNTY—Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Wendell, . . . .	May 8, 1781,	Part of Shutesbury and Erving-shire. Part of Montague and a Gore of land annexed to Wendell, February 28, 1803.
Whately, . . . .	Apr. 24, 1771,	North part of Hatfield. Part of Deerfield annexed to Whately, March 5, 1810. Boundary line between Williamsburg and Whately established February 2, 1849. See <i>Conway</i> .

HAMPDEN COUNTY, INCORPORATED FEBRUARY 20, 1812. See *Hampshire County*.

Agawam, . . . .	May 17, 1835,	Part of West Springfield:—The Parishes of Feeding Hills and Agawam.
Blandford, . . . .	Apr. 10, 1741,	Glasgow. Boundary line between Blandford and Chester established February 22, 1809, and June 13, 1810, and between Blandford and Russell, February 22, 1809. See <i>Norwich</i> .
Brimfield, . . . .	July 14, 1731,	- - - - -
Chester, . . . .	Oct. 31, 1765,	Murrayfield. Name changed to Chester in 1783. See <i>Blandford, Norwich, Middlefield and Worthington</i> .
Chicopee, . . . .	Apr. 29, 1848,	Northerly part of Springfield.
Granville, . . . .	Jan. 25, 1754,	Bedford. First incorporated as a District. See <i>Tolland</i> .

Holland, . . . . .	July 5, 1785,	East Parish of South Brimfield. Incorporated as a District, July 5, 1785, and as a Town, May 1, 1836. See <i>Wales</i> .
Holyoke, . . . . .	Mar. 14, 1850,	Part of West Springfield.
Longmeadow, . . . . .	Oct. 17, 1783,	Indian name, Masaesick. Second Parish of Springfield.
Ludlow, . . . . .	Feb. 28, 1774,	Stony Hill. See <i>Springfield</i> .
Monson, . . . . .	Apr. 25, 1760,	Westerly part of Brimfield. Boundary line between Monson and Palmer established February 8, 1828.
Montgomery, . . . . .	Nov. 28, 1780,	Easterly part of "No. 5." Part of Norwich and Southampton annexed to Montgomery, March 6, 1792. See <i>Russell</i> .
Palmer, . . . . .	Jan. 30, 1752,	The Elbows. Part of Western annexed to Palmer, February 7, 1831. See <i>Monson</i> .
Russell, . . . . .	Feb. 25, 1792,	North-westerly part of Westfield, and part of Montgomery. See <i>Blandford</i> .
<i>South Brimfield</i> , . . . . .	Sept. 18, 1762,	See <i>Wales</i> .
Southwick, . . . . .	Nov. 17, 1770,	Southerly part of Westfield. First incorporated as a District. See <i>Westfield</i> .
Springfield, . . . . .	May 14, 1636,	Indian name, Agawan. Organized as a Town, May 14, 1636, O. S. Boundary line between Springfield and Ludlow established June 5, 1830. Incorporated as a City, April 12, 1852. Act accepted April 21, 1852. See <i>West Springfield</i> , <i>Wilbraham</i> , <i>Longmeadow</i> and <i>Chicopee</i> .
Tolland, . . . . .	June 14, 1810,	West Parish of Granville. See <i>Standisfield</i> .

HAMPDEN COUNTY—Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Wales, . . . . .	Sept. 18, 1762,	South Brimfield incorporated as a District, September 18, 1762, and as the Town of Wales, February 20, 1828. See <i>Holland</i> .
Westfield, . . . . .	May 19, 1669,	Indian name, Woroanoak, or Waranoke. Boundary line between Westfield and Southwick changed March 20, 1837. See <i>Southwick, Russell</i> and <i>West Springfield</i> .
West Springfield, . . . . .	Feb. 23, 1774,	West part of Springfield. Part of Westfield annexed to West Springfield, March 3, 1802. See <i>Agawam</i> and <i>Holyoke</i> .
Wilbraham, . . . . .	June 15, 1763,	Fourth Parish of Springfield. A tract of land called the Elbows annexed to Wilbraham, June 11, 1799.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY, INCORPORATED MAY 7, 1662.

April 27, 1761, the County of Hampshire was divided into two Counties, the westerly part taking the name of Berkshire. June 24, 1811, the northerly part of Hampshire was erected into a new County by the name of Franklin; and February 20, 1812, the southerly portion of the remaining part was incorporated as the County of Hampden.

Amherst, . . . . .	Feb. 13, 1759,	Second Precinct of Hadley. Parts of Hadley annexed to Amherst, February 28, 1811, February 18, 1812, and February 17, 1814.
Belchertown, . . . . .	June 30, 1761,	Cold Stream. See <i>Enfield</i> .

Chesterfield, . . . . .	June 11, 1762,	New Hingham. Part of Norwich annexed to Chesterfield, February 22, 1794. Boundary line between Chesterfield and Goshen established February 7, 1797; and between Chesterfield, Goshen and Williamsburg, February 16, 1810. See <i>Williamsburg</i> .
Cummington, . . . . .	June 23, 1779,	Easterly part of "No. 5, W.?" See <i>Plainfield</i> .
Easthampton, . . . . .	June 17, 1785,	Indian name, Pasacomuck. Parts of South and North Hampton. Incorporated as a District, June 17, 1785, and as a Town, June 16, 1809. Boundary line between Easthampton and Southampton established February 1, 1828. Parts of Southampton annexed to Easthampton, March 13, 1841, and April 4, 1850. Boundary line between Easthampton and Northampton established March 26, 1855. See <i>Southampton</i> .
Enfield, . . . . .	Feb. 16, 1816,	Parts of Greenwich and Belchertown.
Goshen, . . . . .	May 14, 1781,	Chesterfield Gore and northerly part of Chesterfield. See <i>Chesterfield</i> .
Granby, . . . . .	June 11, 1768,	Second Parish of South Hadley. Part of South Hadley annexed to Granby, March 6, 1792. Boundary line between Granby and South Hadley changed June 12, 1824, June 20, 1826, and June 16, 1827.
Greenwich, . . . . .	Apr. 20, 1754,	Indian name, Quabin. See <i>Dana, Enfield and Petersham</i> .
Hadley, . . . . .	May 22, 1661,	Indian name, Norwoitock. Boundary line between Hadley and Amherst changed March 1, 1815. See <i>South Hadley, Amherst and Northampton</i> .
Hatfield, . . . . .	May 11, 1670,	Boundary line between Hatfield and Williamsburg established, March 14, 1845, and March 19, 1847. See <i>Whately and Williamsburg</i> .
Huntington, . . . . .	June 29, 1773,	See <i>Norwich</i> .

## HAMPSHIRE COUNTY—Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Norwich, . . .	June 20, 1773,	Easterly part of Murrayfield. Parts of Chester and Blandford annexed to Norwich, April 28, 1853. Name changed to Huntington, March 9, 1855. See <i>Chesterfield</i> and <i>Montgomery</i> .
Middlefield, . . .	Mar. 12, 1783,	From parts of Worthington, Chester, Becket, Partridgefield, Washington and all of Prescott's Grant.
Northampton, . . .	Oct. 18, 1654,	Indian names, Nanotuck, Nonotuck, or Norwottock. Hockanum Meadows set off from Hadley and annexed to Northampton, April 15, 1850. See <i>Easthampton</i> , <i>Southampton</i> and <i>Westhampton</i> .
Pelham, . . .	Jan. 15, 1742,	New Lisburne. See <i>Prescott</i> .
Plainfield, . . .	Mar. 16, 1785,	Incorporated as a District, March 16, 1785, and as a Town, June 15, 1807.
Prescott, . . .	Jan. 28, 1822,	East Parish of Pelham and south part of New Salem.
South Hadley, . . .	Apr. 12, 1753,	Second Precinct of Hadley. See <i>Granby</i> .
Southampton, . . .	Jan. 5, 1753,	South Hampton. Second Precinct of Northampton. Part of Easthampton annexed to Southampton, March 13, 1841. See <i>Easthampton</i> and <i>Montgomery</i> .
Ware, . . .	Nov. 25, 1761,	Ware River Parish. Parts of Brookfield and Western annexed to Ware, February 8, 1823.
Westhampton, . . .	Sept. 29, 1778,	West part of Northampton.

Williamsburg, . . .	Apr. 24, 1771,	West part of Hatfield. Boundary line between Williamsburg and Chesterfield established, June 24, 1795. See <i>Chesterfield, Hatfield and Whately</i> .
Worthington, . . .	June 30, 1768,	"No. 3, W." Part of Chester annexed to Worthington, June 21, 1799. See <i>Middlefield</i> .

MIDDLESEX COUNTY, INCORPORATED MAY 10, 1643. See *Norfolk County*.

Acton, . . .	July 3, 1735,	Part of Concord. See <i>Carlisle</i> .
Arlington, . . .	Feb. 27, 1807,	See <i>West Cambridge</i> .
Ashby, . . .	Mar. 5, 1767,	From parts of Townsend, Fitchburg and Ashburnham. Part of Ashburnham annexed to Ashby, November 16, 1792, and part to Fitchburg, March 3, 1829.
Ashland, . . .	Mar. 16, 1846,	From parts of Hopkinton, Frammingham and Holliston. See <i>Hopkinton</i> .
Bedford, . . .	Sept. 23, 1729,	From parts of Billerica and Concord.
Belmont, . . .	Mar. 18, 1859,	From parts of West Cambridge, Watertown and Waltham.
Billerica, . . .	May 29, 1655,	Indian name, Shawshin. See <i>Bedford and Carlisle</i> .
Boxborough, . . .	Feb. 25, 1783,	From parts of Stow, Harvard and Littleton. Incorporated as a District, February 25, 1783, and as a Town, May 1, 1836. See <i>Littleton</i> .
Brighton, . . .	Feb. 24, 1807,	Southerly Parish of Cambridge; "Little Cambridge." Part of Cambridge annexed to Brighton, January 27, 1816.

## MIDDLESEX COUNTY—Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Burlington, . . . . .	Feb. 28, 1799,	Part of Woburn. See <i>Lexington</i> .
Cambridge, . . . . .	Sept. 8, 1633,	"New-town." Parts of Charlestown annexed to Cambridge, March 6, 1802, February 12, 1818, and June 17, 1820. Incorporated as a City, March 17, 1846. Act accepted March 30, 1846. Part of Watertown annexed to Cambridge, April 27, 1855. Boundary line between Somerville and Cambridge changed April 30, 1856. See <i>Belmont, Brighton, Lexington and West Cambridge</i> .
Carlisle, . . . . .	Apr. 28, 1780,	Parts of Concord, Acton, Chelmsford and Billerica, incorporated as the District of Carlisle, April 28, 1780; and as a Town February 18, 1805.
Charlestown, . . . . .	June 24, 1629,	Indian name, Mishawum. Part of Medford annexed to Charlestown, June 21, 1811. Incorporated as a City February 22, 1847. Act accepted March 16, 1847. See <i>Cambridge, West Cambridge, Stoneham, Woburn and Somerville</i> .
Chelmsford, . . . . .	May 29, 1655,	See <i>Lovell, Carlisle and Westford</i> .
Concord, . . . . .	Sept. 2, 1635,	Indian name, Musquetequid. See <i>Acton, Bedford, Lincoln and Carlisle</i> .
Dracut, . . . . .	Feb. 26, 1701,	See <i>Lovell</i> .
Dunstable, . . . . .	Oct. 15, 1673,	Boundary line between Dunstable and Tyngsborough established January 29, 1798. Parts of Groton annexed to Dunstable, February 25, 1793, January 26, 1796, and June 18, 1803. See <i>Groton and Tyngsborough</i> .



Everett, . . . . .	Mar. 9, 1870,	Southerly part of Malden.
Frammingham, . . . . .	June 25, 1700,	Part of Holliston annexed to Frammingham, February 11, 1833. See <i>Ashland, Holliston, Hopkinton</i> and <i>Marlborough</i> .
Groton, . . . . .	May 29, 1655,	Indian name, Petapawag. Part of Pepperell annexed to Groton, February 3, 1803. Boundary line between Groton and Dunstable established February 15, 1820. See <i>Pepperell, Dunstable, Harvard</i> and <i>Shirley</i> .
Holliston, . . . . .	Dec. 3, 1724,	Part of Sherburne. Boundary line between Holliston and Medway changed March 3, 1829; and established between Holliston, Hopkinton and Medway, March 27, 1835. See <i>Ashland, Frammingham</i> and <i>Milford</i> .
Hopkinton, . . . . .	Dec. 13, 1715,	Indian name, Moguncoy. See <i>Ashland, Holliston</i> and <i>Upton</i> .
Hudson, . . . . .	Mar. 19, 1806,	From parts of Marlborough and Stow. Part of Bolton annexed March 20, 1868.
Lexington, . . . . .	Mar. 29, 1712,	Part of Cambridge. Part of Burlington annexed to Lexington, January 10, 1810. See <i>Lincoln</i> .
Lincoln, . . . . .	Apr. 19, 1754,	From parts of Concord, Lexington and Weston.
Littleton, . . . . .	Dec. 3, 1715,	Indian name, Nashoba. Boundary line between Littleton and Boxborough established February 20, 1794. See <i>Boxborough</i> .
Lowell, . . . . .	Mar. 1, 1826,	Part of Chelmsford. Incorporated as a Town, March 1, 1826, and as a City, April 1, 1836. Act accepted April 11, 1836. Parts of Tewksbury annexed to Lowell, March 22, 1832, and March 29, 1834; and part of Dracut (Centralville), February 28, 1851.
Malden, . . . . .	May 2, 1649,	See <i>Medford, Melrose</i> and <i>Everett</i> .

## MIDDLESEX COUNTY—Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Marlborough, . . .	May 31, 1660,	Indian names, Okommakamesitt, Whipsuffrage. Part of Framingham annexed to Marlborough, February 23, 1791; and part of Southborough, March 24, 1843. See <i>Bolton, Northborough, Southborough and Hudson.</i>
Medford, . . .	Sept. 28, 1630,	Indian name, Mistick or Mystic. Declared "a peculiar town" October 15, 1684. Part of Malden annexed to Medford, June 10, 1817. See <i>Charlestown and Winchester.</i>
Melrose, . . .	May 3, 1850,	Part of Malden.
Natick, . . .	—, 1762,	The Society and Parish of Natick. Incorporated as a District in 1762, and as a Town, February 19, 1781. Part of Sherburne annexed to Natick, February 7, 1820. Boundary line between Natick and Wayland established April 26, 1850. See <i>Needham.</i>
Newton, . . .	Dec. 15, 1691,	New Cambridge. An island between Needham and Newton annexed to Newton, June 21, 1803. Part of Waltham annexed to Newton, April 16, 1849. See <i>Roxbury.</i>
North Reading, . . .	Mar. 22, 1853,	Northern part of Reading. Boundary line between Lynnfield and North Reading changed May 27, 1857.
Pepperell, . . .	Apr. 6, 1753,	Incorporated as a District from Second Precinct of Groton. Part of Pepperell annexed to Groton, February 3, 1803. See <i>Groton.</i>
Reading, . . .	May 29, 1644,	Lynn Village. See <i>Lynnfield, Wilmington and South Reading.</i>

Sherborn, . . . . .	May 27, 1674,	Boggestown. Name changed from Sherburne to Sherborn, May 3, 1852. See <i>Holliston, Natick</i> and <i>Medway</i> .
Shirley, . . . . .	Jan. 5, 1753,	South-west part of Groton. Part of Groton annexed to Shirley, February 6, 1798. See <i>Lancenburg</i> .
Somerville, . . . . .	Mar. 3, 1842,	Part of Charlestown. See <i>Cambridge</i> .
<i>South Reading</i> , . . . . .	Feb. 25, 1812,	South Parish of Reading. Part of Stoneham annexed to South Reading, April 5, 1856. Name changed to Wakefield, June 30, 1868.
Stoneham, . . . . .	Dec. 17, 1725,	Part of Charlestown. See <i>South Reading</i> .
Stow, . . . . .	May 16, 1683,	Indian name, Pomposetticut. See <i>Boxborough</i> and <i>Harvard</i> .
Sudbury, . . . . .	Sept. 4, 1639,	- - - - -
Tewksbury, . . . . .	Dec. 23, 1734,	Indian name, Wamesit. Northerly part of Billerica. See <i>Lowell</i> .
Townsend, . . . . .	June 29, 1732,	Townshend. North part of Turkey Hills. See <i>Ashby</i> .
Tyngsborough, . . . . .	June 22, 1789,	South and easterly parts of Dunstable. Incorporated as a District, June 22, 1789; and as a Town, February 23, 1809. Part of Dunstable annexed to Tyngsborough, March 3, 1792. Boundary line between Tyngsborough and Dunstable established June 10, 1814. See <i>Dunstable</i> .
Wakefield, . . . . .	Feb. 25, 1812,	See <i>South Reading</i> .
Waltham, . . . . .	Jan. 4, 1737,	Westerly Precinct of Watertown. See <i>Belmont</i> and <i>Newton</i> .
Watertown, . . . . .	Sept. 7, 1630,	Indian name, Piggsusset. See <i>Belmont, Weston</i> and <i>Cambridge</i> .
Wayland, . . . . .	Apr. 10, 1780,	See <i>East Sudbury</i> and <i>Natick</i> .

MIDDLESEX COUNTY—*Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
<i>East Sudbury</i> , . . .	Apr. 10, 1780,	East part of Sudbury. Name changed to Wayland, March 11, 1835.
<i>West Cambridge</i> , . . .	Feb. 27, 1807,	Westerly Parish of Cambridge. Part of Charlestown annexed to West Cambridge, February 25, 1842. Name changed to Arlington, April 30, 1867. See <i>Winchester</i> , <i>Belmont</i> and <i>Cambridge</i> .
Westford, . . .	Sept. 23, 1729,	Westerly Precinct of Chelmsford.
Weston, . . .	Jan. 1, 1712,	Part of Watertown. See <i>Lincoln</i> .
Wilmington, . . .	Sept. 25, 1730,	From parts of Woburn and Reading.
Winchester, . . .	Apr. 30, 1850,	From parts of Woburn, Medford and West Cambridge.
Woburn, . . .	May 18, 1642,	Charlestown Village. See <i>Burlington</i> , <i>Wilmington</i> and <i>Winchester</i> .
NANTUCKET COUNTY, INCORPORATED JUNE 20, 1695.		
Indian name, Nautican.		
Nantucket, . . .	June 27, 1687,	See <i>Sherburn</i> .
<i>Sherburn</i> , . . .	June 27, 1687,	Name changed to Nantucket, June 8, 1795.

## NORFOLK COUNTY, INCORPORATED MARCH 26, 1793.

Norfolk County, as incorporated, included all the original territory of Suffolk, except the towns of Boston and Chelsea. (May 10, 1643, the Colony was divided into four Counties, viz.: Essex, Middlesex, Suffolk and Norfolk. The latter was composed of the towns of Haverhill, Salisbury, Hampton, Exeter, Dover and Strawberry Bank (Portsmouth). The four last named towns having been "taken off" upon the separation of New Hampshire from Massachusetts, in 1680, the others were set back to Essex, February 4, 1680, and the original County of Norfolk ceased to exist.)

Bellingham, . . . . .	Nov. 27, 1719,	From parts of Dedham, Wrentham and Mendon. Boundary line between Bellingham, Franklin and Medway established February 23, 1832.
Braintree, . . . . .	May 13, 1640,	Mount Wollaston, Merry Mount, Mount Dagan. See <i>Quincy</i> and <i>Randolph</i> .
Brookline, . . . . .	Nov. 13, 1705,	Muddy River. Brooklyn. Part of Roxbury annexed to Brookline, February 24, 1844. See <i>Boston</i> .
Canton, . . . . .	Feb. 23, 1797,	Northerly part of Stoughton. See <i>Stoughton</i> .
Cohasset, . . . . .	Apr. 26, 1770,	Indian name, Conahasset. Second Precinct of Hingham.
Dedham, . . . . .	Sept. 8, 1636,	Boundary line between Dedham and Dover defined, March 7, 1791. See <i>Bellingham</i> , <i>Dover</i> , <i>Dorchester</i> , <i>Needham</i> , <i>Medfield</i> , <i>Walpole</i> , <i>West Roxbury</i> and <i>Hyde Park</i> .
<i>Dorchester</i> , . . . . .	Sept. 7, 1630,	Indian name, Mattapan. Boundary line between Dorchester and Quincy changed July 10, 1814, and established February 21, 1820. Part of Dedham annexed to Dorchester, June 17, 1831. Annexed to Boston by Act of June 4, 1869, and vote of the people of the two cities. See <i>Boston</i> , <i>Quincy</i> , <i>Stoughton</i> and <i>Hyde Park</i> .

## NORFOLK COUNTY—Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Dover, . . . . .	July 7, 1784,	Part of Dedham. Incorporated as a District, July 7, 1784; and as a Town, March 31, 1836. Boundary line between Dover and Dedham defined March 7, 1791.
Foxborough, . . . . .	June 10, 1778,	From parts of Wrentham, Walpole, Stoughton and Stoughtonham (Sharon). Parts of Stoughton and Sharon annexed to Foxborough, March 12, 1796; part of Wrentham, February 7, 1831; and part of Sharon, February 28, 1850. See <i>Sharon, Walpole, Wrentham and Everett</i> .
Franklin, . . . . .	Mar. 2, 1778,	Westerly part of Wrentham. Part of Medway annexed to Franklin, June 27, 1792. Boundary line between Franklin and Medway established November 3, 1792, and February 23, 1832. See <i>Bellingham and Everett</i> .
Hyde Park, . . . . .	Apr. 22, 1868,	From parts of Dorchester, Dedham and Milton.
Medfield, . . . . .	May [23, 1651,	Dedham Village. See <i>Medway</i> .
Medway, . . . . .	Oct. 24, 1713,	Part of Medfield. Boundary line between Medway and Sherborn established, March 3, 1792. See <i>Bellingham, Franklin and Holliston</i> .
Milton, . . . . .	May 7, 1662,	Indian name, Uncatagnisset, or Unquety. See <i>Hyde Park</i> .
Needham, . . . . .	Nov. 5, 1711,	Part of Dedham. Boundary line between Needham and Natick changed, June 22, 1797. See <i>Newton</i> .
Norfolk, . . . . .	Feb. 23, 1870,	From parts of Wrentham, Franklin, Medway and Walpole.

Quincy, . . . . .	Feb. 23, 1792,	North Precinct of Braintree. Parts of Dorchester annexed to Quincy, February 12, 1819, and May 2, 1855, and a part of Braintree, April 24, 1856. See <i>Dorchester</i> .
Randolph, . . . . .	Mar. 9, 1793,	Part of Braintree. Portion of boundary line defined, June 22, 1811.
Roxbury, . . . . .	Sept. 28, 1630,	Part of Newton annexed to Roxbury, April 23, 1838. Incorporated as a City, March 12, 1846. Act accepted, March 25, 1846. Boundary line between Boston and Roxbury established, May 3, 1850, and changed, April 3, 1860. Annexed to Boston by Act of June 4, 1867, and vote of the people of the two cities on the second Monday of September following. See <i>Boston and West Roxbury</i> .
Sharon, . . . . .	June 20, 1765,	Indian name, Mashapoag. Stoughtonham:—Second Precinct in Stoughton. Part of Stoughton annexed to Sharon, February 12, 1792. Boundary line between Sharon and Foxborough established, January 30, 1833. See <i>Foxborough and Walpole</i> .
Stoughton, . . . . .	Dec. 22, 1726,	Indian name, Punkapoag. Part of Dorchester. Part of Canton annexed to Stoughton, March 31, 1847. See <i>Canton, Foxborough and Sharon</i> .
Walpole, . . . . .	Dec. 10, 1724,	Part of Dedham. Parts of Sharon annexed to Walpole, February 28, 1804, and June 21, 1811; part of Dedham, June 21, 1811; and parts of Foxborough, March 27, 1833, and March 28, 1834. See <i>Foxborough and Everett</i> .
West Roxbury, . . . . .	May 24, 1851,	Part of Roxbury. Part of Dedham annexed to West Roxbury, April 21, 1852.
Weymouth, . . . . .	Sept. 2, 1635,	Indian name, Wessaguscut, or Wessaguson. Boundary line between Weymouth and Abington established, March 31, 1847.

## NORFOLK COUNTY—Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Wrentham, . . . .	Oct. 15, 1673,	Indian name, Wallonopaug. Boundary line between Wrentham and Foxborough established, February 3, 1819. See <i>Attleborough, Bellingham, Foxborough, Franklin and Everett.</i>

## PLYMOUTH COUNTY, INCORPORATED JUNE 2, 1685.

Abington, . . . .	June 10, 1712,	Indian name, Maramooskeagin. Easterly part of Bridgewater. See <i>Weymouth.</i>
Bridgewater, . . . .	June 3, 1656,	Indian name, Nunketst. Duxboro' Plantation. Boundary line between Bridgewater and East Bridgewater established, February 23, 1838, and March 20, 1846. See <i>East Bridgewater, Halifax, North Bridgewater and West Bridgewater.</i>
Carver, . . . .	June 9, 1790,	South part of Plympton. Boundary line between Middleborough and Carver established, March 24, 1849. See <i>Plympton.</i>
Duxbury, . . . .	June 7, 1637,	Indian name, Mattakeeset. Duxboro'. Boundary line between Duxbury and Marshfield established, June 14, 1813. See <i>Kingston and Pembroke.</i>
East Bridgewater, . . . .	June 14, 1823,	Part of Bridgewater. Part of Halifax annexed to East Bridgewater, April 11, 1857. See <i>Bridgewater.</i>
Hanson, . . . .	Feb. 22, 1820,	Westerly part of Pembroke.



Halifax, . . . . .	July 4, 1734,	Indian name, Monponset. From parts of Plympton, Middleborough and Pembroke. Part of Bridgewater annexed to Halifax, February 20, 1824, and part of Plympton, March 16, 1830. See <i>East Bridgewater</i> .
Hanover, . . . . .	June 14, 1727,	Boundary line between Hanover and South Scituate determined, May 15, 1857, under resolves of May 31, 1856.
Hingham, . . . . .	Sept. 2, 1635,	Bareovee. Hingham and Hull taken from Suffolk County, June 18, 1803. See <i>Cohasset</i> .
Hull, . . . . .	May 29, 1644,	Nantasket. See <i>Hingham</i> .
Kingston, . . . . .	June 16, 1726,	Part of Plymouth. Part of Duxbury annexed to Kingston, April 14, 1857.
Lakeville, . . . . .	May 13, 1853,	South-westerly part of Middleborough.
Marion, . . . . .	May 14, 1852,	South-easterly part of Rochester. Boundary line between Marion and Wareham established, February 18, 1859.
Marshfield, . . . . .	Mar. 2, 1640,	Green Harbor. Rexham. See <i>Duxbury</i> .
Mattapoisett, . . . . .	May 20, 1857,	Mattapoisett Precinct;—a part of Rochester.
Middleborough, . . . . .	June 7, 1669,	Indian names, Assawampsit, or Assawomit, and Namasket. See <i>Carver</i> and <i>Lakeville</i> .
North Bridgewater, . . . . .	June 15, 1821,	Part of Bridgewater. Boundary line between North and West Bridgewater established, January 22, 1825.
Plymouth, . . . . .	Dec. 11, 1620,	Indian names, Accomack, Apaum, or Umpame, and Patuxet. See <i>Kings-ton</i> , <i>Wareham</i> and <i>Plympton</i> .

## PLYMOUTH COUNTY—Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Pembroke, . . . . .	Mar. 21, 1711,	Westerly part of Duxbury, or Mattakeset. See <i>Hanson</i> .
Plympton, . . . . .	June 4, 1707,	Indian name, Wenatuket. South-westerly part of Plymouth. Boundary line between Plympton and Carver established, February 8, 1793. See <i>Carver</i> .
Rochester, . . . . .	June 4, 1686,	Indian name, Seipican, or Sippacan. Boundary line between Rochester and Fairhaven established, April 9, 1836. See <i>Marion</i> and <i>Mattapoisett</i> .
Scituate, . . . . .	Oct. 5, 1636,	Indian name, Assanipi. See <i>Cohasset</i> and <i>South Scituate</i> .
South Scituate, . . . . .	Feb. 14, 1849,	Part of Scituate. See <i>Hanover</i> .
Wareham, . . . . .	July 10, 1739,	Plantation of Agawam, or Agowaywam. Part of Plymouth annexed to Wareham, January 20, 1827. See <i>Marion</i> .
West Bridgewater, . . . . .	Feb. 16, 1822,	Part of Bridgewater. See <i>North Bridgewater</i> .

SUFFOLK COUNTY, INCORPORATED MAY 10, 1643. See *Norfolk County*.

Chelsea, . . . . .	Jan. 10, 1738,	Indian name, Winnisimet. Rumney Marsh. See <i>Saugus</i> and <i>North Chelsea</i> .
North Chelsea, . . . . .	Mar. 19, 1848,	Part of Chelsea. See <i>Wintthrop</i> .

Boston, . . . . .	Sept. 7, 1630,	Indian name, Shawmut. Tri-Mountain, Noddle's Island (East Boston), granted to Samuel Maverick, April 1, 1633, and annexed to Boston, March 9, 1636-7. Long, Spectacle, Deer and Hog Islands granted to Boston, March 4, 1634. Dorchester Point (South Boston) annexed to Boston, March 6, 1804. Boston incorporated as a City, February 23, 1822. Act accepted, March 4, 1822. Boundary line between Boston and Brookline established, and part of Brookline annexed to Boston, February 22, 1825; annexed portion joined to Ward 6, March 3, 1826; Thompson's Island granted to Dorchester, March 4, 1634, and annexed to Boston from Dorchester, March 25, 1834. Boundary line between Boston and Roxbury established, March 16, 1836; changed, April 19, 1837; established, May 3, 1850; and changed, April 3, 1860. Part of Dorchester, known as Washington Village, annexed to Boston, May 21, 1855. See <i>Roxbury</i> and <i>Dorchester</i> .
Winthrop, . . . . .	Mar. 27, 1852,	Easterly part of North Chelsea.

## WORCESTER COUNTY, INCORPORATED APRIL 2, 1731.

Ashburnham, . . . . .	Feb. 22, 1765,	Dorchester Canada. Part of Gardner annexed to Ashburnham, February 16, 1815; and part of Westminster, January 28, 1824. See <i>Ashtby</i> and <i>Gardner</i> .
Athol, . . . . .	Mar. 6, 1762,	Indian name, Paynauge, or Poquaig. Part of Gerry annexed to Athol, February 26, 1806; part of Orange, February 7, 1816; and parts of New Salem, February 5, 1830, and March 16, 1837. Land confirmed to Athol, June 11, 1829. See <i>Royalston</i> , <i>Gerry</i> and <i>Boylston</i> .
Auburn, . . . . .	Apr. 10, 1778,	See <i>Ward</i> .

## WORCESTER COUNTY—Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
<i>Ward</i> , . . . . .	Apr. 10, 1778,	From parts of Worcester, Sutton, Oxford and Leicester. Name changed to Auburn, February 17, 1837.
<i>Barre</i> , . . . . .	Mar. 28, 1753,	North-westerly part of Rutland incorporated as Rutland District, March 28, 1753. Rutland District incorporated as the Town of Hutchinson, June —, 1774 Name changed to Barre, November —, 1776.
<i>Hutchinson</i> , . . . . .	June —, 1774,	See <i>Barre</i> .
<i>Berlin</i> , . . . . .	Mar. 16, 1784,	South Parish of Bolton incorporated as District of Berlin, March 16, 1784, and as a Town, February 6, 1812. Part of Lancaster annexed to Berlin, February 8, 1791, and part of Northborough, February 14, 1806.
<i>Blackstone</i> , . . . . .	Mar. 25, 1845,	Part of Mendon.
<i>Bolton</i> , . . . . .	June 24, 1738,	Part of Lancaster. Part of Marlborough annexed to Bolton, February 11, 1829. Boundary line between Bolton and Westborough established, March 16, 1838. See <i>Berlin</i> ; also <i>Hudson</i> , in Middlesex County.
<i>Boylston</i> , . . . . .	Mar. 1, 1786,	North Parish of Shrewsbury. See <i>West Boylston</i> .
<i>Brookfield</i> , . . . . .	Nov. 12, 1718,	Indian name, Quaboag, Quobog, or Quobage. Boundary line between Brookfield and New Braintree established, June 10, 1791, and March 8, 1792. Part of North Brookfield annexed to Brookfield, April 15, 1854. See <i>North Brookfield</i> and <i>Ware</i> .
<i>Charlton</i> , . . . . .	Nov. 2, 1754,	West part of Oxford. See <i>Oxford</i> , <i>Southbridge</i> and <i>Sturbridge</i> .

Clinton, . . . . .	Mar. 14, 1850,	Part of Lancaster.
Dana, . . . . .	Feb. 18, 1801,	From parts of Petersham, Hardwick and Greenwich. Boundary line established, February 12, 1803. Boundary line between Dana and Greenwich established, June 19, 1811. Parts of Petersham and Hardwick annexed to Dana, February 4, 1842.
Douglas, . . . . .	—, 1746,	Incorporated as a District. (See note on page 171.) See <i>Webster</i> .
Dudley, . . . . .	Feb. 2, 1731,	Indian name, Chabanakongomum. From lands between Woodstock and Oxford. Middlesex Gore annexed to Dudley and Sturbridge, June 25, 1794. See <i>Southbridge</i> and <i>Webster</i> .
Fitchburg, . . . . .	Feb. 3, 1764,	West part of Lunenburg. See <i>Ashby</i> and <i>Westminster</i> .
Gardner, . . . . .	June 27, 1785,	From parts of Westminster, Ashburnham, Winchendon and Templeton. See <i>Ashburnham</i> , <i>Ashby</i> and <i>Westminster</i> .
Grafton, . . . . .	Apr. 18, 1735,	Indian name, Hassanamisco. Gore of land annexed to Grafton, June 14, 1823; part of Shrewsbury annexed, March 3, 1826; and part of Sutton, March 3, 1842. See <i>Worcester</i> .
Hardwick, . . . . .	Jan. 10, 1738,	Lambstown. Part of New Braintree annexed to Hardwick, June 10, 1814; and Gore of land, February 7, 1831, and February 6, 1833. See <i>Dana</i> and <i>Petersham</i> .
Harvard, . . . . .	June 29, 1732,	From parts of Lancaster, Groton and Stow. See <i>Bozborough</i> .
Holden, . . . . .	Jan. 9, 1740,	North part of Worcester. Boundary line between Holden and Paxton established, March 27, 1793. Part of Paxton annexed to Holden, March 19, 1831. See <i>Paxton</i> and <i>West Boylston</i> .
Hubbardston, . . . . .	June 13, 1767,	North-easterly part of Rutland. See <i>Princeton</i> .

## WORCESTER COUNTY—Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Lancaster, . . . . .	May 18, 1653,	Indian name, Nashwash, or Nashawog. Boundary line between Lancaster and Sterling established, March 7, 1837. See <i>Berlin, Holden</i> and <i>Sterling</i> .
Leicester, . . . . .	Feb. 15, 1713,	Indian name, Towtaid. See <i>Ward, Spencer</i> and <i>Paxton</i> .
Leominster, . . . . .	June 23, 1740,	Part of Lancaster. Part of No-Town annexed to Leominster, April 13, 1838.
Lunenburg, . . . . .	Aug. 1, 1728,	South part of Turkey Hills. Boundary line between Lunenburg and Shirley established, March 3, 1846. See <i>Fitchburg</i> and <i>Townsend</i> .
Mendon, . . . . .	May 15, 1667,	Indian name, Qunshapauge, or Squsshopog. See <i>Bellingham, Blackstone</i> and <i>Milford</i> .
Milford, . . . . .	Apr. 11, 1780,	Indian name, Wopowage. East Precinct of Mendon. Part of Holliston annexed to Milford, April 1, 1859.
Millbury, . . . . .	June 11, 1813,	North Parish in Sutton.
New Braintree, . . . . .	Jan. 31, 1751,	Indian name, Weninesset. See <i>Brookfield</i> and <i>Hardwick</i> .
Northborough, . . . . .	Jan. 24, 1766,	North Precinct of Westboro'. Part of Marlborough annexed to Northborough, June 29, 1807. See <i>Berlin</i> .
Northbridge, . . . . .	July 14, 1772,	North part of Uxbridge. Part of Sutton annexed to Northbridge, February 17, 1801, and March 16, 1814. See <i>Sutton</i> and <i>Uxbridge</i> .

North Brookfield,	Feb. 28, 1812,	North Parish in Brookfield. See <i>Brookfield</i> .
Oakham, . . . .	June 11, 1762,	West wing of Rutland. Incorporated as District of Oakham, June 11, 1762.
Oxford, . . . .	—, 1713,	Part of Sutton annexed to Oxford, February 18, 1793; Oxford South Gore annexed, February 6, 1807; part of Charlton, February 23, 1809; and Oxford North Gore, March 22, 1838. See <i>Charlton, Ward and Webster</i> .
Paxton, . . . .	Feb. 12, 1765,	South part of Rutland and north part of Leicester incorporated as District of Paxton, February 12, 1775. Parts of Holden annexed to Paxton, February 13, 1804, and April 9, 1838; and part of Rutland, May 24, 1851. See <i>Holden and Rutland</i> .
Petersham, . . . .	Apr. 20, 1754,	Indian name, Nitchawog. See <i>Dana</i> .
Phillipston, . . . .	Oct. 20, 1786,	See <i>Gerry</i> . Boundary line between Phillipston and Royalston changed, March 29, 1837. See <i>Royalston</i> .
Gerry, . . . .	Oct. 20, 1786,	From parts of Templeton and Athol. Name changed to Phillipston, February 5, 1814. See <i>Athol and Royalston</i> .
Princeton, . . . .	Apr. 24, 1771,	Indian name, Wachusett. East wing of Rutland. Part of Hubbardston annexed to Princeton, February 16, 1810, and part of No-Towa, April 4, 1838.
Royalston, . . . .	Feb. 16, 1765,	Royalshire. Parts of Athol and Gerry annexed to Royalston, February 26, 1799, and part of Athol, March 7, 1803. See <i>Phillipston</i> .
Rutland, . . . .	Feb. 23, 1713,	Indian name, Nagueag. Boundary line between Rutland and Paxton established, February 20, 1829. See <i>Barre, Hubbardston, Oakham and Paxton</i> .

WORCESTER COUNTY—*Concluded.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Shrewsbury, . . .	Dec. 19, 1727,	See <i>Boylston</i> and <i>Grafton</i> .
Southborough, . . .	July 6, 1727,	Part of Marlborough. Boundary line between Southborough and Westborough established, March 5, 1835. See <i>Marlborough</i> .
Southbridge, . . .	Feb. 15, 1816,	From parts of Sturbridge, Charlton and Dudley. Part of Dudley annexed to Southbridge, February 23, 1822, and part of Sturbridge, April 6, 1839.
Spencer, . . .	Apr. 3, 1753,	Second Precinct of Leicester.
Sterling, . . .	Apr. 25, 1781,	Second Precinct of Lancaster. See <i>Lancaster</i> and <i>West Boylston</i> .
Sturbridge, . . .	June 24, 1738,	New Medfield. Part of Charlton annexed to Sturbridge, June 27, 1792. See <i>Dudley</i> and <i>Southbridge</i> .
Sutton, . . .	June 21, 1715,	Nipmug Country. Part of Northbridge annexed to Sutton, June 15, 1831. Boundary line between Sutton and Northbridge changed March 7, 1837. See <i>Ward</i> , <i>Grafton</i> , <i>Milbury</i> , <i>Northbridge</i> and <i>Oxford</i> .
Templeton, . . .	Mar. 6, 1762,	Narraganset No. 6. See <i>Gerry</i> and <i>Gardner</i> .
Upton, . . .	June 14, 1735,	From parts of Mendon, Sutton, Uxbridge and Hopkinton.
Uxbridge, . . .	June 27, 1727,	Indian name, Waeuntug. Part of Mendon. Boundary line between Uxbridge and Northbridge changed April 30, 1856.



Warren, . . . . .	Jan. 16, 1741,	See <i>Western</i> .
<i>Western</i> , . . . . .	Jan. 16, 1741,	From parts of Brookfield, Brimfield and easterly part of Kingsfield. Name changed to Warren, March 13, 1834. See <i>Palmer</i> and <i>Ware</i> .
Webster, . . . . .	Mar. 6, 1832,	From parts of Dudley and Oxford. Boundary line between Webster and Douglas established February 27, 1841.
Westborough, . . . . .	Nov. 18, 1717,	Chauncey. See <i>Bolton</i> and <i>Southborough</i> .
West Boylston, . . . . .	Jan. 30, 1808,	From parts of Boylston, Holden and Sterling. Part of Boylston annexed to West Boylston, February 10, 1820, and June 17, 1820. See <i>Bolton</i> .
West Brookfield, . . . . .	Mar. 3, 1848,	Part of Brookfield.
Westminster, . . . . .	Apr. 26, 1770,	Narraganset No. 2. Parts of Fitchburg annexed to Westminster, February 12, 1796, and February 16, 1813; and part of No-Town, April 10, 1838. See <i>Ashburnham</i> and <i>Gardner</i> .
Winchendon, . . . . .	June 14, 1764,	Ipswich Canada. See <i>Gardner</i> .
Worcester, . . . . .	Oct. 15, 1684,	Indian name, Quansigamond. Grafton Gore annexed to Worcester, March 22, 1838. See <i>Holden</i> and <i>Ward</i> .

POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES  
According to the Census of 1830, 1840, 1850 and 1860.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	1830.	1840.	1850.	1860.
Alabama, . . . . .	309,527	590,756	771,671	964,296
Arkansas, . . . . .	30,388	97,754	209,639	435,427
California, . . . . .	-	-	92,597	380,016
Connecticut, . . . . .	297,675	309,978	370,794	460,151
Delaware, . . . . .	76,748	78,085	91,532	112,218
Florida, . . . . .	34,730	54,477	87,401	140,439
Georgia, . . . . .	516,823	691,392	905,999	1,057,329
Illinois, . . . . .	157,445	476,183	851,470	1,711,753
Indiana, . . . . .	343,031	685,866	988,416	1,350,941
Iowa, . . . . .	-	43,112	192,214	674,948
Kansas, . . . . .	-	-	-	107,110
Kentucky, . . . . .	687,917	779,828	982,405	1,155,713
Louisiana, . . . . .	215,739	352,411	517,739	709,290
Maine, . . . . .	399,455	501,793	583,169	628,276
Maryland, . . . . .	447,049	420,019	583,034	687,034
Massachusetts, . . . . .	610,408	737,699	994,499	1,231,065
Michigan, . . . . .	31,639	212,267	397,653	749,112
Minnesota, . . . . .	-	-	6,077	172,022
Mississippi, . . . . .	136,621	375,651	606,555	791,396
Missouri, . . . . .	140,455	383,702	682,043	1,182,318
Nevada, . . . . .	-	-	-	6,858
New Hampshire, . . . . .	269,328	284,574	317,976	326,072
New Jersey, . . . . .	329,823	373,306	489,555	672,031
New York, . . . . .	1,918,608	2,428,921	3,097,394	3,880,728
North Carolina, . . . . .	737,987	753,419	868,903	992,667
Ohio, . . . . .	937,903	1,519,467	1,980,408	2,339,599
Oregon, . . . . .	-	-	13,293	52,464
Pennsylvania, . . . . .	1,348,233	1,724,033	2,311,786	2,906,370
Rhode Island, . . . . .	97,199	108,830	147,541	174,621
South Carolina, . . . . .	581,185	594,398	668,507	703,812
Tennessee, . . . . .	681,904	829,210	1,002,625	1,109,847
Texas, . . . . .	-	-	212,592	602,432
Vermont, . . . . .	280,652	291,948	314,120	315,116
*Virginia, . . . . .	1,211,405	1,239,797	1,421,661	1,596,079
Wisconsin, . . . . .	-	30,945	305,191	755,873
Total States, . . . . .	12,820,868	17,019,641	23,066,460	31,155,421
Colorado, . . . . .	-	-	-	34,197
Dacotah, . . . . .	-	-	-	4,839
Nebraska, . . . . .	-	-	-	28,836
New Mexico, . . . . .	-	-	61,547	93,541
Utah, . . . . .	-	-	11,380	40,295
Washington, . . . . .	-	-	-	11,578
District of Columbia, . . . . .	39,834	43,712	51,687	75,076
Seamen in U. S. service, . . . . .	5,318	6,100	-	-
Totals, . . . . .	12,866,020	17,069,453	23,191,074	31,443,783

\* Including what is now the State of West Virginia.

TOWNS IN MASSACHUSETTS

WITH THE

POST-OFFICES THEREIN.

Towns.	Post-Offices.	Towns.	Post-Offices.
<i>Abington</i> , . . .	{ Abington. North Abington. South Abington. East Abington.	<i>Attleborough</i> , {	{ Attleborough. N. Attleborough. S. Attleborough. Hebronville.
<i>Acton</i> , . . .	{ Acton. South Acton. West Acton.	<i>Auburn</i> , . . .	Auburn.
<i>Acushnet</i> , . . .	{ Acushnet. Long Plain.	<i>Barnstable</i> , . . .	{ Barnstable. West Barnstable. Centreville. Marston's Mills. Hyannis. Cotuit. Osterville.
<i>Adams</i> , . . .	{ Adams. North Adams. Blackinton.	<i>Barre</i> , . . .	{ Barre. Barre Plains. Smithville. Coldbrook Springs.
<i>Agawam</i> , . . .	{ Agawam. Feeding Hills.	<i>Becket</i> , . . .	{ Becket. North Becket. West Becket.
<i>Alford</i> , . . .	Alford.	<i>Bedford</i> , . . .	Bedford.
<i>Amesbury</i> , . . .	{ Amesbury. South Amesbury. West Amesbury.	<i>Belchertown</i> , . .	Belchertown.
<i>Amherst</i> , . . .	{ Amherst. North Amherst. South Amherst.	<i>Bellingham</i> , . . .	{ Bellingham. North Bellingham. Caryville.
<i>Andover</i> , . . .	{ Andover Ballard Vale.	<i>Belmont</i> , . . .	{ Belmont. Waverly.
<i>Arlington</i> , . . .	Arlington.	<i>Berkley</i> , . . .	Berkley.
<i>Ashburnham</i> , . .	{ Ashburnham. Ashb'nham Depot. Burrageville.	<i>Berlin</i> , . . .	{ Berlin. West Berlin.
<i>Ashby</i> , . . .	Ashby.	<i>Bernardston</i> , . .	Bernardston.
<i>Ashfield</i> , . . .	Ashfield.	<i>Beverly</i> , . . .	{ Beverly. Beverly Farms. North Beverly.
<i>Ashland</i> , . . .	Ashland.		
<i>Athol</i> , . . .	{ Athol. Athol Depot.		

Towns.	Post-Offices.	Towns.	Post-Offices.
<i>Billerica</i> , . .	{ Billerica. North Billerica.	<i>Canton</i> , . .	Canton.
<i>Blackstone</i> , .	{ Blackstone. North Blackstone. Millville.	<i>Carlisle</i> , . .	Carlisle.
<i>Blandford</i> , .	{ Blandford. North Blandford.	<i>Carver</i> , . . .	{ Carver. North Carver. South Carver.
<i>Bolton</i> , . . .	Bolton.	<i>Charlemont</i> , .	{ Charlemont. East Charlemont.
<i>Boston</i> , . . .	Boston.	<i>Charlestown</i> ,	Charlestown.
<i>Sub-Offices</i> ,	{ South Boston. East Boston. Station A. Roxbury.	<i>Charlton</i> , . .	{ Charlton. Charlton City. Charlton Depot.
<i>Boxborough</i> , .	Boxborough.	<i>Chatham</i> , . .	{ Chatham. Chatham Port. North Chatham. South Chatham. West Chatham.
<i>Boxford</i> , . .	{ Boxford. West Boxford.	<i>Chelmsford</i> , .	{ Chelmsford. North Chelmsford. West Chelmsford. Middlesex Village.
<i>Boylston</i> , . .	{ Boylston. Boylston Centre.	<i>Chelsea</i> , . .	Chelsea.
<i>Bradford</i> , . .	Bradford.	<i>Cheshire</i> , . .	Cheshire.
<i>Braintree</i> , . .	{ Braintree. South Braintree.	<i>Chester</i> , . .	{ Chester. Chester Centre. North Chester.
<i>Brewster</i> , . .	{ Brewster. East Brewster. West Brewster. South Brewster.	<i>Chesterfield</i> , .	{ Chesterfield. West Chesterfield.
<i>Bridgewater</i> ,	{ Bridgewater. Scotland.	<i>Chicopee</i> , . .	{ Chicopee. Chicopee Falls.
<i>Brighton</i> , . .	{ Brighton. Allston.	<i>Chilmark</i> , . .	Chilmark.
<i>Brimfield</i> , . .	{ Brimfield. East Brimfield.	<i>Clarksburg</i> , .	{ Clarksburg. (North Adams.)
<i>Brookfield</i> , .	{ Brookfield. East Brookfield. North Brookfield.	<i>Clinton</i> , . .	Clinton.
<i>Brookline</i> , . .	Brookline.	<i>Cohasset</i> , . .	{ Cohasset. North Cohasset.
<i>Buckland</i> , . .	Buckland.	<i>Coleraine</i> , . .	{ Coleraine. Adamsville. Elm Grove. Griswoldville.
<i>Burlington</i> , .	Burlington.	<i>Concord</i> , . .	{ Concord. Westvale.
<i>Cambridge</i> , .	{ Cambridge. Cambridgeport. North Cambridge. East Cambridge.		

Towns.	Post-Offices.	Towns.	Post-Offices.
Conway, . .	Conway.	Eastham, . .	{ Eastham. North Eastham.
Cummington,	{ Cummington. Cummington W. Village.	Easthampton,	Easthampton.
Dalton, . . .	Dalton.	Easton, . . .	{ Easton. North Easton. South Easton.
Dana, . . .	{ Dana. North Dana.	Edgartown,	Edgartown.
Danvers, . .	{ Danvers. Danvers Centre. Danvers Port. West Danvers.	Egremont, . .	{ Egremont. North Egremont. South Egremont.
Dartmouth,	{ Dartmouth. North Dartmouth. South Dartmouth.	Enfield, . . .	Enfield.
Dedham, . . .	{ Dedham. South Dedham. West Dedham.	Erving, . . .	{ Erving. Grout's Corner.
Deerfield, . .	{ Deerfield. South Deerfield.	Essex, . . . .	Essex.
Dennis, . . .	{ Dennis. Dennis Port. East Dennis. South Dennis. West Dennis.	Everett, . . .	Everett.
Dighton, . .	{ Dighton. North Dighton.	Fairhaven, . .	Fairhaven.
Dorchester,	{ Dorchester. Neponset Village. Harrison Square. Mattapan.	Fall River, . .	Fall River.
Douglas, . . .	{ Douglas. East Douglas.	Falmouth, . .	{ Falmouth. East Falmouth. North Falmouth. West Falmouth. Wood's Hole.
Dover, . . .	{ Dover. Chas. River Village.	Fitchburg, . .	{ Fitchburg. West Fitchburg.
Dracut, . . .	Dracut.	Florida, . . .	{ Florida. Hoosac Tunnel. Zoar.
Dudley, . . .	{ Dudley. West Dudley.	Foxborough,	{ Foxborough. East Foxborough. West Foxborough.
Dunstable, . .	Dunstable.	Framingham,	{ Framingham. S. Framingham. Saxonville.
Duxbury, . .	{ Duxbury. West Duxbury.	Franklin, . . .	{ Franklin. Franklin City. South Franklin.
E. Bridgewater	{ Joppa Village. E. Bridgewater.	Freetown, . . .	{ Freetown. East Freetown.
		Gardner, . . .	{ Gardner. South Gardner.

Towns.	Post-Offices.	Towns.	Post-Offices.
<i>Georgetown</i> , .	Georgetown.	<i>Hardwick</i> , .	Hardwick.
<i>Gill</i> , . . . .	Gill.	<i>Harvard</i> , . .	{ Harvard. Still River
<i>Gloucester</i> , .	{ Gloucester. East Gloucester. West Gloucester. Lanesville. Annisquam.	<i>Harwich</i> , . .	{ Harwich. Harwich Port. East Harwich. North Harwich. South Harwich. West Harwich.
<i>Goshen</i> , . . .	Goshen.	<i>Hatfield</i> , . .	Hatfield.
<i>Gosnold</i> , . . .	{ Gosnold. (Wood's Hole.)	<i>Haverhill</i> , . .	{ Haverhill. East Haverhill.
<i>Grafton</i> , . . .	{ Grafton. New Eng. Village. Saundersville. Farnumsville.	<i>Hawley</i> , . . .	{ Hawley. South Hawley. West Hawley.
<i>Granby</i> , . . .	Granby	<i>Heath</i> , . . . .	Heath.
<i>Granville</i> , . .	{ Granville Corner. East Granville. West Granville.	<i>Hingham</i> , . .	{ Hingham. South Hingham.
<i>Gt. Barringt'n</i> ,	{ Great Barrington. Housatonic. Van Dusenville.	<i>Hinsdale</i> , . .	Hinsdale.
<i>Greenfield</i> , .	Greenfield.	<i>Holden</i> , . . .	Holden.
<i>Greenwich</i> , .	{ Greenwich. Greenwich Village.	<i>Holland</i> , . . .	Holland.
<i>Groton</i> , . . .	{ Groton. Groton Junction. West Groton.	<i>Holliston</i> , . .	{ Holliston. East Holliston. Braggville.
<i>Groveland</i> , .	{ Groveland. South Groveland.	<i>Holyoke</i> , . . .	{ Holyoke. Ireland.
<i>Hadley</i> , . . .	{ Hadley. North Hadley.	<i>Hopkinton</i> , .	{ Hopkinton. Woodville. Hayden Row.
<i>Halifax</i> , . . .	Halifax.	<i>Hubbardston</i> ,	Hubbardston.
<i>Hamilton</i> , . .	Hamilton.	<i>Hudson</i> , . . .	Hudson.
<i>Hancock</i> , . . .	Hancock.	<i>Hull</i> , . . . .	Hull.
<i>Hanover</i> , . . .	{ Hanover. South Hanover. West Hanover.	<i>Huntington</i> , .	{ Huntington. Norwich.
<i>Hanson</i> , . . .	{ Hanson. South Hanson.	<i>Hyde Park</i> , .	Hyde Park.
		<i>Ipswich</i> , . . .	Ipswich.
		<i>Kingston</i> , . .	Kingston.

Towns.	Post-Offices.	Towns.	Post-Offices.
Lakeville, . .	Lakeville.	Marblehead, .	Marblehead.
Lancaster, . .	{ Lancaster. South Lancaster.	Marion, . . .	Marion.
Lanesborough, {	Lanesborough. Berkshire.	Marlborough, .	Marlborough.
Lawrence, . .	Lawrence.	Marshfield, . .	{ Marshfield. North Marshfield. East Marshfield.
Lee, . . . . .	{ Lee. East Lee. South Lee.	Mattapoissett, .	Mattapoissett.
Leicester, . .	{ Leicester. Cherry Valley. Rochdale.	Medfield, . . .	Medfield.
Lenox, . . . .	{ Lenox. Lenox Furnace. New Lenox.	Medford, . . .	{ Medford. West Medford. College Hill.
Leominster, . .	{ Leominster. North Leominster.	Medway, . . . .	{ Medway. East Medway. West Medway. Rockville.
Leverett, . . .	{ Leverett. North Leverett.	Melrose, . . . .	Melrose.
Lexington, . .	{ Lexington. East Lexington.	Mendon, . . . .	Mendon.
Leyden, . . . .	Leyden.	Methuen, . . . .	Methuen.
Lincoln, . . . .	Lincoln.	Middleboro', . .	{ Middleborough. E. Middleborough. N. Middleborough. S. Middleborough. Rock.
Littleton, . . .	Littleton.	Middlefield, . .	{ Middlefield. Baucroft.
Longmeadow, {	Longmeadow. East Longmeadow.	Middleton, . . .	Middleton.
Lowell, . . . .	Lowell.	Milford, . . . .	{ Milford. South Milford. Hopedale.
Ludlow, . . . .	Ludlow.	Millbury, . . .	{ Millbury. West Millbury.
Lunenburg, . .	Lunenburg.	Milton, . . . .	Milton.
Lynn, . . . . .	Lynn.	Monroe, . . . .	Monroe.
Lynnfield, . .	{ Lynnfield. Lynnfield Centre.	Monson, . . . .	Monson.
Malden, . . . .	{ Malden. Maplewood.	Montague, . . .	{ Montague. Locks Village. Montague City.
Manchester, . .	Manchester.	Monterey, . . .	Monterey.
Mansfield, . .	{ Mansfield. West Mansfield.		

Towns.	Post-Offices.	Towns.	Post-Offices.
<i>Montgomery,</i>	Montgomery	<i>Northampton,</i>	{ Northampton. Florence. Leeds.
<i>Mt. Washington,</i>	Mt. Washington.	<i>Northborough,</i>	Northborough.
<i>Nahant,</i> . .	Nahant	<i>Northbridge,</i> .	{ Northbridge. N'thbridge Centre. Whitinsville.
<i>Nantucket,</i> .	Nantucket.	<i>Northfield,</i> .	{ Northfield. Northfield Farms. West Northfield.
<i>Natick,</i> . . .	{ Natick. South Natick. Cochituate.	<i>Norton,</i> . .	Norton.
<i>Needham,</i> . .	{ Needham. Wellesley Grantville.	<i>Oakham,</i> . .	Oakham.
<i>New Ashford,</i>	New Ashford.	<i>Orange,</i> . . .	{ Orange. North Orange.
<i>New Bedford,</i>	New Bedford.	<i>Orleans,</i> . . .	{ Orleans. East Orleans. South Orleans.
<i>New Braintree,</i>	New Braintree.	<i>Otis,</i> . . . .	{ Otis. East Otis. Cold Spring.
<i>New Marlboro',</i>	{ New Marlboro'. Hartsville. Mill River. Southfield	<i>Oxford,</i> . . .	{ Oxford. North Oxford.
<i>New Salem,</i> .	{ New Salem. North New Salem. Millington.	<i>Palmer,</i> . . .	{ Palmer. Bond's Village. Thorndike. Three Rivers.
<i>Newbury,</i> . .	{ Newbury. (Newburyport.)	<i>Paxton,</i> . . .	Paxton.
<i>Newburyport,</i>	Newburyport.	<i>Peabody,</i> . . .	Peabody.
<i>Newton,</i> . . .	{ Newton. Newtonville. Auburndale. West Newton. Newton Centre. Newton L. Falls. Newton U. Falls.	<i>Pelham,</i> . . .	Pelham.
<i>Norfolk,</i> . .	Norfolk.	<i>Pembroke,</i> . .	{ Pembroke. North Pembroke.
<i>N. Andover,</i> .	{ North Andover N. Andover Depot	<i>Pepperell,</i> . .	{ Pepperell. East Pepperell.
<i>N. Bridgewater</i>	{ Campello. N. Bridgewater.	<i>Peru,</i> . . . .	Peru.
<i>N. Brookfield,</i>	North Brookfield.	<i>Petersham,</i> . .	Petersham.
<i>North Chelsea,</i>	North Chelsea.	<i>Phillipston,</i> . .	Phillipston.
<i>N. Reading,</i> .	North Reading.	<i>Pittsfield,</i> . .	{ Pittsfield. West Pittsfield. Coltsville.



Towns.	Post-Offices.	Towns.	Post-Offices.
<i>Plainfield,</i> . .	Plainfield.	<i>Sandisfield,</i> . .	{ Sandisfield. New Boston. Montville.
<i>Plymouth,</i> . .	{ Plymouth. South Plymouth. Chiltonville.	<i>Sandwich,</i> . .	{ Sandwich. East Sandwich. North Sandwich. South Sandwich. West Sandwich. Monument. Pocasset. Waquoit. Spring Hill. Hatchville.
<i>Plympton,</i> . .	{ Plympton. Plympton Station. North Plympton.	<i>Saugus,</i> . . .	{ Saugus. Saugus Centre. Clifton Dale.
<i>Prescott,</i> . . .	{ Prescott. North Prescott.	<i>Savoy,</i> . . .	Savoy.
<i>Princeton,</i> . .	{ Princeton. East Princeton. Wachusett Village.	<i>Scituate,</i> . . .	{ Scituate. North Scituate.
<i>Provincetown,</i>	Provincetown.	<i>Seekonk,</i> . . .	{ Seekonk. (E. Prov- idence, R. I.) South Seekonk.
<i>Quincy,</i> . . .	{ Quincy. Quincy Point.	<i>Sharon,</i> . . .	{ Sharon. East Sharon.
<i>Randolph,</i> . .	{ Randolph. East Randolph. South Randolph.	<i>Sheffield,</i> . .	{ Sheffield. East Sheffield. Ashley Falls.
<i>Raynham,</i> . . .	{ Raynham. North Raynham.	<i>Shelburne,</i> . .	{ Shelburne. Shelburne Falls. East Shelburne.
<i>Reading,</i> . . .	Reading.	<i>Sherborn,</i> . . .	Sherborn.
<i>Rehoboth,</i> . .	{ Rehoboth. North Rehoboth.	<i>Shirley,</i> . . .	{ Shirley. Shirley Village.
<i>Richmond,</i> . .	Richmond.	<i>Shrewsbury,</i> . .	Shrewsbury.
<i>Rochester,</i> . .	{ Rochester. North Rochester.	<i>Shutesbury,</i> . .	Shutesbury.
<i>Rockport,</i> . .	{ Rockport. Pigeon Cove.	<i>Somerset,</i> . . .	Somerset.
<i>Rowe,</i> . . .	Rewe.	<i>Somerville,</i> . .	{ Somerville. East Somerville. North Somerville.
<i>Rowley,</i> . . .	Rowley.	<i>South Hadley,</i>	{ South Hadley. Willimanset. S. Hadley Falls.
<i>Royalston,</i> . .	{ Royalston. South Royalston.		
<i>Russell,</i> . . .	Russell.		
<i>Rutland,</i> . . .	{ Rutland. West Rutland.		
<i>Salem,</i> . . .	Salem.		
<i>Salisbury,</i> . .	{ Salisbury. East Salisbury.		

Towns.	Post-Offices.	Towns.	Post-Offices.
<i>South Scituate</i> ,	{ West Scituate. South Scituate.	<i>Taunton</i> , . .	{ Taunton. East Taunton. Myricksville.
<i>Southampton</i> ,	Southampton.		{ Templeton. East Templeton. Baldwinsville. Otter River.
<i>Southborough</i> ,	{ Southborough. Cordaville. Fayville.	<i>Templeton</i> ,	
<i>Southbridge</i> ,	{ Southbridge. Globe Village.	<i>Tewksbury</i> ,	{ Tewksbury. North Tewksbury.
<i>Southwick</i> ,	Southwick.	<i>Tisbury</i> ,	{ Holmes' Hole. West Tisbury.
<i>Spencer</i> ,	{ Spencer. North Spencer.	<i>Tolland</i> ,	Tolland.
<i>Springfield</i> ,	{ Springfield. Indian Orchard. Ashley Falls.	<i>Topsfield</i> ,	Topsfield.
<i>Sterling</i> ,	{ Sterling. West Sterling. Pratt's Junction.	<i>Townsend</i> ,	{ Townsend. Townsend Harbor. West Townsend.
<i>Stockbridge</i> ,	{ Stockbridge. State Line. Glen Dale. Curtisville.	<i>Truro</i> ,	{ Truro. North Truro. South Truro.
<i>Stoneham</i> ,	Stoneham.	<i>Tyngsborough</i> ,	Tyngsborough.
<i>Stoughton</i> ,	{ Stoughton. East Stoughton. North Stoughton.	<i>Tyringham</i> ,	Tyringham.
<i>Stow</i> ,	{ Stow. Rock Bottom. Assabet.	<i>Upton</i> ,	{ Upton. West Upton.
<i>Sturbridge</i> ,	{ Sturbridge. Fiskdale.	<i>Uxbridge</i> ,	{ Uxbridge. North Uxbridge.
<i>Sudbury</i> ,	{ Sudbury. South Sudbury. North Sudbury.	<i>Wakefield</i> ,	{ Greenwood. Wakefield.
<i>Sunderland</i> ,	Sunderland.	<i>Wales</i> ,	Wales.
<i>Sutton</i> ,	{ Sutton. West Sutton. Manchaug. Wilkinsonville.	<i>Walpole</i> ,	{ Walpole. East Walpole. South Walpole.
<i>Swampscott</i> ,	Swampscott.	<i>Waltham</i> ,	Waltham.
<i>Swansea</i> ,	{ Swansea North Swansea.	<i>Ware</i> ,	Ware.
		<i>Wareham</i> ,	{ Wareham East Wareham. West Wareham.
		<i>Warren</i> ,	{ Warren. West Warren.
		<i>Warwick</i> ,	Warwick.

Towns.	Post-Offices.
Washington, .	Washington.
Watertown, .	{ Watertown. Mount Auburn.
Wayland, . .	Wayland.
Webster, . .	Webster.
Wellfleet, . .	{ Wellfleet. South Wellfleet.
Wendell, . .	{ Wendell. Wendell Depot.
Wenham, . .	Wenham.
W. Boylston, .	{ West Boylston. Oakdale.
W. B'dgewater, {	Cochesset. W. Bridgewater.
W. Brookfield,	West Brookfield.
West Newbury,	West Newbury.
West Roxbury, {	West Roxbury. Jamaica Plain.
W. Springfield, {	West Springfield. Ashleyville. Mittineague.
W. Stockb'dge, {	West Stockbridge. West Stockbridge Centre.
Westborough, .	Westborough.
Westfield, . .	Westfield.
Westford, . .	{ Westford. Forge Village. Graniteville.
Westhampton,	Westhampton.
Westminster, .	Westminster.
Weston, . . .	Weston.

Towns.	Post-Offices.
Westport, . .	{ Westport. Westport Point. South Westport. Central Village.
Weymouth, . .	{ Weymouth. East Weymouth. North Weymouth. South Weymouth.
Whately, . . .	{ Whately. East Whately.
Wilbraham, . .	{ Wilbraham. Collins Depot.
Williamsburg, {	Williamsburg. Haydenville.
Williamstown, {	Williamstown. S. Williamstown.
Wilmington, .	{ Wilmington. N. Wilmington.
Winchendon,	Winchendon.
Winchester, .	Winchester.
Windsor, . . .	{ Windsor. East Windsor.
Winthrop, . .	Winthrop.
Woburn, . . .	{ Woburn. East Woburn. North Woburn.
Worcester, . .	Worcester.
Worthington, {	Worthington. W. Worthington. Ringville.
Wrentham, . .	{ Wrentham. South Wrentham. W. Wrentham. Plainville Sheldonville.
Yarmouth, . .	{ Yarmouth. Yarmouth Port. South Yarmouth. West Yarmouth.

## ABRIDGMENT OF THE U. S. POSTAL REGULATIONS.

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*Arranged and prepared for the Manual, by Omar Loring,  
Superintendent of Post-Office, Boston.*

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LETTER POSTAGE to any part of the United States, including California and the Territories, without regard to distance, three cents per half ounce, or fraction thereof; must be prepaid in full, or are at once sent to the Dead Letter Office, Washington.

MEMBERS OF CONGRESS and all Heads of Departments at Washington can send or receive letters or packages of any kind, of any reasonable weight, free of postage.

All *drop letters* must be prepaid. The rate of postage on drop letters, at offices where free delivery by carrier is established, is two cents per half ounce, or fraction of a half ounce; at offices where such free delivery is *not* established, the rate is one cent.

TRANSIENT PRINTED MATTER, (except books and circulars,) any number in one package, to one address, not exceeding four ounces in weight, two cents prepaid, to any part of the United States or Territories. Double rates if unpaid. Proof sheets same as above.

Only our own—domestic rates—to the line can be prepaid on *printed matter to the Canadas or the Provinces*, leaving the foreign postage to be collected on delivery.

*Any writing other than the simple direction* upon an article of printed matter, or the envelope thereof, subjects the entire package to letter postage, and it is the Postmaster's duty to examine such matter.

*One, two, or three circulars*, in one unsealed envelope, two cents. A business card upon the envelope of a circular or other article of printed matter, does not increase the postage.

Pamphlets, *book* manuscripts, maps, prints, engravings, blanks, letter envelopes, paper, seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots and scions, in packages not exceeding two pounds in weight, two cents for each four ounces, or fraction of four ounces. Double rates for books.

*Letter Postage to Great Britain*, six cents per half ounce, prepaid. Unpaid, eleven cents; will be collected on delivery.

Our own domestic rates pay postage in full to delivery in Great Britain of printed matter, seeds, cuttings, bulbs and samples.

NEWSPAPER POSTAGE.—Postage on *Daily Papers* to subscribers, when prepaid quarterly or yearly in advance, either at the mailing office or office of delivery, per quarter (three months), . . . . . 35 cents.  
 Six times per week, per quarter (three months), . . . . . 20 “  
 For Tri-weekly, “ “ . . . . . 15 “  
 For Semi-Weekly, “ “ . . . . . 10 “  
 For Weekly, “ “ . . . . . 5 “

WEEKLY NEWSPAPERS (one copy only), sent by the publisher to actual subscribers, by mail, within the county where printed and published, *free*.

POSTAGE PER QUARTER (to be paid quarterly or yearly in advance) on NEWSPAPERS and PERIODICALS *issued less frequently than once a week*, sent to actual subscribers in any part of the United States:—

Semi-monthly, not over 4 ounces, . . . . . 6 cents.  
 “ over 4 ounces and not over 8 ounces, . . . . . 12 “  
 “ over 8 ounces and not over 12 ounces, . . . . . 18 “  
 Monthly, not over 4 ounces, . . . . . 3 “  
 “ over 4 ounces and not over 8 ounces, . . . . . 6 “  
 “ over 8 ounces and not over 12 ounces, . . . . . 9 “  
 Quarterly, not over 4 ounces, . . . . . 1 cent.  
 “ over 4 ounces and not over 8 ounces, . . . . . 2 cents.  
 “ over 8 ounces and not over 12 ounces, . . . . . 3 “

*Money Orders* in sums not exceeding \$50 on one order will be issued on deposits with the Postmaster at any Money Order Offices, which are now established at nearly all the large cities and towns in the United States, and also in any part of Switzerland, on payment of the following fees: On sums not exceeding \$20, ten cents; over \$20 and not exceeding \$30, fifteen cents; over \$30 and not exceeding \$40, twenty cents; over \$40 and not exceeding \$50, twenty-five cents. The Money Order Offices in Massachusetts are Amherst, Andover, Boston, Bridgewater, Brighton, Cambridge, Cambridgeport, Canton, Charlestown, Chelsea, Chicopee, Chicopee Falls, Clinton, Concord, Dedham, Easthampton, Edgartown, Fall River, Fitchburg, Foxborough, Franklin, Gloucester, Great Barrington, Greenfield, Groton Junction, Haverhill, Holliston, Holyoke, Hopkinton, Lawrence, Lee, Lowell, Lynn, Marblehead, Marlborough, Medway, Milford, Nantucket, Natick, New Bedford, Needham, Newburyport, Newton, North Adams, North Bridgewater, Northampton, North Brookfield, Orleans, Palmer, Pittsfield, Plymouth, Provincetown, Quincy, Salem, Sandwich, Springfield, Shelburne Falls, Southbridge, South Gardner, Taunton, Uxbridge, Waltham, Ware, Watertown, Webster, Westborough, Wellfleet, Westfield, Williamstown, Williamsburg, Winchendon, Woburn, Worcester, Yarmouth Port.



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RULES AND ORDERS

OF THE

SENATE.

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# RULES AND ORDERS OF THE SENATE.

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## *Of the Duties and Powers of the President.*

RULE 1. To call the members to order and cause the journal of the preceding day to be read.

RULE 2. To preserve order and decorum—To speak to points of order in preference to other members—To decide all questions of order, subject to appeal—To rise in putting a question, &c., but may read sitting.

RULE 3. To declare all votes; if doubted, a return to be ordered—President may vote, but to be required to do so, in certain cases only.

RULE 4. The President to vote on all questions.

RULE 5. President to order the Yeas and Nays if one-fifth of the members present require them.

RULE 6. Concerning motions when a question is under debate, and the precedence thereof.

RULE 7. Motions undebatable.

RULE 8. President to name who may speak, when two or more members rise at once.

RULE 9. President may name member to take his place—Limitation thereof.

RULE 10. In absence of President, the senior member present to call the Senate to order—The election of a President *pro tem.* to be the first business.

## *Of the Rights, Duties and Decorum of Members.*

RULE 11. Members, when speaking, to address the President.

RULE 12. Limitation as to speaking.

RULE 13. Members not to interrupt another, except, &c.

RULE 14. Members not to speak on a question after it is put to vote.

RULE 15. Concerning the presentation of petitions, &c.

RULE 16. All motions to be reduced to writing, if the President so direct.

RULE 17. Concerning the reconsideration of votes.

RULE 18. Bills, &c., to remain in Clerk's possession until the right of reconsideration has expired.

RULE 19. Division of a question to be made if desired—Motion to strike out and insert.

RULE 20. Unfinished business to have the preference.

RULE 21. Members not to vote on questions where their private rights are concerned, distinct from the public interest.

RULE 22. Members not to absent themselves without leave, unless, &c.

RULE 23. Concerning the Yeas and Nays.

*Of Committees.*

RULE 24. Requiring statements to be made to Committees relative to proposed alteration of laws.

RULE 25. List of Standing Committees.

RULE 26. Committees to be appointed by the President, unless, &c.—First named to be Chairman—Substitute to hold the same rank as the original member—In elections, the person having the highest number of votes to be Chairman.

RULE 27. Order of question when motion is made to commit.

RULE 28. Reports of Committees not proposing final action, and of Committees of Conference, to be made the order of the day for the succeeding day.

RULE 29. No other than Joint or Special Committees to occupy the Senate Chamber without leave.

*Of Bills and Resolves.*

RULE 30. Concerning reports on petitions, notice of the presentation of which has not been published.

RULE 31. Bills and resolves, how to be written—not to be introduced by a member without leave—When introduced, on leave, to be committed before second reading.

RULE 32. Bills, &c., from the House, to be committed, unless reported by a joint committee.

RULE 33. Bills, &c., not to be engrossed without three readings—Bills in second and third readings to be made the order of the day for the succeeding day—Matters passed over, how disposed of.

RULE 34. Bills and resolves involving expenditure of money to be referred to Committee on the Treasury.

RULE 35. Bills, &c., in their third reading to be committed for examination.

RULE 36. Engrossed bills, &c., to be committed for examination—Bills reported as rightly and truly engrossed not to be again read, unless, &c.

RULE 37. No engrossed bill to be amended except by unanimous consent.

RULE 38. No rejected measure to be revived—This rule to apply to House as well as Senate measures.

*Elections by Ballot.*

RULE 39. Elections by ballot—time to be assigned therefor.

*Senate Library.*

RULE 40. Books to be in care of the Clerk—Clerk to keep account of all books delivered.

*Reporters.*

RULE 41. Reporters—seats for, to be numbered and assigned by lot.

*General Rules.*

RULE 42. Seats not to be occupied by persons other than members.

RULE 43. Regulations respecting admission of persons to Senate Chamber and rooms adjoining.

RULE 44. Cushing's Manual and Cushing's Law and Practice to govern when not inconsistent with Rules and Orders.

RULE 45. Concerning the alteration, rescinding, &c., of rules.

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RULES AND ORDERS.

[Numbers enclosed in brackets indicate corresponding Rules of the House.]

*Of the Duties and Powers of the President.*

RULE 1. [1.] The President shall take the chair every day at the hour to which the Senate shall have adjourned, shall call the members to order, and, on the appearance of a quorum, shall proceed to business.

RULE 2. [2, 4.] He shall preserve order and decorum, may speak to points of order in preference to other members, and shall decide all questions of order subject to an appeal. He shall rise to put a question or to address the Senate, but may read sitting.

RULE 3. [3.] He shall declare all votes; but, if any member rises to doubt a vote, the President shall order a return of the number voting in the affirmative and in the negative, without further debate.

RULE 4. [5.] The President may vote on all questions.

RULE 5. [7.] When any member shall move that any question be taken by yeas and nays, the President shall take the sense of the Senate in that manner, provided one-fifth of the members present shall so direct.

RULE 6. [10.] When a question is under debate, the President shall receive no motion but to *adjourn*, to *proceed to the consideration of the special assignment*, to *lay on the table*, to *postpone to a day certain*, to *commit*, to *amend*, to *refer to the next General Court*, or to *postpone indefinitely*, which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand arranged.

RULE 7. [11.] The motion to adjourn, when made while any other question is pending, and the motions to lay on the table, to take from the table and for the yeas and nays, shall be decided without debate.

RULE 8. [15.] When two or more members rise at once, the President shall designate which of these shall be entitled to the floor.

RULE 9. [17.] The President shall have the right to appoint a member to perform the duties of the chair, but such appointment shall not extend beyond three days.

RULE 10. [47.] In case of a vacancy in the office of President, or in case the President, or the member substituted by him in accordance with Rule No. 9, shall be absent at the hour designated in Rule No. 1, the senior member present shall call the Senate to order, and shall preside until a President or a President *pro tempore* shall be elected by ballot, which shall be the first business of the Senate.

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*Of the Rights, Duties and Decorum of Members.*

RULE 11. [20.] Every member, when he speaks, shall stand in his place, and address the President.

RULE 12. [22.] No member shall speak more than once on one question, to the prevention of any other who has not spoken and is desirous to speak, nor more than twice without obtaining leave of the Senate.

RULE 13. [21.] No member speaking shall be interrupted by another but by rising to call to order.

RULE 14. After a question is put to a vote, no member shall speak to it.

RULE 15. [49.] Every member presenting a Petition, Memorial, or Remonstrance, shall indorse his name thereon, and, in the filing thereof, state briefly the nature and object of the instrument, and the reading of the same shall be dispensed with, unless specially ordered by the Senate.

RULE 16. [33.] Any motion shall be reduced to writing, if the President so direct.

RULE 17. [23.] When a vote has passed, except on motions specified in Rule 7, it shall be in order for any member to move a reconsideration thereof on the same or the succeeding day, and such motion if made on the same day, shall be placed first in the Orders of the Day, for the day succeeding that on which it is made; but, if first moved on such succeeding day, it shall be forthwith considered; and when a motion for reconsideration is decided, that vote shall not be reconsidered: *provided, however,* that a motion to reconsider a vote, upon any collateral matter, shall not remove the main subject under consideration, from before the Senate, but shall be considered at the time when it is made.

RULE 18. [25.] Bills, resolves, and other papers, in reference to which any member has a right to move a reconsideration, shall remain in the possession of the Clerk until the right of reconsideration has expired.

RULE 19. [34.] A question containing two or more propositions, capable of division, shall be divided whenever desired by any member. A motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed indivisible. But a motion to strike out, being lost, shall neither preclude amendment nor a motion to strike out and insert.

RULE 20. [37.] The unfinished business in which the Senate was engaged at the time of the last adjournment, shall have the preference in the Orders of the Day, next after motions to reconsider.

RULE 21. [31.] No member shall be permitted to vote or serve on any committee on a question where his private right is immediately concerned, distinct from the public interest.

RULE 22. No member shall absent himself from the Senate without leave, unless there be a quorum without his presence.

RULE 23. [7, 32.] Whenever a question shall be taken by yeas and nays, the Clerk shall call the names of all the members, except the President, in alphabetical order, and every member present shall answer to his name, unless excused before the vote is taken; and no member shall be permitted to vote after the decision is announced from the chair.

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*Of Committees.*

RULE 24. [43.] It shall be the duty of every member of the Senate, who moves that any Standing Committee be instructed to inquire into the expediency of amending an existing law, to point out to such Committee, in writing, the amendment which he deems expedient, and to furnish a

written statement of the facts and authorities in favor thereof, to such Committee, if by them required.

RULE 25. [66.] The following Standing Committees shall be appointed at the commencement of the first session, to wit:—

A Committee on the Judiciary ;

A Committee on Bills in the Third Reading ;

And each of these Committees shall consist of five members.

A Committee on Matters of Probate and Chancery ;

A Committee on the Treasury ;

A Committee on Printing ;

A Committee on Engrossed Bills ;

A Committee on Leave of Absence ;

And each of these Committees shall consist of three members.

RULE 26. [16, 68.] All Committees shall be appointed by the President, unless otherwise specially directed by the Senate, and the person first named shall be Chairman. In all elections of Committees by ballot, the person having the highest number of votes shall act as Chairman.

RULE 27. [42.] When a motion is made to commit any subject, and different Committees shall be proposed, the question shall be taken in the following order: A Standing Committee of the Senate—a Select Committee of the Senate—a Joint Standing Committee—a Joint Select Committee.

RULE 28. Reports of Committees, except such as do not propose final action, and Reports of Committees of Conference, shall, unless otherwise specially ordered, be placed in the Orders of the Day next succeeding that on which they shall be presented to the Senate.

RULE 29. No Committee shall be allowed to occupy the Senate Chamber without leave of the Senate.

RULE 30. [51.] No bill or resolve affecting the rights of individuals or private or municipal corporations, or the Commonwealth, shall be reported to the Senate by any Committee, unless it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of the Committee that notice had been given in the manner provided by law; or, unless such notice as the Committee shall direct shall have been given and proper proof of the same placed before the Committee; or, unless in the judgment of the Committee, no notice to the parties or the public is necessary.

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*Of Bills and Resolves.*

RULE 31. [56, 57.] All bills and resolves shall be written in a fair, round hand, without interlineations, on not less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins and spaces between the several sections or resolves. No bill or resolve shall be introduced by a member without special leave; and all bills and resolves, when so introduced, shall be committed before they are passed to a second reading.

RULE 32. All bills and resolves from the House of Representatives, after they are read a first time, shall be committed to a committee of the Senate, except when said bills or resolves shall have been reported by a joint committee.

RULE 33. [55, 63.] No bill or resolve or substitute therefor, shall pass to be engrossed without three readings on three several days; and bills and resolves in the second and third readings shall be made the order of the day for the day next succeeding that on which leave shall have been given to read them a second or third time, and the President shall order them accordingly. After being placed in the Orders of the Day they shall be disposed of in course; and matters passed over in the Orders of the Day shall go to



the foot of the list, and shall not be considered till the next day.

RULE 34. [59.] All bills and resolves involving the expenditure of public money, shall, after the first reading, be referred in course to the Committee on the Treasury, whose duty it shall be to report on their relation to the finances of the Commonwealth.

RULE 35. [60.] All bills and resolves in the third reading shall be committed to the Committee on Bills in the Third Reading, whose duty it shall be to ascertain their relations to the Constitution, and any existing laws upon the same subject-matter, and to see that all such bills and resolves are correct in form.

RULE 36. [61.] All engrossed bills and resolves shall be committed to the Standing Committee on Engrossed Bills, whose duty it shall be carefully to compare the same with the bill as passed to be engrossed, and if found by them to be rightly and truly engrossed, they shall so indorse on the envelope thereof, and the final question shall be taken thereon without any further reading, unless, on motion of any member, a majority of the Senate shall be in favor of reading the same as engrossed.

RULE 37. [62.] No engrossed bill or resolve shall be amended.

RULE 38. [57.] When any measure shall be finally rejected, it shall not be revived except by reconsideration, and no measure *substantially* the same shall be introduced during the session; and this Rule shall apply as well to measures originating in the House as to those originating in the Senate.

*Elections by Ballot.*

RULE 39. [67.] In all elections by ballot, a time shall be assigned for such election, at least one day previous thereto.

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*Senate Library.*

RULE 40. The books belonging to the Senate Chamber shall be in the care of the Clerk, who shall keep an accurate list thereof; and no book shall be taken from the Senate Chamber by any person without giving notice thereof to the Clerk, who shall enter, in a book to be kept by him, the name of the book, and the name of the person taking the same.

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*Reporters.*

RULE 41. Seats for reporters shall be numbered, and assigned by lot, under the direction of the Clerk of the Senate.

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RULE 42. [44.] No person not a member of the Senate shall be allowed to sit at the Senate table while the Senate is in session.

RULE 43. No person other than members of the legislative and executive departments of the State government shall be allowed to be present in the Clerk's room, or the room intervening between that and the Senate Chamber, while the Senate is in session, or during the half hour immediately preceding and following any session.

RULE 44. The Rules of Parliamentary Practice comprised in Cushing's Manual, and the principles of parliamentary law set forth in Cushing's larger work, shall govern the Senate in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with the Standing Rules and Orders of the Senate, or the Joint Rules of the two branches of the legislature.

RULE 45. [38.] Any Rule or Order, except the *thirty-fifth*, may be altered, suspended, or rescinded, two-thirds of the members present consenting thereto.



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RULES AND ORDERS

OF THE

HOUSE.

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# RULES AND ORDERS

## OF THE

# HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

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## CHAPTER I.

### *Of the Duties and Powers of the Speaker.*

RULE 1. The speaker shall take the chair every day at the hour to which the House was adjourned; shall call the members to order; and, on the appearance of a quorum, shall proceed to business.

RULE 2. He shall preserve decorum and order; may speak to points of order in preference to other members; and shall decide all questions of order, subject to an appeal to the House by motion regularly seconded; and no other business shall be in order till the question on the appeal shall have been decided.

RULE 3. He shall declare all votes; but if any member rises to doubt a vote, the speaker shall order a return of the number voting in the affirmative, and in the negative, without any further debate upon the question.

RULE 4. He shall rise to put a question, or to address the House, but may read sitting.

RULE 5. In all cases the speaker may vote.

RULE 6. When the House shall determine to go into a Committee of the whole House, the speaker shall appoint the member who shall take the chair.

RULE 7. On all questions and motions whatsoever, the speaker shall take the sense of the House by yeas and nays, provided one-fifth of the members present shall so require, and the call for yeas and nays shall be decided without debate. When the yeas and nays are taken, the roll of the House shall be called in alphabetical order, and no member shall be allowed to vote who was not upon the floor of the House when his name was called, or before the roll-call was finished.

RULE 8. He shall propound all questions, in the order in which they are moved, unless the subsequent motion be previous in its nature: except that, in naming sums and fixing times, the largest sum and longest time shall be put first.

RULE 9. After a motion is stated or read by the speaker, it shall be deemed to be in possession of the House, and shall be disposed of by vote of the House; but the mover may withdraw it at any time before a decision or amendment, except a motion to reconsider, which shall not be withdrawn after the time has elapsed within which it could be originally made.

RULE 10. When a question is under debate, the speaker shall receive no motion, but to adjourn, to lay on the table, for the previous question, to close the debate at a specified time, to postpone to a time certain, to commit, to amend, to refer to the next General Court, or to postpone indefi-

nately ; which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand arranged : and a motion to strike out the enacting clause of a bill shall be equivalent to a motion to postpone indefinitely.

RULE 11. He shall consider a motion to adjourn as always first in order ; and that motion, and the motions to lay on the table, and to take from the table, shall be decided without debate.

RULE 12. He shall put the previous question in the following form : “ *Shall the main question be now put ?* ”—and all debate upon the main question shall be suspended, until the previous question shall be decided. The adoption of the previous question shall put an end to all debate, and bring the House to a direct vote upon pending amendments, if any, in their regular order, and then upon the main question.

RULE 13. On the previous question, not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and that only to give reasons why the main question should not be put, and no member shall speak more than three minutes. All questions of order, arising after a motion is made for the previous question, shall be decided without debate, excepting on appeal, and, on such appeal, and on the previous question, no member shall be allowed to speak more than once without leave of the House.

RULE 14. A motion to close the debate at a specified time, shall be put not less than thirty minutes before the time stated.

RULE 15. When two or more members happen to rise at once, the speaker shall name the member entitled to the floor.

RULE 16. All committees shall be appointed and announced by the speaker, unless otherwise specially directed by the House.

RULE 17. The speaker shall have the right to name any member to perform the duties of the chair, but such substitution shall not extend beyond two days.

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## CHAPTER II.

### *Of the Duties, Rights and Decorum of Members.*

RULE 18. Every seat, which shall be drawn by any member, at the beginning of the session, shall be his seat during the year, unless he have leave of the speaker to change it.

RULE 19. The desks on the right and left of the speaker shall be appropriated to the use of the clerk and the committees on Bills.

RULE 20. Every member, when about to speak, shall rise and respectfully address the speaker, confine himself to the question under debate, avoid personality, and sit down when he has finished. No member shall speak out of his place without leave of the speaker.

RULE 21. No member speaking shall be interrupted by another, but by rising to call to order.

RULE 22. No member shall speak more than twice on one question, without first obtaining leave of the House; nor more than once, until the other members, who have not spoken, shall speak, if they desire it.

RULE 23. When a vote has passed, except on the previous question and on motions mentioned in rule eleventh, it shall be in order for any member of the *majority* to move for a

reconsideration thereof on the same or the succeeding day, and such motion, if made on the same day, shall (except in the last week of the session) be placed first in the orders of the day for the day succeeding that on which it is made; but if first moved on such succeeding day, it shall be forthwith considered; and when a motion for reconsideration is decided, that decision shall not be reconsidered, and no question be twice reconsidered: *provided, however*, that a motion to reconsider a vote, upon any incidental or subsidiary question, shall not remove the main subject under consideration from before the House, but shall be considered at the time when it is made.

RULE 24. Debate on motions to reconsider votes of the House on any bill or resolve shall be limited to thirty minutes, and no member shall occupy more than five minutes.

RULE 25. Bills, resolves, and other papers, in reference to which any member has a right to move a reconsideration, except petitions, enacted bills, orders of inquiry and orders of notice, shall remain in the possession of the clerk until the right of reconsideration has expired: *provided*, that the operation of this rule shall be suspended during the last week of the session.

RULE 26. No member shall be obliged to be on more than two committees at the same time, nor chairman of more than one.

RULE 27. No member shall be permitted to stand up, to the interruption of another, while any member is speaking, or to pass unnecessarily between the speaker of the House and the person speaking; nor shall any member be permitted to stand in the alleys or in the area in front of the chair, during the session of the House.

RULE 28. All proceedings of the House in secret session, and every matter relating to the same, shall be kept secret, until the House shall remove the injunction of secrecy.

RULE 29. Every member who neglects to give his attendance in the House for more than six days after the session commences, shall, on making his appearance therein, be held to render the reason of such neglect; and in case the reason assigned be deemed by the House sufficient, such member shall be entitled to receive pay for his travel, and not otherwise; and no member shall be absent more than two days, without leave or excuse of the House.

RULE 30. When any member is guilty of a breach of either of the rules and orders of the House, he may be required by the House, on motion, to make satisfaction therefor, and shall not be allowed to vote or speak, except by way of excuse, till he has done so.

RULE 31. No member shall be permitted to vote, or serve on any committee, in any question where his private right is immediately concerned, distinct from the public interest.

RULE 32. Every member present in the House when a question is put, where he is not excluded by interest, shall give his vote, unless the House, for special reasons, excuse him. Any member desiring to be so excused on any question, shall make application to that effect before the House is divided, or before the calling of the yeas and nays; and such application shall be accompanied by a brief statement of reasons, and decided without debate.

RULE 33. Every motion shall be reduced to writing, if the speaker so directs.

RULE 34. Any member may call for the division of a question when the sense will admit of it. A motion to

strike out and insert shall be deemed indivisible; but a motion to strike out being lost, shall neither preclude amendment, nor a motion to strike out and insert.

**RULE 35.** Motions and reports may be committed, or recommitted, at the pleasure of the House.

**RULE 36.** No motion or proposition, of a subject different from that under consideration, shall be admitted under color of amendment.

**RULE 37.** The unfinished business, in which the House was engaged at the time of the last adjournment, shall have the preference in the orders of the day next after motions for reconsideration.

**RULE 38.** No rule or order of the House shall be dispensed with, altered, or repealed, unless two-thirds of the members present consent thereto; but rules fifty-two, fifty-three and sixty shall not be suspended, unless by unanimous consent of the members present.

**RULE 39.** When a vote is doubted, the members for or against the question, when called on by the speaker, shall rise and stand till they are counted.

**RULE 40.** All questions relating to the priority of business to be acted upon, shall be decided without debate.

**RULE 41.** Every question of order shall be noted by the clerk, with the decision thereon, and inscribed at large on the journal.

**RULE 42.** When a motion is made to refer any subject, and different committees shall be proposed, the question shall be taken in the following order:—a standing committee of the House—a select committee of the House—a joint standing committee—a joint select committee.



RULE 43. It shall be the duty of each member of the House who moves that any standing committee be instructed to inquire into the expediency of amending an existing law or laws, to point out the amendment, which he deems expedient, in writing, to accompany his motion, specifying the chapter and section of the statute referred to.

RULE 44. No person, other than members and officers of the legislature, shall be admitted within the bar of the House during its session, except by invitation of a member of the House, or by leave of the speaker.

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### CHAPTER III.

#### *Of the Duties of Monitors.*

RULE 45. Two monitors shall be appointed for each division of the House, whose duty it shall be to see to the due observance of the orders of the House, and on demand of the speaker, to return the number of votes and members in their respective divisions.

RULE 46. If any member transgress any of the rules or orders of the House, and persist therein after being notified thereof by any monitor, it shall be the duty of such monitor to give information thereof to the House.

RULE 47. If the speaker is absent beyond the time designated in the seventeenth rule, any monitor present designated by the clerk shall call the House to order, and preside until the speaker assume his seat, or a speaker *pro tem.* be chosen.

## CHAPTER IV.

*Of Petitions, Memorials, &c.*

RULE 48. All papers addressed to the House, except petitions, memorials and remonstrances, shall be presented by the speaker, or by a member in his place, shall be read by the speaker, clerk, or such other person as the speaker may request, and be taken up in the order in which they were presented, unless the House otherwise directs.

RULE 49. Every member, presenting to the House a petition, memorial or remonstrance, shall indorse his name thereon, with a brief statement of the nature and object of the instrument, and the reading of the same from the chair shall in all instances be dispensed with, unless specially ordered by the House.

RULE 50. All reports, petitions, memorials, remonstrances and papers of a like nature, shall be presented during the first hour of each session of the House, and at no other time; and the speaker shall call on the several divisions, in regular succession, for such papers.

RULE 51. No bill or resolve affecting the rights of individuals or private or municipal corporations or the Commonwealth, shall be reported to the House by any committee, unless it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of the committee that notice has been given in the manner provided by law, or unless such notice as the committee shall direct shall have been given and proper proof of the same placed before the committee, or unless in the judgment of the committee no notice to the parties or the public is necessary.

RULE 52. Any order proposed for adoption shall be passed over for that day without question, if any member of the House shall so request; and the same shall be considered and disposed of, on the succeeding day.

RULE 53. Use of the Representatives' chamber shall not be granted for any purpose unless by a vote of four-fifths of the members present.

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CHAPTER V.

*Of Bills and Resolves.*

RULE 54. The first reading of a bill shall be for information, and if opposition be made to it, the question shall be, "*Shall this bill be rejected?*" If no opposition be made, or if the question to reject be negatived, the bill shall go to its second reading without a question.

RULE 55. No bill or resolve shall pass to be engrossed without being read on three several days.

RULE 56. All bills and resolves shall be written in a fair, legible hand, without interlineations, on not less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins, and spaces between the several sections or resolves.

RULE 57. No bill or resolve shall be introduced to the House, unless reported by a committee, without having first been read for information only, and special leave thereupon granted; and, when thus introduced, such bill or resolve shall be committed, before it is ordered to a second reading. When any bill, resolve, order, petition, memorial or remonstrance, has been finally rejected, no other, substantially the same, shall be introduced by any committee or member during the same session; and the House shall not consider an amendment to one of its own bills made by the Senate, which amendment is substantially the same as a bill or resolve which has once been rejected by the House.

RULE 58. No engrossed bill or resolve shall be sent to the Senate, without notice thereof being given by the speaker.

RULE 59. All bills and resolves involving an expenditure of public money, shall, after their first reading, be referred in course to the committee on Finance, for report on their relation to the finances of the Commonwealth. Appropriation bills reported to the House shall contain only such items of expenditure as have been authorized by law, or such as the committee on Finance have been specially directed by vote of the House to insert.

RULE 60. All bills and resolves in their third reading shall be committed to the standing committee on bills in the third reading, to be by them examined, corrected and reported to the House; but no change shall be made by them in the subject-matter of any bill or resolve, unless the same shall be reported to the House as an amendment.

RULE 61. All engrossed bills and resolves shall be committed to the standing committee on engrossed bills, to be strictly examined; and if found truly and rightly engrossed, they shall so report to the House, and the same be passed to be enacted, without any further reading, unless, on motion of any member, a majority of the House shall be in favor of reading the same as engrossed.

RULE 62. No engrossed bill or resolve shall be amended.

RULE 63. Bills and resolves in their third reading shall be made the order of the day, for the day next succeeding that on which leave was given to read them a third time; and all reports of committees, not by bill or resolve, whether joint or of this House, shall be made the order of the day for the day next succeeding that on which they have been read in this House, unless the House otherwise direct; and the speaker shall order accordingly; and, after entering on the orders of the day, they shall be disposed of in course.

RULE 64. When, in considering the orders of the day, matters giving rise to debate are passed over, at the request of any member, a motion that a subject lie upon the table shall be equivalent to a notice of an intention to debate, and the matter shall not be laid upon the table, but shall be passed.

RULE 65. All amendments, proposed by the Senate and sent back to the House for their concurrence, shall be committed to the committee which reported the measure proposed to be amended, unless such committee be composed of members of both branches.

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## CHAPTER VI.

### *Of Committees, their Powers and Duties.*

RULE 66. The following standing committees shall be appointed at the commencement of the political year, viz. :—

A Committee on the Judiciary ;

A Committee on Matters of Probate and Chancery ;

A Committee on Finance ;

A Committee on Elections ;

A Committee on Bills in the Third Reading ;

A Committee on Engrossed Bills ;

A Committee on County Estimates ;

A Committee on the Pay Roll ;

A Committee on Leave of Absence ;

A Committee on Public Buildings ;

A Committee on Printing ;

And each of these committees shall consist of seven members.

RULE 67. In all elections by ballot, a time shall be assigned for such election, at least one day previous thereto.

RULE 68. In all elections of committees of the House, by ballot, the person having the highest number of votes, shall act as chairman.



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JOINT RULES AND ORDERS

OF THE

TWO BRANCHES.

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# JOINT RULES AND ORDERS

OF THE

## TWO BRANCHES.

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RULE 1. List of Joint Standing Committees—No member of either House to act as counsel before any committee.

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RULE 14. Elections by joint ballot; time to be assigned therefor.

RULE 15. Committees of Conference; how composed, and their reports.

RULE 16. Concerning reports on petitions, notice of the presentation of which has not been given.

RULE 17. Concerning petitions, memorials, &c.

RULE 18. Concerning the printing and binding of Documents.

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RULE 1. The following Joint Standing Committees shall be appointed at the commencement of the January session, viz. :—

A Committee on Agriculture ;

- A Committee on Banks and Banking ;
- A Committee on Claims ;
- A Committee on Education ;
- A Committee on Expenditures ;
- A Committee on Federal Relations ;
- A Committee on the Fisheries ;
- A Committee on the Library ;
- A Committee on Manufactures ;
- A Committee on Mercantile Affairs ;
- A Committee on Insurance ;
- A Committee on Military Affairs ;
- A Committee on Parishes and Religious Societies ;
- A Committee on Prisons ;
- A Committee on Public Charitable Institutions ;
- A Committee on Public Lands ;
- A Committee on Railways ;
- A Committee on Horse Railways ;
- A Committee on Roads and Bridges ;
- A Committee on the State House ;
- A Committee on Towns ;
- A Committee on Harbors ;

A Committee on the Hoosac Tunnel and the Troy and Greenfield Railroad ;

And each of said Committees shall consist of two on the part of the Senate, and five on the part of the House, except the Committee on Harbors, the Committee on the Hoosac Tunnel and the Troy and Greenfield Railroad, the Committee on Railways, and the Committee on Horse Railways, which shall each consist of three members on the part of the Senate, and eight members on the part of the House ; and except the Committee on the Library, which by law, is to consist of three on the part of each House ; and except the Committee on Expenditures, which shall consist of the Committee on the Treasury of the Senate, and the Committee on Finance of the House. No member of either House

shall act as counsel for any party before any committee of the legislature.

**RULE 2.** It shall be the duty of the Committee on the Hoosac Tunnel and the Troy and Greenfield Railroad to visit the tunnel and railroad, examine into the condition and progress of the work, and to report fully the result of such examination.

**RULE 3.** The Joint Committees of the two Houses may report by bill, resolve or otherwise, to either House, at their discretion; and all bills and resolves reported by them, shall be written in a fair, legible hand, without interlineation, on not less than a sheet of paper, with suitable margins, and spaces between the several sections or resolves.

**RULE 4.** Reports of Joint Committees may be recommitted to the same committees at the pleasure of the House first acting thereon, without asking the concurrence of the other branch; and bills or resolves which have been previously acted on in one branch may be recommitted in the other without a concurrent vote, except when recommitted with instructions: *provided*, that, after such recommitment, reports shall, in all cases, be made to the branch which shall have ordered such recommitment.

**RULE 5.** All papers, while on their passage between the two Houses, may be under the signature of the respective Clerks, except bills and resolves in their last stage. Messages may be sent by such persons as each House may direct.

**RULE 6.** After bills shall have passed both Houses to be engrossed, they shall be in the charge of the Clerks of the two Houses, who shall deliver the same to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, to be engrossed in the manner prescribed by law; and, when engrossed, the said Clerks shall forthwith deliver the same to the Committee of the House of

Representatives on Engrossed Bills; and when the same shall have passed to be enacted in that House, they shall, in like manner be delivered to the Committee of the Senate on Engrossed Bills.

**RULE 7.** If any bill, resolve or order, originating in one branch, is rejected in the other, notice thereof shall be given, under the signature of the Clerk, to the branch in which the same originated.

**RULE 8.** The Clerk of the House in which a bill originated, shall make an indorsement thereon, certifying in which House the same originated, which indorsement shall be entered on the Journals by the Clerks respectively.

After said bills shall have passed both Houses to be enacted, the Clerk of the Senate shall lay them before the Governor for his approbation, and shall enter upon the Journal of the Senate the day on which the same were laid before the Governor.

**RULE 9.** All resolves and other papers, which are to be presented to the Governor for his approbation, shall be laid before him in the same manner as is prescribed in the case of bills.

**RULE 10.** All resolves proposing amendments of the Constitution, shall have three several readings in each House, and the final question upon adopting the same shall be taken by yeas and nays.

**RULE 11.** The President of the Senate shall preside in Conventions of the two branches; and such Conventions shall be holden in the Representatives' Chamber; and the Clerk of the Senate shall be Clerk of the Conventions.

**RULE 12.** When an agreement has been made by the two branches to go into Convention, such agreement shall not be altered or annulled, except by concurrent vote.

RULE 13. No business shall be entered on, in Convention, other than that which may be agreed on before the Convention is formed.

RULE 14. In all elections by joint ballot, a time shall be assigned therefor at least one day previous to such election.

RULE 15. Committees of Conference shall consist of three members on the part of each House, representing its vote; and their report, if agreed to by a majority of each Committee, shall be made to the branch asking the conference, and may be either accepted or rejected; but no other action shall be had, except through a new Committee of Conference.

RULE 16. No bill or resolve affecting the rights of individuals or private or municipal corporations, or the Commonwealth, shall be reported to the Legislature by any Committee, unless it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of the Committee that notice had been given in the manner provided by law; or, unless such notice as the Committee shall direct shall have been given and proper proof of the same placed before the Committee; or, unless in the judgment of the Committee, no notice to the parties or the public is necessary.

RULE 17. All petitions, memorials and applications embraced in the provisions of chapter 2 of the General Statutes and chapter 91 of the Acts of the year 1862, which shall be presented after the expiration of forty days from the commencement of the session, shall be referred to the next General Court. This Rule shall not be rescinded, amended or suspended, except by a concurrent vote of three-fourths of the members of each House present and voting thereon.

RULE 18. The Committee on Printing shall act as a Joint Committee in cases requiring joint action; and as such may make regulations for the distribution of all documents

printed or assigned for the use of the legislature, not otherwise disposed of, such regulations to be reported to and subject to the order of the two branches.

Under the general order to print a report, bill or other document, the number printed shall be eight hundred, with the exception of the Governor's Inaugural Address, of which three thousand copies may be printed without special order. Either branch, by special order, may direct a larger number than eight hundred copies to be printed, which order shall be referred to the Committee on Printing, who may report thereon at any time when the Orders of the Day are not under consideration.

Leave to report in print, shall not be construed to authorize the printing of extended reports of evidence.

No binding or engraving shall be ordered, except upon the report of the Joint Committee on Printing, accepted by the legislature.

Bills, reports and other documents, printed under the general order of either House, shall be distributed as follows, to wit: Two copies to each member of the Senate and House of Representatives (to be placed on his file under the direction of the Sergeant-at-Arms, if desired by the member); three copies to each Clerk in either branch, and three copies to each reporter in regular attendance, to whom a seat has been assigned in either branch; twenty copies to the Executive; twenty copies to the Secretary's Office; six copies to the State Library; and when the document is the report of a committee, ten copies shall be assigned to the committee making the report. The Sergeant-at-Arms shall preserve as many as may be necessary for the permanent files to be placed in the lobbies and distribute the remainder under such regulations as may be prescribed by said Joint Committee.

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LIST OF THE  
Executive and Legislative Departments  
OF THE GOVERNMENT  
OF THE  
COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS,  
AND OFFICERS IMMEDIATELY CONNECTED THEREWITH—WITH PLACES OF  
RESIDENCE.

1871.

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## EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

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His Excellency WILLIAM CLAFLIN, of Newton,  
GOVERNOR.  
8 Walnut Street.

His Honor JOSEPH TUCKER, of Lenox,  
LIEUT. GOVERNOR.  
Tremont House.

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### COUNCIL.

District I.—MARSHALL S. UNDERWOOD, of Dennis.  
At home.

II.—WILLIAM L. REED, of Abington.  
At home.

III.—HENRY G. CROWELL, of Boston.  
56 Winthrop Street.

IV.—JONAS FITCH, of Boston.  
30 Commonwealth Avenue.

V.—JOHN F. HARRIS, of Marblehead.  
At home.

VI.—JONATHAN B. WINN, of Woburn.  
At home.

VII.—ELIJAH B. STODDARD, of Worcester.  
At home.

VIII.—SYLVANDER JOHNSON, of Adams.  
U. S. Hotel.

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*Private Secretary of the Governor.*  
CHARLES H. TAYLOR, . . . Somerville.

*Committees of the Council.*

*On Pardons.*—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Underwood, Mr. Winn, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Stoddard.

*On Finance.*—Mr. Underwood, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Winn, Mr. Fitch, Mr. Harris.

*On the Troy and Greenfield Railroad and Hoosac Tunnel.*—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Reed, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Crowell, Mr. Stoddard.

*On Harbors, Railroads and Bridges*—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Crowell, Mr. Reed, Mr. Harris, Mr. Fitch.

*On Public Lands.*—Mr. Underwood, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Harris.

*On Accounts.*—Mr. Underwood, Mr. Crowell.

*On Warrants.*—Mr. Underwood, Mr. Crowell, Mr. Winn.

*On Military Affairs*—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Reed, Mr. Stoddard.

*On Boston, Hartford and Erie Railroad.*—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Underwood, Mr. Reed, Mr. Fitch, Mr. Harris.

*State Prison.*—Mr. Underwood, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Crowell, Mr. Winn, Mr. Fitch.

*Secretary of the Commonwealth.*

OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.

11 Burroughs Place.

Charles W. Lovett, *1st Clerk*, . . . 60 Chestnut Street.

Benjamin C. Piper, *2d Clerk*, . . . 41 Grove Street.

*Treasurer and Receiver-General and Tax Commissioner.*

CHARLES ADAMS, JR., of North Brookfield.

United States Hotel.

Daniel H. Rogers, *1st Clerk*, . . . Brookline.

Artemas Harmon, *Assistant-Clerk*, . . . Malden.

Joshua Phippen, . . . Salem.

*Deputy Tax Commissioner.*

Daniel A. Gleason, . . . . . Medford.  
Andrew J. Morton, *Clerk*, . . . . . Boston.  
S. W. Hatheway, *Clerk*, . . . . . Boston.

*Allotment Commissioner.*

David Wilder.

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*Juditor.*

CHARLES ENDICOTT, of Canton.

Edward S. Davis, *1st Clerk*, . . . . . Lynn.  
Augustus Brown, *2d Clerk*, . . . . . Salem.

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*Attorney-General.*

CHARLES ALLEN, of Boston.

James C. Davis, *Ass't Attorney-General*, . . . Boston.

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GOVERNOR'S STAFF.

Major-General JAMES A. CUNNINGHAM,  
*Adjutant, Quartermaster and Inspector-General.*

Colonel NEHEMIAH BROWN,  
*Assistant Adjutant-General.*

Colonel A. B. UNDERWOOD, *Aide-de-Camp.*

Colonel JAMES L. BATES, *Aide-de-Camp.*

Colonel EDWARD N. HALLOWELL, *Aide-de-Camp.*

Colonel CHAS. F. WOLCOTT, *Aide-de-Camp.*

Lieutenant-Colonel HENRY WARE,  
*Assistant Adjutant-General.*

Brigadier-General WILLIAM J. DALE,  
*Surgeon-General.*

- Colonel ANSON P. HOOKER,  
*Assistant Surgeon-General.*
- Colonel SAMUEL E. CHAMBERLAIN,  
*Deputy Quartermaster-General.*
- Lieutenant-Colonel CHARLES H. TAYLOR,  
*Military Secretary.*
- Major WILLIAM CAPELLE,  
*Surgeon-General's Department.*
- Lieutenant-Colonel JOHN MORISSEY,  
*Assistant Inspector-General.*
- Lieutenant-Colonel ROLAND WORTHINGTON,  
*Assistant Inspector-General.*
- Captain WILLIAM E. WILSON,  
*Assistant Inspector-General.*

Legislative Department.



## SENATE . . . . BY DISTRICTS.

HON. HORACE H. COOLIDGE, OF BOSTON, *President.*

DISTRICT.	Name.	Residence.	Boarding Place.
First Suffolk,	Rufus S. Frost,	Chelsea,	At home.
Second "	Alonzo W. Boardman,	Boston,	101 Charles Street.
Third "	William D. Park,	Boston,	7 Central Court.
Fourth "	Horace H. Coolidge,	Boston,	148 Boylston Street.
Fifth,	James A. Fox,	Boston,	843 Washington St.
Sixth,	Patrick A. Collins,	Boston,	12 Old Harbor St., So. Boston.
First Essex,	William H. Caswell,	Marblehead,	At home.
Second "	Daniel E. Safford,	Hamilton,	At home.
Third "	N. S. Kimball,	Haverhill,	At home.
Fourth "	Orlando B. Tenney,	Georgetown,	At home.

DISTRICT.	Name.	Residence.	Boarding Place.
Fifth Essex,	Frederick Willcomb,	Ipswich,	At home.
First Middlesex,	William B. Long,	Charlestown,	At home.
Second "	James Pierce,	Malden,	At home.
Third "	Estes Howe,	Cambridge,	At home.
Fourth "	James W. Clark,	Frammingham,	At home.
Fifth "	John Fletcher, Jr.,	Acton,	At home.
Sixth "	George P. Elliott,	Billerica,	2 James Street.
Seventh "	George F. Richardson,	Lowell,	At home.
First Worcester,	Adin Thayer,	Worcester,	At home.
Second "	J. H. Wood,	Grafton.	At home.
Third "	A. J. Bartholomew,	Southbridge,	Young's Hotel.
Fourth "	Baxter D. Whitney,	Winchendon,	Marlboro' Hotel.
Fifth "	Henry C. Greeley,	Clinton,	At home.
First Hampden,	Timothy F. Packard,	Monson,	At home.



Second Hampden,	George M. Stearns,	Chicopee,	Young's Hotel.
Hampshire,	Stephen M. Crosby,	Williamsburg,	Commonwealth Hotel.
Franklin,	Andrew J. Clark,	Orange,	Adams House.
Berkshire&Hampshire,	Richard Goodman,	Lenox,	Tremont House.
Berkshire,	Shepard Thayer,	Adams,	United States Hotel.
First Norfolk,	George H. Monroe,	Boston,	Boston Highlands.
Second "	T. L. Wakefield,	Dedham,	At home.
Third "	F. W. Bird,	Walpole,	At home.
First Plymouth,	James G. Sproat,	Wareham,	At home.
Second "	Jacob Bates,	East Bridgewater,	At home.
Norfolk and Plymouth,	Amasa Whiting,	Hingham,	20 Joy Street.
First Bristol,	Stephen H. Rhodes,	Taunton,	At home.
Second "	John A. Hawes,	Fairhaven,	At home.
Third "	Charles P. Stickney,	Fall River,	At home.
Cape,	Nathaniel E. Atwood,	Provincetown,	Marlboro' Hotel.
Island,	Charles Bradley,	Tisbury,	Marlboro' Hotel.

# ARRANGEMENT OF THE SENATE.

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HON. HORACE H. COOLIDGE, *President.*

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## LEFT.

- 1.—Nathaniel E. Atwood.
- 2.—George H. Monroe.
- 3.—Andrew J. Clark.
- 4.—Orlando B. Tenney.
- 5.—Patrick A. Collins.
- 6.—Jacob Bates.
- 7.—Stephen H. Rhodes.
- 8.—John A. Hawes.
- 9.—Charles P. Stickney.
- 10.—James W. Clark.
- 11.—Timothy F. Packard.
- 12.—T. L. Wakefield.
- 13.—A. J. Bartholomew.
- 14.—J. H. Wood.
- 15.—Alonzo W. Boardman.
- 16.—Geo. F. Richardson.
- 17.—William D. Park.
- 18.—George M. Stearns.
- 19.—Richard Goodman.

## RIGHT.

- 1.—George P. Elliott.
- 2.—Estes Howe.
- 3.—John Fletcher, Jr.
- 4.—James Pierce.
- 5.—James A. Fox.
- 6.—Stephen M. Crosby.
- 7.—James G. Sproat.
- 8.—Henry C. Greeley.
- 9.—Frederick Willcomb.
- 10.—N. S. Kimball.
- 11.—Daniel E. Safford.
- 12.—William B. Long.
- 13.—Shepard Thayer.
- 14.—Charles Bradley.
- 15.—Adin Thayer.
- 16.—F. W. Bird.
- 17.—Rufus S. Frost.
- 18.—Amasa Whiting.
- 19.—Baxter D. Whitney.
- 20.—William H. Caswell.

SENATE . . . . . ALPHABETICALLY.

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HON. HORACE H. COOLIDGE,  
 (Fourth Suffolk District,)  
 PRESIDENT.

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Atwood, Nathaniel E.,	. Cape	<i>District.</i>
Bartholomew, A. J.,	. . Third Worcester	"
Bates, Jacob,	. . . Second Plymouth	"
Bird, F. W.,	. . . Third Norfolk	"
Boardman, A. W.,	. . . Second Suffolk	"
Bradley, Charles,	. . . Island	"
Caswell, William H.,	. . . First Essex	"
Clark, A. J.,	. . . Franklin	"
Clark, J. W.,	. . . Fourth Middlesex	"
Collins, Patrick A.,	. . . Sixth Suffolk	"
Coolidge, Horace H.,	. . . Fourth Suffolk	"
Crosby, Stephen M.,	. . . Hampshire	"
Elliott, George P.,	. . . Sixth Middlesex	"
Fletcher, John, Jr.,	. . . Fifth Middlesex	"
Fox, James A.,	. . . Fifth Suffolk	"
Frost, Rufus S.,	. . . First Suffolk	"
Goodman, Richard,	. . . Berkshire & Hampshire	"
Greeley, Henry C.,	. . . Fifth Worcester	"
Hawes, John A.,	. . . Second Bristol	"
Howe, Estes,	. . . Third Middlesex	"

Kimball, N. S., . . .	<i>Third Essex</i>	<i>District.</i>
Long, William B., . . .	<i>First Middlesex</i>	“
Monroe, George H., . . .	<i>First Norfolk</i>	“
Packard, T. F., . . .	<i>First Hampden</i>	“
Park, William D., . . .	<i>Third Suffolk</i>	“
Pierce, James, . . .	<i>Second Middlesex</i>	“
Rhodes, Stephen H., . . .	<i>First Bristol</i>	“
Richardson, George F., . . .	<i>Seventh Middlesex</i>	“
Safford, Daniel E., . . .	<i>Second Essex</i>	“
Sproat, James G., . . .	<i>First Plymouth</i>	“
Stearns, George M., . . .	<i>Second Hampden</i>	“
Stickney, Charles P., . . .	<i>Third Bristol</i>	“
Tenney, Orlando B., . . .	<i>Fourth Essex</i>	“
Thayer, Adin, . . .	<i>First Worcester</i>	“
Thayer, Shepard, . . .	<i>Berkshire</i>	“
Wakefield, T. L., . . .	<i>Second Norfolk</i>	“
Whiting, Amasa, . . .	<i>Norfolk &amp; Plymouth</i>	“
Whitney, B. D., . . .	<i>Fourth Worcester</i>	“
Willcomb, Frederick, . . .	<i>Fifth Essex</i>	“
Wood, J. H., . . .	<i>Second Worcester</i>	“

## OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

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STEPHEN N. GIFFORD, *Clerk.*

REV. S. W. FOLJAMBE, *Chaplain.*

JOHN MORISSEY, *Sergeant-at-Arms.*

HENRY O. READ, *Door-keeper.*

STILLMAN W. EDGELL, *Assistant Door-keeper.*

L. M. HAYDEN, *Messenger.*

F. W. LANE, *Messenger.*

GEORGE C. CLAPP, *Messenger.*

JOHN F. DOHERTY, *Messenger.*

JOHN F. DUFFY, *Messenger.*

C. F. P. KNOWLES, *Page.*

CHARLES FOSTER, *Page.*

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,  
BY COUNTIES.

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1st,	{ Henry S. Washburn, . . . Edward Pearl, . . . Luther A. Wright, . . .	Boston. Boston. Boston.
2d,	{ Michael Carney, . . . James O. Fallon, . . . John Drynan, . . .	Boston. Boston. Boston.
3d,	{ George Going, . . . Theophilus Burr, . . . John Newell, . . .	Boston. Boston. Boston.
4th,	{ Charles R. Train, . . . John A. Lamson, . . . John P. Ober, . . .	Boston. Boston. Boston.
5th,	{ Charles L. Woodbury, . . . John W. Regan, . . . John J. Murphy, . . .	Boston. Boston. Boston.
6th,	{ Harvey Jewell, . . . George L. Ruffin, . . . Hugh Flood, . . .	Boston. Boston. Boston.
7th,	{ John E. Fitzgerald, . . . Hugh A. Madden, . . . Hugh J. Toland, . . .	Boston. Boston. Boston.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
8th,	{ Moses Kimball, . . .	Boston.
	{ Ira L. Moore, . . .	Boston.
	{ David Chamberlin, . . .	Boston.
9th,	{ George Nowell, . . .	Boston.
	{ Francis D. Stedman, . . .	Boston.
10th,	{ Timothy Davis, . . .	Boston.
	{ Noah Lincoln, . . .	Boston.
11th,	{ Samuel J. Tuttle, . . .	Boston.
	{ Charles V. Poor, . . .	Boston.
	{ Edward W. Griggs, . . .	Boston.
12th,	{ Robert Johnson, . . .	Boston.
	{ Francis James, . . .	Boston.
13th,	{ Caleb Lombard, . . .	Chelsea.
	{ Horatio B. Hersey, . . .	Chelsea.
	{ Thomas Floyd, . . .	Winthrop.

## COUNTY OF ESSEX.

1st,	{ John Hume, . . .	Amesbury.
	{ Charles L. Allen, . . .	Salisbury.
2d,	{ William E. Blunt, . . .	Haverhill.
	{ Henry O. Burr, . . .	Haverhill.
	{ Samuel W. Hopkinson, . . .	Bradford.
3d,	{ John K. Tarbox, . . .	Lawrence.
	{ Robert Bower, . . .	Lawrence.
	{ George E. Davis, . . .	Lawrence.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
4th,	Benjamin P. Saunders, .	North Andover.
5th,	Stephen Osgood, . .	Georgetown.
6th,	{ George J. L. Colby, . .	Newburyport.
	{ Nathaniel Pierce, . .	Newburyport.
	{ Moses H. Fowler, . .	Newburyport.
7th,	Edward T. Lyford, . .	Rowley.
8th,	{ William A. Pew, . .	Gloucester.
	{ Benjamin H. Corliss, . .	Gloucester.
	{ Charles P. Thompson, . .	Gloucester.
9th,	George H. Vibbert, . .	Rockport.
10th,	{ John I. Baker, . .	Beverly.
	{ Nathan H. Webb, . .	Beverly.
11th,	George H. Peabody, . .	Danvers.
12th,	Robert S. Daniels, . .	Peabody.
13th,	{ Samuel Calley, . .	Salem.
	{ Willard P. Phillips, . .	Salem.
14th,	William Cogswell, . .	Salem.
15th,	{ George D. Glover, . .	Salem.
	{ Thomas Swasey, Jr., . .	Marblehead.
16th,	Peter M Neal, . .	Lynn.
17th,	William R. Melden, . .	Lynn.



District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
18th,	Orrin Hewes, . . .	Lynn.
19th,	Daniel N. Barrett, . . .	Lynn.
20th,	Hiram A. Stiles, . . .	Middleton.

## COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

1st,	Alfred K. Merrill, . . .	Charlestown.
2d,	{ Thomas B. Harris, . . . Joseph H. Cotton, . . .	Charlestown. Charlestown.
3d,	{ Andrew J. Bailey, . . . Israel P. Magoun, . . .	Charlestown. Charlestown.
4th,	{ Selwin Z. Bowman, . . . Charles H. Guild, . . . Joseph M. Russell, . . .	Somerville. Somerville. Malden.
5th,	John S. Cotton, . . .	Medford.
6th,	Samuel W. Twombly, . . .	Winchester.
7th,	Charles F. Walcott, . . .	Cambridge.
8th,	{ John McDuffie, . . . Robert O. Fuller, . . . Curtis C. Nichols, . . .	Cambridge. Cambridge. Cambridge.
9th,	Ezra Parmenter, . . .	Cambridge.
10th,	{ James J. Walworth, . . . George H. Howe, . . .	Newton. Brighton.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
11th,	A. L. Richards, . . .	Watertown.
12th,	Thomas Hill, . . .	Waltham.
13th,	William Nutt, . . .	Natick.
14th,	Joseph Dowse, Jr., . . .	Sherborn.
15th,	J. Newton Pike, . . .	Ashland.
16th,	Theodore C. Hurd, . . .	Framingham.
17th,	Samuel Howe, . . .	Marlborough.
18th,	Paul Hayward, . . .	Boxborough.
19th,	George W. Gates, . . .	Acton.
20th,	Edwin Wheeler, . . .	Concord.
21st,	Humphrey Prescott, . . .	Carlisle.
22d,	Edward E. Thompson, . . .	Woburn.
23d,	{ James C. Currier, . . . E. H. Walton, . . .	Melrose. Wakefield.
24th,	Lemuel C. Eames, . . .	Wilmington.
25th,	Edwin K. Parkhurst, . . .	Chelmsford.
26th,	{ Jonathan P. Folsom, . . . George F. Scribner, . . .	Lowell. Lowell.
27th,	Stephen Wallace, . . .	Lowell.
28th,	William H. Anderson, . . .	Lowell.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
29th,	Willard A. Brown, . . .	Lowell.
30th,	James T. Burnap, . . .	Dunstable.
31st,	Albert Leighton, . . .	Pepperell.
32d,	Benjamin F. Lewis, . . .	Townsend.

## COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

1st,	Orlando Mason, . . .	Winchendon.
2d,	Ozi Kendall, . . .	Athol.
3d,	Levi Heywood, . . .	Gardner.
4th,	{ James G. Smith, . . . N. L. Johnson, . . .	{ Phillipston. Dana.
5th,	{ Charles H Merriam, . . . Henry A. Goodrich, . . . George E. Towne, . . .	{ Leominster. Fitchburg. Fitchburg.
6th,	George A. Parker, . . .	Laicester.
7th,	Elisha Brimhall, . . .	Clinton.
8th,	Stephen Holt, . . .	West Boylston.
9th,	Isaac N. Ross, . . .	Holden.
10th,	{ Charles L. Putnam, . . . Lewis Barnard, . . . William Mulligan, . . .	{ Worcester. Worcester. Paxton.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
11th,	{ Thomas Gates, . . . Joseph R. Torrey, . . . John S. Baldwin, . . .	Worcester. Worcester. Worcester.
12th,	J. S. Nelson, . . .	Grafton.
13th,	Arthur G. Biscoe, . . .	Westborough.
14th,	Davis P. Gray, . . .	Northbridge.
15th,	{ Bainbridge Hayward, . . . Lawrence Reade, . . . Lyman Paine, . . .	Milford. Milford. Blackstone.
16th,	{ William L. Davis, . . . Edwin H. Hutchinson, . . . Thomas H. Meek, . . .	Dudley. Sutton. Douglas.
17th,	{ John O. McKinstry, . . . Alfred E. Fiske, . . .	Southbridge. Charlton.
18th,	{ Martin L. Richardson, . . . George S. Duell, . . .	Sturbridge. Brookfield.

## COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE.

1st,	{ William F. Arnold, . . . Samuel B. Quigley, . . .	Northampton. Southampton.
2d,	Stephen Hayward, Jr., . . .	Plainfield.
3d,	Elisha Hubbard, . . .	Hatfield.
4th,	Avery R. Cushman, . . .	Amherst.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
5th,	Phineas Bridgman, . . .	Belchertown.
6th,	Sylvester F. Root, . . .	Greenwich.

COUNTY OF HAMPDEN.

1st,	George L. Webber, . . .	Holland.
2d,	Ebenezer Brown, . . .	Palmer.
3d,	{ Emerson Wight, . . . Justin M. Cooley, . . .	Springfield. Springfield.
4th,	Gurdon Bill, . . .	Springfield.
5th,	Joseph M. Hall, . . .	Springfield.
6th,	{ Charles A. Corser, . . . Henry H. Harris, . . .	Holyoke. Chicopee.
7th,	{ George C. S. Southworth, Silas Noble, . . .	West Springfield. Granville.
8th,	Alexander McKenzie, . . .	Westfield.
9th,	Lafayette Granger, . . .	Tolland.

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN.

1st,	John D. Flagg, . . .	Orange.
2d,	A. K. Haskell, . . .	Wendell.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
3d,	{ Samuel S. Eastman, . . . Leonard Barton, . . .	Greenfield. Gill.
4th,	{ Harvey Severance, . . . Levi Gardner, . . .	Deerfield. Ashfield.
5th,	Samuel P. Everett, . . .	Rowe.

## COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE.

1st,	Calvin R. Taft, . . .	Williamstown.
2d,	{ Henry J. Barker, . . . Frederick P. Brown, . . .	Adams. Adams.
3d,	{ Ensign H. Kellogg, . . . Zenas Crane, Jr., . . .	Pittsfield. Dalton.
4th,	Henry A. Bidwell, . . .	Becket.
5th,	Henry J. Dunham, . . .	Stockbridge.
6th,	Prentiss C. Baird, . . .	Lee.
7th,	Irwin D. W. Baldwin, . . .	Egremont.
8th,	H. D. Sisson, . . .	New Marlboro'.

## COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

1st,	John R. Bullard, . . .	Dedham.
2d,	John W. McKim, . . .	West Roxbury.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
3d,	{ Moody Merrill, . . .	Boston.
	{ Charles H. Hovey, . . .	Boston.
	{ George Putnam, . . .	Boston.
4th,	Benjamin Franklin, . . .	Boston.
5th,	{ Laban Pratt, . . .	Boston.
	{ Henry S. Adams, . . .	Hyde Park.
6th,	John Quincy Adams, . . .	Quincy.
7th,	Asa T. Pratt, . . .	Braintree.
8th,	{ Edward Lewis, . . .	Weymouth.
	{ Eben Tirrell, Jr., . . .	Weymouth.
9th,	Daniel Howard, . . .	Randolph.
10th,	Samuel L. Crane, . . .	Stoughton.
11th,	{ David W. Tucker, . . .	Milton.
	{ James S. Shepard, . . .	Canton.
12th,	{ George P. Metcalf, . . .	Medway.
	{ Lowell R. Blake, . . .	Wrentham.
13th,	Joseph A. Woodward, . . .	Franklin.
14th,	Jacob R. Cushman, . . .	Medfield.
15th,	Alanson W. Beard, . . .	Brookline.

## COUNTY OF BRISTOL.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1st,	John T. Bates, . . .	Attleborough.
2d,	Welcome Lewis, . . .	Mansfield.
3d,	G. H. Lincoln, . . .	Raynham.
4th,	{ George H. Babbitt, Jr., . . .	Taunton.
	{ John E. Sanford, . . .	Taunton.
	{ John H. Church, . . .	Taunton.
5th,	Solon Carpenter, . . .	Rehoboth.
6th,	George B Buffington, . . .	Somerset.
7th,	{ Weaver Osborn, . . .	Fall River.
	{ George O. Fairbanks, . . .	Fall River.
	{ Frederick A. Boomer, . . .	Fall River.
8th,	Stephen A. Brownell, . . .	Westport.
9th,	William Barker, Jr., . . .	Dartmouth.
10th,	{ Joseph H. Cornell, . . .	New Bedford.
	{ Ellis Perry, . . .	New Bedford.
11th,	{ Elijah H. Chisholm, . . .	New Bedford.
	{ Josiah W. Bonney, . . .	New Bedford.
12th,	Walter Spooner, . . .	Acushnet.



## COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1st,	Martin Lincoln, . . .	Cohasset.
2d,	Hawkes Fearing, . . .	Hingham.
3d,	Henry J. Curtis, . . .	Hanover.
4th,	Francis P. Arnold, . . .	Pembroke.
5th,	Hambleton E. Smith, . . .	Duxbury.
6th,	{ Curtis Davie, . . . George W. Morton, . . .	Plymouth. Plymouth.
7th,	Alden Besse, . . .	Wareham.
8th,	Cephas Haskins, . . .	Lakeville.
9th,	Henry H. Shaw, . . .	Middleborough.
10th,	Lloyd Parsons, . . .	Bridgewater.
11th,	{ Welcome H. Wales, . . . James S. Allen, . . .	N. Bridgewater. E. Bridgewater.
12th,	{ Franklin P. Harlow, . . . Albert F. Kelley, . . .	Abington. Abington.

## COUNTY OF BARNSTABLE.

1st,	{ Henry Goodspeed, . . . Ezra Howard, . . . John B. D. Cogswell, . . .	Barnstable. Sandwich. Yarmouth.
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District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
2d,	{ Joseph K. Baker, . . . Erastus Chase, . . .	Dennis. Harwich.
3d,	Thomas Holway, . . .	Chatham.
4th,	{ Joseph P. Johnson, . . . George T. Wyer, . . .	Provincetown. Wellfleet.

## DUKES COUNTY.

1st,	Nathaniel M. Jernegan, . . .	Edgartown.
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## COUNTY OF NANTUCKET.

1st,	Robert F. Gardner, . . .	Nantucket.
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## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES . . . . ALPHABETICALLY,

WITH THE DISTRICTS REPRESENTED, PLACES OF RESIDENCE, AND RESIDENCE DURING THE  
SESSION.

HON. HARVEY JEWELL, of BOSTON, *Speaker*.

N A M E.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Adams, Henry S., . . .	5, Norfolk, . . .	Hyde Park, . . .	At home, . . . . .	213
Adams, John Quincy, . . .	6, Norfolk, . . .	Quincy, . . . . .	At home, . . . . .	80
Allen, Charles L., . . .	1, Essex, . . . . .	Salisbury, . . . . .	At home, . . . . .	220
Allen, James S., . . .	11, Plymouth, . . .	East Bridgewater, . . .	At home, . . . . .	82
Anderson, William H., . . .	28, Middlesex, . . .	Lowell, . . . . .	At home, . . . . .	1
Arnold, Francis P., . . .	4, Plymouth, . . .	Pembroke, . . . . .	At home, . . . . .	135
Arnold, William F., . . .	1, Hampshire, . . .	Northampton, . . . . .	United States Hotel, . . . . .	2

N A M E.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Babbitt, George H., Jr., .	4, Bristol, .	Taunton, .	At home, . . . . .	234
Bailey, Andrew J., . . .	3, Middlesex, .	Charlestown, .	30 Alston Street, Charlestown, .	6
Baird, Prentiss C., . . .	6, Berkshire, .	Lee, . . . . .	United States Hotel, . . . . .	24
Baldwin, Irwin D. W., . .	7, Berkshire, .	Egremont, . . . . .	United States Hotel, . . . . .	21
Baldwin, John S., . . . .	11, Worcester, .	Worcester, . . . . .	At home, . . . . .	13
Baker, John I., . . . . .	10, Essex, . . . . .	Beverly, . . . . .	At home, . . . . .	49
Baker, Joseph K., . . . .	2, Barnstable, .	Dennis, . . . . .	United States Hotel, . . . . .	232
Barker, Henry J., . . . .	2, Berkshire, .	Adams, . . . . .	United States Hotel, . . . . .	127
Barker, William, Jr., . .	9, Bristol, . . . . .	Dartmouth, . . . . .	At home, . . . . .	184
Barnard, Lewis, . . . . .	10, Worcester, .	Worcester, . . . . .	At home, . . . . .	189
Barrett, Daniel N., . . . .	19, Essex, . . . . .	Lynn, . . . . .	At home, . . . . .	205
Barton, Leonard, . . . . .	3, Franklin, .	Gill, . . . . .	Quincy House, . . . . .	222

Bates, John T.,	1, Bristol,	Attleborough,	At home,	54
Beard, Alanson W.,	15, Norfolk,	Brookline,	At home,	8
Besse, Alden,	7, Plymouth,	Wareham,	At home,	117
Bidwell, Henry A.,	4, Berkshire,	Becket,	United States Hotel,	167
Bill, Gurdon,	4, Hampden,	Springfield,	United States Hotel,	36
Biscoe, Arthur G.,	13, Worcester,	Westborough,	At home,	153
Blake, Lowell R.,	12, Norfolk,	Wrentham,	At home,	206
Bower, Robert,	3, Essex,	Lawrence,	At home,	102
Blunt, William E.,	2, Essex,	Haverhill,	At home,	55
Bonney, Josiah W.,	11, Bristol,	New Bedford,	At home,	58
Boomer, Frederick A.,	7, Bristol,	Fall River,	At home,	59
Bowman, Selwin Z.,	4, Middlesex,	Somerville,	At home,	38
Bridgman, Phineas,	5, Hampshire,	Belchertown,	United States Hotel,	197
Brimhall, Elisha,	7, Worcester,	Clinton,	At home,	152

N A M E.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Brown, Ebenezer, . . .	2, Hampden, . . .	Palmer, . . .	At home, . . .	142
Brown, Frederick P., . . .	2, Berkshire, . . .	Adams, . . .	United States Hotel, . . .	149
Brown, Willard A., . . .	29, Middlesex, . . .	Lowell, . . .	At home, . . .	171
Brownell, Stephen A., . . .	8, Bristol, . . .	Westport, . . .	Webster House, . . .	238
Buffington, George B., . . .	6, Bristol, . . .	Somerset, . . .	At home, . . .	57
Bullard, John R., . . .	1, Norfolk, . . .	Dedham, . . .	At home, . . .	132
Burnap, James T., . . .	30, Middlesex, . . .	Dunstable, . . .	Quincy House, . . .	156
Burr, Henry O., . . .	2, Essex, . . .	Haverhill, . . .	At home, . . .	235
Burr, Theophilus, . . .	3, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	23½ McLean Street, . . .	93
Calley, Samuel, . . .	13, Essex, . . .	Salem, . . .	At home, . . .	218
Carney, Michael, . . .	2, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	98 Prince Street, . . .	221
Carpenter, Solon, . . .	5, Bristol, . . .	Seekonk, . . .	Quincy House, . . .	216

Chamberlin, David,	8, Suffolk,	Boston,	7 Tyler Street,	47
Chase, Erastus,	2, Barnstable,	Harwich,	23 Edinboro' Street,	223
Church, John H.,	4, Bristol,	Taunton,	At home,	199
Chisholm, Elijah H.,	11, Bristol,	New Bedford,	At home,	41
Colby, George J. L.,	6, Essex,	Newburyport,	At home,	103
Cogswell, John B. D.,	1, Barnstable,	Yarmouth,	No. 4 Winter Place,	73
Cogswell, William,	14, Essex,	Salem,	At home,	9
Cooley, Justin M.,	3, Hampden,	Springfield,	United States Hotel,	17
Corliss, Benjamin H.,	8, Essex,	Gloucester,	Winthrop House,	217
Cornell, Joseph H.,	10, Bristol,	New Bedford,	At home,	74
Corser, Charles A.,	6, Hampden,	Holyoke,	United States Hotel,	178
Cotton, John S.,	5, Middlesex,	Medford,	At home,	25
Cotton, Joseph H.,	2, Middlesex,	Charlestown,	25 City Square, Charlestown,	90
Crane, Samuel L.,	10, Norfolk,	East Stoughton,	At home,	168

N A M E.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Crane, Zenas, Jr., . . .	3, Berkshire, . . .	Dalton, . . .	United States Hotel, . . .	66
Currier, James C., . . .	23, Middlesex, . . .	Melrose, . . .	At home, . . .	226
Curtis, Henry J., . . .	3, Plymouth, . . .	Hanover, . . .	At home, . . .	121
Cushman, Avery R., . . .	4, Hampshire, . . .	Amherst, . . .	United States Hotel, . . .	97
Cushman, Jacob R., . . .	14, Norfolk, . . .	Medfield, . . .	At home, . . .	128
Daniels, Robert S., . . .	12, Essex, . . .	Peabody, . . .	At home, . . .	104
Davie, Curtis, . . .	6, Plymouth, . . .	Plymouth, . . .	At home, . . .	85
Davis, George E., . . .	3, Essex, . . .	Lawrence, . . .	At home, . . .	227
Davis, Timothy, . . .	10, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	38 Dwight Street, . . .	50
Davis, William L., . . .	16, Worcester, . . .	Dudley, . . .	At home, . . .	208
Dowse, Joseph, Jr., . . .	14, Middlesex, . . .	Sherborn, . . .	At home, . . .	237
Drynan, John, . . .	2, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	25 Fleet Street, . . .	137



Duell, George S., . . .	18, Worcester, . . .	Brookfield, . . .	Quincy House, . . .	75
Dunham, Henry J., . . .	5, Berkshire, . . .	Stockbridge, . . .	United States Hotel, . . .	211
Eames, Lemuel C., . . .	24, Middlesex, . . .	Wilmington, . . .	At home, . . .	122
Eastman, Samuel S., . . .	3, Franklin, . . .	Greenfield, . . .	22 Bowdoin Street, . . .	169
Everett, Samuel P., . . .	5, Franklin, . . .	Rowe, . . .	21 Saratoga Street, East Boston, . . .	95
Fairbanks, George O., . . .	7, Bristol, . . .	Fall River, . . .	At home, . . .	192
Fallon, James O., . . .	2, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	390 Commercial Street, . . .	186
Fearing, Hawkes, . . .	2, Plymouth, . . .	Hingham, . . .	At home, . . .	32
Fiske, Alfred E., . . .	17, Worcester, . . .	Charlton, . . .	Quincy House, . . .	172
Fitzgerald, John E., . . .	7, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	175 Third Street, South Boston, . . .	14
Flagg, John D., . . .	1, Franklin, . . .	Orange, . . .	Quincy House, . . .	118
Flood, Hugh, . . .	6, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	10 Grove Street, . . .	214
Floyd, Thomas, . . .	13, Suffolk, . . .	Winthrop, . . .	At home, . . .	46
Folsom, Jonathan P., . . .	26, Middlesex, . . .	Lowell, . . .	At home, . . .	4

N A M E .	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Fowler, Moses H.,	6, Essex, .	Newburyport,	At home, . . . . .	176
Franklin, Benjamin,	4, Norfolk, .	Boston, . . . . .	46 Taber Street, . . . . .	198
Fuller, Robert O, . .	8, Middlesex, .	Cambridge, . . . . .	Prospect Street, Cambridgeport, .	42
Gardner, Levi, . . . .	4, Franklin, .	Ashfield, . . . . .	Quincy House, . . . . .	193
Gardner, Robert F., .	1, Nantucket, .	Nantucket, . . . . .	469 Shawmut Avenue, . . . . .	114
Gates, George W., . .	19, Middlesex, .	Acton, . . . . .	At home, . . . . .	69
Gates, Thomas, . . . .	11, Worcester, .	Worcester, . . . . .	At home, . . . . .	173
Glover, George D., . .	15, Essex, . . . . .	Salem, . . . . .	At home, . . . . .	204
Going, George, . . . .	3, Suffolk, . . . . .	Boston, . . . . .	28 Leverett Street, . . . . .	177
Goodrich, Henry A., .	5, Worcester, . . . . .	Fitchburg, . . . . .	At home, . . . . .	18
Goodspeed, Henry, . .	1, Barnstable, . . . .	Barnstable, . . . . .	At home, . . . . .	185
Granger, Lafayette, . .	9, Hampden, . . . . .	Tolland, . . . . .	Quincy House, . . . . .	191

Gray, Davis P., . . .	14, Worcester, . . .	Northbridge, . . .	Quincy House, . . .	125
Griggs, Edward W., . . .	11, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	20 Camden Street, . . .	124
Guild, Charles II., . . .	4, Middlesex, . . .	(East) Somerville, . . .	At home, . . .	96
Hall, Joseph M., . . .	5, Hampden, . . .	Springfield, . . .	United States Hotel, . . .	195
Harlow, Franklin P., . . .	12, Plymouth, . . .	Abington, . . .	At home, . . .	182
Harris, Henry II., . . .	6, Hampden, . . .	Chicopee, . . .	United States Hotel, . . .	44
Harris, Thomas B., . . .	2, Middlesex, . . .	Charlestown, . . .	81 High Street, Charlestown, . . .	89
Haskell, A. K., . . .	2, Franklin, . . .	Wendell, . . .	Quincy House, . . .	228
Haskins, Cephas, . . .	8, Plymouth, . . .	Lakeville, . . .	At home, . . .	116
Hayward, Bainbridge, . . .	15, Worcester, . . .	Milford, . . .	At home, . . .	65
Hayward, Paul, . . .	18, Middlesex, . . .	Boxborough, . . .	At home, . . .	210
Hayward, Stephen, Jr., . . .	2, Hampshire, . . .	Plainfield, . . .	United States Hotel, . . .	203
Hersey, Horatio B., . . .	13, Suffolk, . . .	Chelsea, . . .	122 Bellingham Street, Chelsea, . . .	190
Hewes, Orrin, . . .	18, Essex, . . .	Lynn, . . .	At home, . . .	94

N A M E .	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Heywood, Levi,	3, Worcester,	Gardner,	American House,	20
Hill, Thomas,	12, Middlesex,	Waltham,	At home,	52
Holt, Stephen,	8, Worcester,	West Boylston,	At home,	115
Holway, Thomas,	3, Barnstable,	Chatham,	No. 1 Lathrop Place,	48
Hopkinson, Samuel W.,	2, Essex,	Bradford,	At home,	81
Hovey, Charles H.,	3, Norfolk,	Boston,	39 Circuit Street, Highlands,	34
Howard, Daniel,	9, Norfolk,	Randolph,	At home,	87
Howard, Ezra C.,	1, Barnstable,	Sandwich,	At home,	236
Howe, George H.,	10, Middlesex,	Brighton,	At home,	180
Howe, Samuel,	17, Middlesex,	Marlborough,	At home,	27
Hubbard, Elisha,	3, Hampshire,	Hatfield,	United States Hotel,	224
Hume, John,	1, Essex,	Amesbury,	At home,	145

Hurd, Theodore C.,	16, Middlesex,	Framingham,	At home,	84
Hutchinson, Edwin H.,	16, Worcester,	Sutton,	At home,	200
James, Francis,	12, Suffolk,	Boston,	495 Broadway,	83
Jernegan, Nathaniel M.,	1, Dukes,	Edgartown,	Creighton House,	194
Jewell, Harvey,	6, Suffolk,	Boston,	204 Beacon Street,	Sp'kr.
Johnson, Joseph P.,	4, Barnstable,	Provincetown,	Quincy House,	231
Johnson, N. L.,	4, Worcester,	Dana,	Marlboro' Hotel,	133
Johnson, Robert,	12, Suffolk,	Boston,	90 G Street, South Boston,	19
Kelley, Albert F.,	12, Plymouth,	Abington,	At home,	151
Kellogg, Ensign H.,	3, Berkshire,	Pittsfield,	Tremont House,	79
Kendall, Ozi,	2, Worcester,	Athol,	Quincy House,	106
Kimball, Moses,	8, Suffolk,	Boston,	644 Washington Street,	35
Lamson, John A.,	4, Suffolk,	Boston,	1 Staniford Street,	148
Leghton, Albert,	31, Middlesex,	Pepperell,	43 Milford Street,	159

N A M E.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Lewis, Benjamin F.,	32, Middlesex,	Townsend,	At home,	108
Lewis, Edward,	8, Norfolk,	Weymouth,	At home,	64
Lewis, Welcome,	2, Bristol,	Mansfield,	At home,	212
Lincoln, G. H.,	3, Bristol,	Raynham,	At home,	120
Lincoln, Martin,	1, Plymouth,	Cohasset,	At home,	63
Lincoln, Noah,	10, Suffolk,	Boston,	94 Shawmut Avenue,	143
Lombard, Caleb,	13, Suffolk,	Chelsea,	At home,	31
Lyford, Edward T.,	7, Essex,	Rowley,	At home,	229
Madden, Hugh A.,	7, Suffolk,	Boston,	12 Rochester Street,	110
Magoun, Israel P.,	3, Middlesex,	Charlestown,	9 Haverhill Street, Charlestown,	86
Mason, Orlando,	1, Worcester,	Winchendon,	Marlboro' Hotel,	78
McDuffie, John,	8, Middlesex,	Cambridge,	32 Auburn Street; Cambridge,	Desk.

McKenzie, Alexander,	8, Hampden,	Westfield,	Creighton House,	71
McKim, John W.,	2, Norfolk,	West Roxbury,	Jamaica Plain,	39
McKinstry, John O.,	17, Worcester,	Southbridge,	Quincy House,	144
Meek, Thomas H.,	16, Worcester,	Douglas,	Quincy House,	174
Melden, William R.,	17, Essex,	Lynn,	At home,	146
Merriam, Charles H.,	5, Worcester,	Leominster,	At home,	165
Merrill, Alfred K.,	1, Middlesex,	Charlestown,	At home,	201
Merrill, Moody,	3, Norfolk,	Boston,	Warren, corner of Rockland,	15
Metcalf, George P.,	12, Norfolk,	Medway,	At home,	91
Moore, Ira L.,	8, Suffolk,	Boston,	10 Hollis Street,	11
Morton, George W.,	6, Plymouth,	Plymouth,	At home,	101
Mulligan, William,	10, Worcester,	Paxton,	Quincy House,	92
Murphy, John J.,	5, Suffolk,	Boston,	233 Federal Street,	163
Neal, Peter M.,	16, Essex,	Lynn,	At home,	233

N A M E.	District.	Res dence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Nelson, Jasper S., . . .	12, Worcester,	Grafton, . . .	At home, . . .	207
Newell, John, . . .	3, Suffolk,	Boston, . . .	108 Brighton Street, . . .	112
Nichols, Curtis C., . . .	8, Middlesex,	Cambridge, . . .	Sec. School St. Savings Bank, . . .	7
Noble, Silas, . . .	7, Hampden,	Granville, . . .	United States Hotel, . . .	139
Nowell, George, . . .	9, Suffolk,	Boston, . . .	14 St. James Avenue, . . .	22
Nutt, William, . . .	13, Middlesex,	Natick, . . .	At home, . . .	68
Ober, John P., . . .	4, Suffolk,	Boston, . . .	43 Howard Street, . . .	138
Osborn, Weaver, . . .	7, Bristol, . . .	Fall River, . . .	At home, . . .	33
Osgood, Stephen, . . .	5, Essex, . . .	Georgetown, . . .	At home, . . .	107
Paine, Lyman, . . .	15, Worcester,	Blackstone, . . .	At home, . . .	3
Parker, George A., . . .	6, Worcester,	Lancaster, . . .	At home, . . .	10
Parkhurst, Edwin K., . . .	25, Middlesex,	Chelmsford, . . .	At home, . . .	215



Parmenter, Ezra, . . .	9, Middlesex, . . .	(East) Cambridge, . . .	At home, . . .	126
Parsons, Lloyd, . . .	10, Plymouth, . . .	Bridgewater, . . .	At home, . . .	136
Peabody, George H., . . .	11, Essex, . . .	Danvers, . . .	At home, . . .	134
Pearl, Edward, . . .	1, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	98 Trenton Street, East Boston, . . .	70
Perry, Ellis, . . .	10, Bristol, . . .	New Bedford, . . .	At home, . . .	12
Pew, William A., . . .	8, Essex, . . .	Gloucester, . . .	At home, . . .	219
Phillips, Willard P., . . .	13, Essex, . . .	Salem, . . .	At home, . . .	76
Pierce, Nathaniel, . . .	6, Essex, . . .	Newburyport, . . .	At home, . . .	173
Pike, J. Newton, . . .	15, Middlesex, . . .	Ashland, . . .	At home, . . .	29
Poor, Charles V., . . .	11, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	276 Shawmut Avenue, . . .	181
Pratt, Asa T., . . .	7, Norfolk, . . .	Braintree, . . .	At home, . . .	147
Pratt, Laban, . . .	5, Norfolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	At home, Port Norfolk, . . .	40
Prescott, Humphrey, . . .	21, Middlesex, . . .	Carlisle, . . .	No. 18 Dartmouth Place, . . .	113
Putnam, Charles L., . . .	10, Worcester, . . .	Worcester, . . .	Tremont House, . . .	60

N A M E.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Putnam, George,	3, Norfolk,	Boston,	130 Highland Street,	51
Quigley, Samuel B.,	1, Hampshire,	Southampton,	Quincy House,	187
Reade, Lawrence,	15, Worcester,	Milford,	At home,	53
Regan, John W.,	5, Suffolk,	Boston,	19 South Street,	61
Richards, A. L.,	11, Middlesex,	Watertown,	At home,	77
Richardson, Martin L.,	18, Worcester,	Sturbridge,	Winchester,	141
Root, Sylvester F.,	6, Hampshire,	Greenwich,	Sherman House,	62
Ross, Isaac N.,	9, Worcester,	Holden,	Young's Hotel,	111
Ruffin, George L.,	6, Suffolk,	Boston,	170 Cambridge Street,	170
Russell, Joseph M.,	4, Middlesex,	Malden,	At home,	99
Sanford, John E.,	4, Bristol,	Taunton,	At home,	67
Saunders, Benjamin P.,	4, Essex,	North Andover,	At home,	164

Scribner, George F.,	26, Middlesex,	Lowell, . . .	At home, . . .	158
Severance, Harvey,	4, Franklin,	Deerfield, . . .	Quincy House, . . .	154
Shaw, Henry H., . . .	9, Plymouth,	Middleborough, . . .	At home, . . .	119
Shepard, James S., . . .	11, Norfolk,	Canton, . . .	At home, . . .	209
Siison, H. D., . . .	8, Berkshire,	New Marlborough,	United States Hotel, . . .	166
Smith, Hambleton E.,	5, Plymouth,	Duxbury, . . .	Medford, . . .	16
Smith, James G., . . .	4, Worcester,	Phillipston, . . .	69 West Cedar Street,	160
Southworth, George C. S.,	7, Hampden,	West Springfield, . . .	Young's Hotel, . . .	88
Spooner, Walter, . . .	12, Bristol, . . .	Acushnet, . . .	At home, . . .	183
Stedman, Francis D.,	9, Suffolk,	Boston, . . .	6 Lovering Place,	23
Stiles, Hiram A., . . .	20, Essex, . . .	Middleton, . . .	At home, . . .	188
Swasey, Thomas, Jr.,	15, Essex, . . .	Marblehead, . . .	At home, . . .	26
Taft, Calvin R., . . .	1, Berkshire,	Williamstown, . . .	United States Hotel, . . .	179
Tarbox, John K., . . .	3, Essex, . . .	Lawrence, . . .	At home, . . .	150

N A M E.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Thompson, Charles P.,	8, Essex, .	Gloucester, .	At home, . . . . .	45
Thompson, Edward E.,	22, Middlesex, .	Woburn, .	At home, . . . . .	196
Tirrell, Eben, Jr., .	8, Norfolk, .	Weymouth, .	36 Bromfield Street, . . . . .	225
Toland, Hugh J., .	7, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	127 Dorchester Av., S. Boston, .	162
Torrey, Joseph R., .	11, Worcester, .	Worcester, .	At home, . . . . .	157
Towne, George E., .	5, Worcester, .	Fitchburg, .	291 Columbus Avenue, . . . . .	28
Train, Charles R., .	4, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	7 Bulfinch Street, . . . . .	56
Tucker, David W., .	11, Norfolk, .	Milton, .	At home, . . . . .	105
Tuttle, Samuel J., .	11, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	166 Newton Street, . . . . .	30
Twombly, Samuel W., .	6, Middlesex, .	Winchester, .	At home, . . . . .	129
Vibbert, George H., .	9, Essex, .	Rockport, .	At home, or Campbell House, . . . . .	109
Walcott, Charles F., .	7, Middlesex, .	Cambridge, .	At home, . . . . .	Desk.

Wales, Welcome H.,	11, Plymouth,	North Bridgewater,	At home,	202
Wallace, Stephen,	27, Middlesex,	Lowell,	At home,	131
Walton, E. H.,	23, Middlesex,	Wakefield,	At home,	100
Walworth, James J.,	10, Middlesex,	Newton,	Revere House,	5
Washburn, Henry S.,	1, Suffolk,	(East) Boston,	125 Webster Street,	43
Webb, Nathan H.,	10, Essex,	Beverly,	At home,	155
Webber, George L.,	1, Hampden,	Holland,	Lynn,	98
Wheeler, Edwin,	20, Middlesex,	Concord,	At home,	130
Wight, Emerson,	3, Hampden,	Springfield,	United States Hotel,	72
Woodbury, Charles L.,	5, Suffolk,	Boston,	214 Washington Street,	230
Woodward, Joseph A.,	13, Norfolk,	Franklin,	At home,	123
Wright, Luther A.,	1, Suffolk,	Boston,	60 Lexington St., East Boston,	37
Wyer, George T.,	4, Barnstable,	Wellfleet,	Quincy House,	140

## LIST OF REPRESENTATIVES, AS ARRANGED BY SEATS.

---

No.	Name.	No.	Name.
1.	Anderson, of Lowell.	33.	Osborn, of Fall River.
2.	Arnold, of Northampton.	34.	Hovey, of Boston.
3.	Paine, of Blackstone.	35.	Kimball, of Boston.
4.	Folsom, of Lowell.	36.	Bill, of Springfield.
5.	Walworth, of Newton.	37.	Wright, of Boston.
6.	Bailey, of Charlestown.	38.	Bowman, of Somerville.
7.	Nichols, of Cambridge.	39.	McKim, of West Roxbury.
8.	Beard, of Brookline.	40.	Pratt, of Boston.
9.	Cogswell, of Salem.	41.	Chisholm, of New Bedford.
10.	Parker, of Lancaster.	42.	Fuller, of Cambridge.
11.	Moore, of Boston.	43.	Washburn, of Boston.
12.	Perry, of New Bedford.	44.	Harris, of Chicopee.
13.	Baldwin, of Worcester.	45.	Thompson, of Gloucester.
14.	Fitzgerald, of Boston.	46.	Floyd, of Winthrop.
15.	Merrill, of Boston.	47.	Chamberlin, of Boston.
16.	Smith, of Duxbury.	48.	Holway, of Chatham.
17.	Cooley, of Springfield.	49.	Baker, of Beverly.
18.	Goodrich, of Fitchburg.	50.	Davis, of Boston.
19.	Johnson, of Boston.	51.	Putnam, of Boston.
20.	Heywood, of Gardner.	52.	Hill, of Waltham.
21.	Baldwin, of Egremont.	53.	Reade, of Milford.
22.	Nowell, of Boston.	54.	Bates, of Attleborough.
23.	Stedman, of Boston.	55.	Blunt, of Haverhill.
24.	Baird, of Lee.	56.	Train, of Boston.
25.	Cotton, of Medford.	57.	Buffington, of Somerset.
26.	Swasey, of Marblehead.	58.	Bonney, of New Bedford.
27.	Howe, of Marlborough.	59.	Boomer, of Fall River.
28.	Towne, of Fitchburg.	60.	Putnam, of Worcester.
29.	Pike, of Ashland.	61.	Regan, of Boston.
30.	Tuttle, of Boston.	62.	Root, of Greenwich.
31.	Lombard, of Chelsea.	63.	Lincoln, of Cohasset.
32.	Fearing, of Hingham.	64.	Lewis, of Weymouth.

No.	Name.
65.	Hayward, of Milford.
66.	Crane, of Dalton.
67.	Sanford, of Taunton.
68.	Nutt, of Natick.
69.	Gates, of Acton.
70.	Pearl, of Boston.
71.	McKenzie, of Westfield.
72.	Wight, of Springfield.
73.	Cogswell, of Yarmouth.
74.	Cornell, of New Bedford.
75.	Duell, of Brookfield.
76.	Phillips, of Salem.
77.	Richards, of Watertown.
78.	Mason, of Winchendon.
79.	Kellogg, of Pittsfield.
80.	Adams, of Quincy.
81.	Hopkinson, of Bradford.
82.	Allen, of E. Bridgewater.
83.	James, of Boston.
84.	Hurd, of Framingham.
85.	Davie, of Plymouth.
86.	Magoun, of Charlestown.
87.	Howard, of Randolph.
88.	Southworth, of W. Spring- field.
89.	Harris, of Charlestown.
90.	Cotton, of Charlestown.
91.	Metcalf, of Medway.
92.	Mulligan, of Paxton.
93.	Burr, of Boston.
94.	Hewes, of Lynn.
95.	Everett, of Rowe.
96.	Guild, of Somerville.
97.	Cushman, of Amherst.
98.	Webber, of Holland.
99.	Russell, of Malden.
100.	Walton, of Wakefield.
101.	Morton, of Plymouth.

No.	Name.
102.	Bower, of Lawrence.
103.	Colby, of Newburyport.
104.	Daniels, of Peabody.
105.	Tucker, of Milton.
106.	Kendall, of Athol.
107.	Osgood, of Georgetown.
108.	Lewis, of Townsend.
109.	Vibbert, of Rockport.
110.	Madden, of Boston.
111.	Ross, of Holden.
112.	Newell, of Boston.
113.	Prescott, of Carlisle.
114.	Gardner, of Nantucket.
115.	Holt, of West Boylston.
116.	Haskins, of Lakeville.
117.	Besse, of Wareham.
118.	Flagg, of Orange.
119.	Shaw, of Middleborough.
120.	Lincoln, of Raynham.
121.	Curtis, of Hanover.
122.	Eames, of Wilmington.
123.	Woodward, of Franklin.
124.	Griggs, of Boston.
125.	Gray, of Northbridge.
126.	Parmenter, of Cambridge.
127.	Barker, of Adams.
128.	Cushman, of Medfield.
129.	Twombly, of Winchester.
130.	Wheeler, of Concord.
131.	Wallace, of Lowell.
132.	Bullard, of Dedham.
133.	Johnson, of Dana.
134.	Peabody, of Danvers.
135.	Arnold, of Pembroke.
136.	Parsons, of Bridgewater.
137.	Drynan, of Boston.
138.	Ober, of Boston.
139.	Noble, of Granville.

No.	Name.	No.	Name.
140.	Wyer, of Wellfleet.	179.	Taft, of Wilmington.
141.	Richardson, of Sturbridge.	180.	Howe, of Brighton.
142.	Brown, of Palmer.	181.	Poor, of Boston.
143.	Lincoln, of Boston.	182.	Harlow, of Abington.
144.	McKinstry, of Southb'dge.	183.	Spooner, of Acushnet.
145.	Hume, of Amesbury.	184.	Barker, of Dartmouth.
146.	Melden, of Lynn.	185.	Goodspeed, of Barnstable.
147.	Pratt, of Braintree.	186.	Fallon, of Boston.
148.	Lamson, of Boston.	187.	Quigley, of Southampton.
149.	Brown, of Adams.	188.	Stiles, of Middleton.
150.	Tarbox, of Lawrence.	189.	Barnard, of Worcester.
151.	Kelley, of Abington.	190.	Hersey, of Chelsea.
152.	Brimhall, of Clinton.	191.	Granger, of Tolland.
153.	Biscoe, of Westborough.	192.	Fairbanks, of Fall River.
154.	Severance, of Deerfield.	193.	Gardner, of Ashfield.
155.	Webb, of Beverly.	194.	Jernegan, of Edgartown.
156.	Burnap, of Dunstable.	195.	Hall, of Springfield.
157.	Torrey, of Worcester.	196.	Thompson, of Woburn.
158.	Scribner, of Lowell.	197.	Bridgman, of Belchertown.
159.	Leighton, of Pepperell.	198.	Franklin, of Boston.
160.	Smith, of Phillipston.	199.	Church, of Taunton.
162.	Toland, of Boston.	200.	Hutchinson, of Sutton.
163.	Murphy, of Boston.	201.	Merrill, of Charlestown.
164.	Saunders, of N. Andover.	202.	Wales, of N. Bridgewater.
165.	Merriam, of Leominster.	203.	Hayward, of Plainfield.
166.	Sisson, of New Marlboro'.	204.	Glover, of Salem.
167.	Bidwell, of Becket.	205.	Barrett, of Lynn.
168.	Crane, of Stoughton.	206.	Blake, of Wrentham.
169.	Eastman, of Greenfield.	207.	Nelson, of Grafton.
170.	Ruffin, of Boston.	208.	Davis, of Dudley.
171.	Brown, of Lowell.	209.	Shepard, of Canton.
172.	Fiske, of Charlton.	210.	Hayward, of Boxford.
173.	Gates, of Worcester.	211.	Dunham, of Stockbridge.
174.	Meek, of Douglas.	212.	Lewis, of Mansfield.
175.	Pierce, of Newburyport.	213.	Adams, of Hyde Park.
176.	Fowler, of Newburyport.	214.	Flood, of Boston.
177.	Going, of Boston.	215.	Parkhurst, of Chelmsford.
178.	Corser, of Holyoke.	216.	Carpenter, of Seekonk.



No.	Name.
217.	Corliss, of Gloucester.
218.	Calley, of Salem.
219.	Pew, of Gloucester.
220.	Allen, of Salisbury.
221.	Carney, of Boston.
222.	Barton, of Gill.
223.	Chase, of Harwich.
224.	Hubbard, of Hatfield.
225.	Tirrell, of Weymouth.
226.	Currier, of Melrose.
227.	Davis, of Lawrence.
228.	Haskell, of Wendell.

No	Name.
229.	Lyford, of Rowley.
230.	Woodbury, of Boston.
231.	Johnson, of Provincetown.
232.	Baker, of Dennis.
233.	Neal, of Lynn.
234.	Babbitt, of Taunton.
235.	Burr, of Haverhill.
236.	Howard, of Sandwich.
237.	Dowse, of Sherborn.
238.	Brownell, of Westport.
Desk.	Walcott, of Cambridge.
Desk.	McDuffie, of Cambridge.

## OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE.

---

WILLIAM S. ROBINSON, of Malden, *Clerk*.  
JOHN MORISSEY, of Plymouth, *Sergeant-at-Arms*.  
REV. CHARLES C. SEWALL, of Medfield, *Chaplain*.  
CHARLES E. HORNE, *Door-keeper*.  
THOMAS J. TUCKER, JR., *Assistant Door-keeper*.  
O. F. MITCHELL, *Postmaster*.  
HENRY B. THAYER, *Messenger*.  
EDWIN M. ALEXANDER, *Messenger*.  
CYRUS HALL, *Messenger*.  
GEORGE S. LEMOYNE, *Messenger*.  
DANIEL N. GRANGER, *Messenger*.  
THOMAS PLUNKETT, *Messenger*.  
WILLIAM H. GRAVES, *Messenger*.  
ALDEN B. WESTON, 2d, *Messenger*.  
HENRY D. ROGERS, *Page*.  
CHARLES G. HART, *Page*.

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## MONITORS.

FIRST DIVISION, . . . Messrs. HOVEY, of Boston, and  
TUTTLE, of Boston.  
SECOND DIVISION, . . . Messrs. DANIELS, of Peabody, and  
WALTON, of Wakefield.  
THIRD DIVISION, . . . Messrs. RUSSELL, of Malden, and  
GUILD, of Somerville.  
FOURTH DIVISION, . . . Messrs. EVERETT, of Rowe, and  
MULLIGAN, of Paxton.  
FIFTH DIVISION, . . . Messrs. METCALF, of Medway, and  
HOWARD, of Randolph.  
SIXTH DIVISION, . . . Messrs. JOHNSON, of Boston, and  
MERRILL, of Boston.

COMMITTEES.



## STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE.

---

### ON THE JUDICIARY.

Messrs. Wakefield,	. . . . .	. of Norfolk,
Richardson,	. . . . .	. of Middlesex,
Boardman,	. . . . .	. of Suffolk,
Sproat,	. . . . .	. of Plymouth,
Thayer,	. . . . .	. of Worcester.

### ON MATTERS OF PROBATE AND CHANCERY.

Messrs. Fox,	. . . . .	. of Suffolk,
Bartholomew,	. . . . .	. of Worcester,
Safford,	. . . . .	. of Essex.

### ON THE TREASURY.

Messrs. Crosby,	. . . . .	. of Hampshire,
Stickney,	. . . . .	. of Bristol,
Whitney,	. . . . .	. of Worcester.

### ON PRINTING.

Messrs. Fletcher,	. . . . .	. of Middlesex,
Kimball,	. . . . .	. of Essex,
Wood,	. . . . .	. of Worcester.

### ON BILLS IN THE THIRD READING.

Messrs. Bartholomew,	. . . . .	. of Worcester,
Safford,	. . . . .	. of Essex,
Richardson,	. . . . .	. of Middlesex,
Sproat,	. . . . .	. of Plymouth,
Thayer,	. . . . .	. of Berkshire.



## STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE.

---

### ON THE JUDICIARY.

Messrs. Train,	. . . . .	of Boston,
Woodbury,	. . . . .	of Boston,
Hurd,	. . . . .	of Framingham,
Cogswell,	. . . . .	of Salem,
Merriam,	. . . . .	of Leominster,
Cogswell,	. . . . .	of Yarmouth,
Brown,	. . . . .	of Adams.

### ON MATTERS OF PROBATE AND CHANCERY.

Messrs. Tarbox,	. . . . .	of Lawrence,
Bowman,	. . . . .	of Somerville,
Fitzgerald,	. . . . .	of Boston,
Ruffin,	. . . . .	of Boston,
Dunham,	. . . . .	of Stockbridge,
Blunt,	. . . . .	of Haverhill,
Bailey,	. . . . .	of Charlestown.

### ON FINANCE.

Messrs. Kimball,	. . . . .	of Boston,
Beard,	. . . . .	of Brookline,
Howard,	. . . . .	of Randolph,
Hayward,	. . . . .	of Milford,
Heywood,	. . . . .	of Gardner,
Harris,	. . . . .	of Chicopee,
Gardner,	. . . . .	of Nantucket.

### ON ELECTIONS.

Messrs. Boomer,	. . . . .	of Fall River,
Biscoe,	. . . . .	of Westborough,
Allen,	. . . . .	of East Bridgewater,
Barrett,	. . . . .	of Lynn,
Root,	. . . . .	of Greenwich,
Leighton,	. . . . .	of Pepperell,
Sisson,	. . . . .	of New Marlboro'.

## ON BILLS IN THE THIRD READING.

Messrs. Walcott, . . . . .	<i>of Cambridge,</i>
Bates, . . . . .	<i>of Attleborough,</i>
McKenzie, . . . . .	<i>of Westfield,</i>
Holt, . . . . .	<i>of West Boylston,</i>
Saunders, . . . . .	<i>of North Andover,</i>
Melden, . . . . .	<i>of Lynn,</i>
Prescott, . . . . .	<i>of Carlisle.</i>

## ON ENGROSSED BILLS.

Messrs. McDuffie, . . . . .	<i>of Cambridge,</i>
Buffington, . . . . .	<i>of Somerset,</i>
Gray, . . . . .	<i>of Northbridge,</i>
Hayward, . . . . .	<i>of Boxborough,</i>
Regan, . . . . .	<i>of Boston,</i>
Church, . . . . .	<i>of Taunton,</i>
Bidwell, . . . . .	<i>of Becket.</i>

## ON COUNTY ESTIMATES.

Messrs. Lincoln, . . . . .	<i>of Cohasset,</i>
Lewis, . . . . .	<i>of Townsend,</i>
Hewes, . . . . .	<i>of Lynn,</i>
Spooner, . . . . .	<i>of Acushnet,</i>
Severance, . . . . .	<i>of Deerfield,</i>
Cushman, . . . . .	<i>of Medfield,</i>
Brown, . . . . .	<i>of Palmer.</i>

## ON THE PAY ROLL.

Messrs. Wright, . . . . .	<i>of Boston,</i>
Fallon, . . . . .	<i>of Boston,</i>
Haskell, . . . . .	<i>of Wendell,</i>
Crane, . . . . .	<i>of Stoughton,</i>
Granger, . . . . .	<i>of Tolland,</i>
Nelson, . . . . .	<i>of Grafton,</i>
Peabody, . . . . .	<i>of Danvers.</i>

## ON LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Messrs. Lewis, . . . . .	<i>of Weymouth,</i>
Holway, . . . . .	<i>of Chatham,</i>
Webber, . . . . .	<i>of Holland,</i>
Drynan, . . . . .	<i>of Boston,</i>
Gates, . . . . .	<i>of Acton,</i>
Toland, . . . . .	<i>of Boston,</i>
Carpenter, . . . . .	<i>of Seekonk.</i>



ON PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Messrs. Madden,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Boston,</i>
Brownell,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Westport,</i>
Chamberlin,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Boston,</i>
Dowse,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Sherborn,</i>
Osgood,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Georgetown,</i>
Glover,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Salem,</i>
Floyd,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Winthrop.</i>

ON PRINTING.

Messrs. Eastman,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Greenfield,</i>
Bill,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Springfield,</i>
Nichols,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Cambridge,</i>
Howe,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Brighton,</i>
Webb,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Beverly,</i>
Richards,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Watertown,</i>
Griggs,	.	.	.	.	.	<i>of Boston.</i>

## JOINT STANDING COMMITTEES.

---

### ON AGRICULTURE.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Bates, of Plymouth, and  
Goodman, of Berkshire.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Taft, of Williamstown,  
Gates, of Worcester,  
Twombly, of Winchester,  
Hutchinson, of Sutton, and  
Hubbard, of Hatfield.

### ON BANKS AND BANKING.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Crosby, Hampshire, and  
Clark, of Middlesex.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Pew, of Gloucester,  
Harris, of Charlestown,  
Pierce, of Newburyport,  
Hersey, of Chelsea, and  
Mason, of Winchendon.

### ON CLAIMS.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Tenney, of Essex, and  
Whiting, of Plymouth.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Chisholm, of New Bedford,  
Johnson, of Dana,  
James, of Boston,  
Barker, of Dartmouth, and  
Pratt, of Boston.

### ON EDUCATION.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Monroe, of Norfolk, and  
Bartholomew, of Worcester.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Putnam, of Boston,  
Hill, of Waltham,  
Washburn, of Boston,  
Baldwin, of Worcester, and  
Vibbert, of Rockport.

ON FEDERAL RELATIONS.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Elliott, of Middlesex, and  
Stickney, of Bristol.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Kellogg, of Pittsfield,  
Johnson, of Boston,  
Boomer, of Fall River,  
Thompson, of Gloucester, and  
McDuffie, of Cambridge.

ON THE FISHERIES.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Atwood, of the Cape District, and  
Bradley, of the Island District.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Davis, of Boston,  
Besse, of Wareham,  
Goodspeed, of Barnstable,  
Carney, of Boston, and  
Hume, of Amesbury.

ON HARBORS.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Collins, of Suffolk,  
Goodman, of Berkshire, and  
Frost, of Suffolk.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Parker, of Lancaster,  
Tuttle, of Boston,  
McKim, of West Roxbury,  
Bonney, of New Bedford,  
Hopkinson, of Bradford.  
Nowell, of Boston,  
Southworth, of West Springfield, and  
Cotton, of Charlestown.

ON THE LIBRARY.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Tenney, of Essex,  
Hawes, of Bristol, and  
Packard, of Hampden.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Lewis, of Mansfield,  
Tirrell, of Weymouth, and  
Davis of Dudley.

## ON MANUFACTURES.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Clark, of Franklin, and  
Fletcher, of Middlesex.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Parsons, of Bridgewater,  
Walworth, of Newton,  
Guild, of Somerville,  
Davis, of Lawrence, and  
Crane, of Dalton.

## ON MERCANTILE AFFAIRS.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Greeley, of Worcester, and  
Frost, of Suffolk.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Merrill, of Boston,  
Fuller, of Cambridge,  
Baker, of Dennis,  
Corliss, of Gloucester, and  
Lincoln, of Boston.

## ON INSURANCE.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Rhodes, of Bristol, and  
Clark, of Middlesex.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Putnam, of Worcester,  
Ober, of Boston,  
Adams, of Hyde Park,  
Shaw, of Middleborough, and  
Newell, of Boston.

## ON MILITARY AFFAIRS.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Fox, of Suffolk, and  
Hawes, of Bristol.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Daniels, of Peabody,  
Hovey, of Boston,  
Fearing, of Hingham,  
Pearl, of Boston, and  
Ross, of Holden.

## ON PARISHES AND RELIGIOUS SOCIETIES.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Elliott, of Middlesex, and  
Safford, of Essex.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Everett, of Rowe,  
Flagg, of Orange,  
Richardson, of Sturbridge,  
Lyford, of Rowley, and  
Wheeler, of Concord.

ON PRISONS.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Thayer, of Berkshire, and  
Clark, of Franklin.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Beard, of Brookline,  
Bullard, of Dedham,  
Babbitt, of Taunton,  
Wyer, of Wellfleet, and  
Thompson, of Woburn.

ON PUBLIC CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Monroe, of Norfolk, and  
Pierce, of Middlesex.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Kellogg, of Pittsfield,  
Hill, of Waltham,  
Stedman, of Boston,  
Parmenter, of Cambridge, and  
Poor, of Boston.

ON PUBLIC LANDS.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Hawes, of Bristol, and  
Bradley, of the Island District.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Arnold, of Northampton,  
Moore, of Boston,  
Calley, of Salem,  
Cooley, of Springfield, and  
Franklin, of Boston.

ON RAILWAYS.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Bird, of Norfolk,  
Howe, of Middlesex, and  
Stearns, of Hampden.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Sanford, of Taunton,  
Adams, of Quincy,  
Towne, of Fitchburg,  
Phillips, of Salem,  
Barker, of Adams,  
Fairbanks, of Fall River,  
Anderson, of Lowell, and  
Barnard, of Lowell.

## ON HORSE RAILWAYS.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Willcomb, of Essex,  
Greeley, of Worcester, and  
Long, of Middlesex.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Hurd, of Framingham,  
Russell, of Malden,  
Wight, of Springfield,  
Cornell, of New Bedford,  
Lamson, of Boston,  
Brown, of Lowell,  
Smith, of Duxbury, and  
Currier, of Melrose.

## ON ROADS AND BRIDGES.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Sproat, of Plymouth, and  
Wood, of Worcester.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Baker, of Beverly,  
Neal, of Lynn,  
Eames, of Wilmington,  
Metcalf, of Medway, and  
Jernegan, of Edgartown.

## ON THE STATE HOUSE.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Atwood, of the Cape District, and  
Park, of Suffolk.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Flood, of Boston,  
Burr, of Boston,  
McKinstry, of Southbridge,  
Tucker, of Milton, and  
Kendall, of Athol.

ON TOWNS.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Rhodes, of Bristol, and  
Kimball, of Essex.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Cogswell, of Salem,  
Johnson, of Provincetown,  
Mulligan, of Paxton,  
Quigley, of Southampton, and  
Going, of Boston.

ON THE HOOSAC TUNNEL, AND TROY AND GREENFIELD RAIL-  
ROAD.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Pierce, of Middlesex,  
Clark, of Franklin, and  
Thayer, of Berkshire.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Kimball, of Boston,  
Lombard, of Chelsea,  
Goodrich, of Fitchburg,  
Johnson, of Boston,  
Folsom, of Lowell,  
Osborn, of Fall River,  
Arnold, of Pembroke, and  
Burnap, of Dunstable.

JOINT SPECIAL COMMITTEES,  
ON THE SEVERAL PORTIONS OF THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS.

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ON THE LABOR QUESTION.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Caswell, of Essex,  
Long, of Middlesex, and  
Packard, of Hampden.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Bower, of Lawrence,  
Tirrell, of Weymouth,  
Walton, of Wakefield,  
Howe, of Marlborough,  
Wallace, of Lowell,  
Nutt, of Natick,  
Davie, of Plymouth, and  
Harlow, of Abington.

ON THE BOSTON, HARTFORD AND ERIE RAILROAD COMPANY.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Wakefield, of Norfolk,  
Crosby, of Hampshire, and  
Boardman, of Suffolk.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Train, of Boston,  
Kimball, of Boston,  
Adams, of Quincy,  
Phillips, of Salem,  
Baird, of Lee,  
Wales, of North Bridgewater,  
Duell, of Brookfield, and  
Parkhurst, of Chelmsford.

ON THE STATE POLICE.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Fox, of Suffolk, and  
Willcomb, of Essex.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Baker, of Beverly,  
Fitzgerald, of Boston,  
Brimhall, of Clinton,  
Cushman, of Amherst, and  
Scribner, of Lowell.



ON THE RIGHTS OF WOMEN TO THEIR PROPERTY AND THEIR CHILDREN.

The Committees on the Judiciary of the Senate and House, acting as a Joint Committee.

ON INTOXICATING LIQUORS.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Hawes, of Bristol,  
Monroe, of Norfolk, and  
Safford, of Essex.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Vibbert, of Rockport,  
Tarbox, of Lawrence,  
Tuttle, of Boston,  
Richardson, of Sturbridge,  
Shepard, of Canton,  
Bridgman, of Belchertown, and  
Bates, of Attleborough.

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COMMITTEE APPOINTED UNDER AN ORDER OF THE TWO BRANCHES.

ON CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

*Of the Senate.*—Messrs. Bird, of Norfolk,  
Goodman, of Berkshire, and  
Howe, of Middlesex.

*Of the House.*—Messrs. Baker, of Beverly,  
Kellogg, of Pittsfield,  
Woodbury, of Boston,  
Train, of Boston,  
Adams, of Quincy,  
Hall, of Springfield,  
Smith, of Phillipston, and  
Howard, of Sandwich.

# REPORTERS.

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## IN THE SENATE.

RICHARD I. ATTWILL, . . . .	{	<i>Boston Advertiser.</i>
	}	<i>Springfield Republican.</i>
W. F. HUTCHINS, . . . .		<i>Boston Journal.</i>
WILLIAM E. SAWYER, . . . .		<i>Boston Post.</i>
J. S. BANFIELD, . . . .		<i>Boston Traveller.</i>
WILLIAM B. SMART, . . . .		<i>Boston Transcript.</i>
GEORGE B. SHAW, . . . .		<i>Boston Herald.</i>

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## IN THE HOUSE.

ED. D. WHITE, . . . .		<i>Journal.</i>
WILLIAM B. SMART, . . . .	{	<i>Post.</i>
	}	<i>Transcript.</i>
THOMAS BRADLEY, . . . .		<i>Herald.</i>
JAMES W. PERKINS, . . . .	{	<i>Advertiser.</i>
	}	<i>Worcester Spy.</i>
EDGAR W. DAVIES, . . . .		<i>Traveller.</i>
FRANK N. SCOTT, . . . .		<i>News.</i>
R. I. ATTWILL, . . . .		<i>Springfield Republican.</i>

## ASSIGNMENT OF COMMITTEE ROOMS, ETC.

### EAST WING.

RIGHT, ON ENTERING FROM BEACON STREET.

President of the Senate and Clerk of the Senate.

[Rear of the Senate Chamber.]

- No. 1. Clerk of the House.
2. Committee on Mercantile Affairs.
  2. Committee on Insurance.
  3. Committee on Public Lands.
  3. Committee on the Fisheries.
  4. Committee on Harbors.
  5. Committee on the Judiciary. (*Senate.*)
  6. Committee on Roads and Bridges.
  6. Committee on County Estimates.
  7. Committee on Military Affairs.
  7. Committee on Prisons.
- Committee on the Library.
- [In the Library.]
- Committee on Finance.
- Committee on Expenditures.
- [Sergeant-at-Arms' office.]
- Committee on the State House.

### WEST WING.

LEFT, ON ENTERING FROM BEACON STREET.

Speaker of the House, near the west door of the House.

- No. 8. Committee on the Judiciary. (*House.*)
9. Committee on Probate and Chancery. (*House.*)
  10. Committee on Railways.
  11. Committee on the Pay Roll.
  11. Committee on Leave of Absence.
  11. Committee on Printing. (*Senate and House.*)

No. 12. Committee on Education.

12. Committee on Probate and Chancery. (*Senate.*)

13. Committee on Banks and Banking.

14. Committee on Horse Railroads.

14. Committee on Elections.

15. Committee on Public Charitable Institutions.

16. Committee on Parishes and Religious Societies.

16. Committee on Manufactures.

18. Committee on Claims.

Committee on Agriculture.

[*Room opposite Secretary of State's Office.*]

Committee on Federal Relations.

Committee on Hoosac Tunnel and Troy & Greenfield R. R.

[*Room opposite office of Secretary of State.*]

Committee on Public Buildings.

Committee on the Treasury.

Committee on Towns.

[*In "Blue Room."*]

Committee on Liquor Laws.

[*In "Green Room."*]

Committee on Labor Question.

Committee on State Police.

[*In "Green Room."*]

## NOTICE TO MEMBERS OF THE GENERAL COURT.

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### STATE LIBRARY.

The first section of the fifth chapter of the General Statutes provides that there shall be a State Library kept in the State House, for the use of the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, the Council, the Senate, the House of Representatives, and such other officers of the government and other persons as may from time to time be permitted to use the same.

The Library is in the second story of the Enlargement.

### REGULATIONS.

The Library is open during the Session of the Legislature, each day, without intermission, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., except on Saturday P. M., when it is closed at 1 o'clock, for sweeping, dusting, &c.

All persons may use the Library for consultation or reference.

Members of the Legislature may enter any alcove and consult or peruse any book at their pleasure.

Members may take any of the miscellaneous books to their lodgings and retain them for a reasonable time.

The Statutes, Law Reports, State Papers, Journals, Dictionaries, Encyclopædias, &c., &c., may be taken to any part of the State House, but are not to be removed from it except in special cases.

Any member wishing to have access to any or all parts of the Library, can be furnished with a key which will open every alcove, on application to one of the Assistants, the key to be returned before leaving the Library-room.

Members taking books from the shelves are requested to be particularly careful to return them to their proper places, or to leave them on the tables, to be replaced by the attendants.

No book is to be taken by a member from the Library-room without its being charged to him.

Books used at a hearing before a committee are to be charged to some member of the committee or of the Legislature, and not to counsel or parties in the case pending.

Any member having special occasion to use the Library in the evening, or at any hour after it is closed, can have access to it through one of the watchmen in charge of the building.

#### OFFICERS.

George O. Shattuck, J. M. Manning, and Edwin P. Whipple, of Boston, *Trustees*. Joseph White, *Librarian, ex officio*. Samuel C. Jackson, *Acting Librarian*. Miss C. R. Jackson, Miss E. M. Sawyer, *Assistants*.

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#### AGRICULTURAL LIBRARY.

A valuable Agricultural Library, connected with the office of the Secretary of the Board of Agriculture, is also open at all hours of the day for the use of members of the Legislature. It is in the basement of the State House, in the rear.

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#### BOSTON ATHENÆUM.

By the Act of the General Court incorporating the Proprietors of the Boston Athenæum, it is provided that the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, the members of the Council, of the Senate, and of the House of Representatives, for the time being, shall have free access to the Library of the said corporation, and may visit and consult the same at all times, under the same regulations as may be provided by the by-laws of said corporation for the proprietors thereof.

The Boston Athenæum is situated in Beacon Street near the State House, and members who may wish to avail themselves of their privilege can receive a note of introduction to the Librarian by applying to the Sergeant-at-Arms.

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#### MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Section 6 of the Act of 1794, incorporating the Massachusetts Historical Society, provides that "either branch of the Legislature shall and may have free access to the library and museum of said society."

## STATE POLICE.

OFFICE, . . . 24 PEMBERTON SQUARE.

*Constable of the Commonwealth.*

Edward J. Jones, . . . . 225 Northampton Street.

*Clerical Department.*

Gustavus Andrews, . . . . Lynn.  
 J. Waldo Denny,\* . . . . 6 Boylston Place.  
 Lebbeus Stetson, . . . . Somerville.  
 Charles W. Thompson, . . . . 2 Davis Street.

*Detectives.*

Charles F. Hammond, . . . . 22 Kendall Street.  
 Daniel C. Jones, . . . . 24 Bennet Street.  
 William K. Jones, . . . . 24 Bennet Street.  
 Harrison D. Littlefield, . . . . 4 Briggs Place.  
 Hollis C. Pinkham, . . . . 70 Trenton St., E. B.  
 George P. Stone, . . . . Lynn.  
 Francis M. Smith, . . . . 26 E. Brookline St.  
 James P. Wade, . . . . 108 Walnut St., Chelsea.

*Officers detailed in charge of Counties.*

Name.	Residence.	County.
Benjamin H. Matthews, . . . .	Yarmouth Port,	Barnstable.
William McKay, . . . .	North Adams, .	Berkshire.
Robert Crossman, 2d, . . . .	Taunton, . . .	Bristol.
George W. Boynton, † . . . .	Georgetown, .	Essex.
Hugh B. Miller, † . . . .	Coleraine, . . .	Franklin.
William E. Lewis, . . . .	Ware, . . . .	Hampshire.
Harvey H. Billings, . . . .	Springfield, .	Hampden.
Atherton H. Stevens, Jr., . . . .	East Cambridge,	Middlesex.
Andrew J. Garey, . . . .	East Weymouth,	Norfolk.
George C. Pratt, . . . .	North Abington,	Plymouth.
Charles N. Hair, . . . .	Worcester, . . .	Worcester.

\* Detailed upon employment and schooling of children.

† Office at Salem.

‡ Office at Greenfield.

## SOLDIERS' MESSENGER CORPS,

*For the delivery of Messages, Letters, Small Packages, Circulars,  
etc., in this City and its immediate vicinity.*

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*Stations.*

1. Front of Merchants' Exchange, State Street.
2. Corner of Water and Washington Streets.
3. Scollay's Building, Court Street.
4. Clarendon House.
5. Liberty Square.
6. Athenæum Building, Beacon Street.
7. Corner of Summer and Washington Streets, and corner of West and Washington Streets.
8. Corner of Arlington and Boylston Streets, and Providence Depot.
9. Worcester Depot.
10. South-west corner of Court and Washington Streets, Old State House.
11. Corner of Winter and Tremont Streets.
12. Front of Merchants' Bank, State Street.
13. State House.
14. Merchants' Row, corner of State Street.
15. Corner of Franklin and Washington Streets.
16. Corner of Arlington and Beacon Streets.
17. Corner of Tremont and Boylston Streets.
18. Corner of Lindall and Congress Streets.
19. Opposite Horticultural Building, Tremont Street.
20. Corner of Charles and Chestnut Streets.
21. Pemberton Square.
22. Corner of Elm and Hanover Streets.
23. Front of Boylston Market, on Washington Street.
24. Front of the Parker House, on School Street.



*Tariff.\**

To any point in Boston, north of Dover Street, and east of Berkeley Street, . . . . . 15 cents.

To any point in Boston, north of Dover Street, and east of Berkeley Street, with return letter or parcel, 25 cents.

To any point in Boston, † south of Dover Street, and west of Berkeley Street, . . . . . 20 cents.

To any point in Boston, † south of Dover Street, and west of Berkeley Street, with return letter or parcel, 30 cents.

To East or South Boston, Charlestown, Cambridge, Highlands, or any point out of old city limits, 25 cts. per hour.  
Circulars delivered according to agreement.

Extra messengers for work by the day may be had at the Superintendent's office.

Complaints from any cause whatever, made to the Superintendent, at his office, 24 Pemberton Square, will secure prompt attention.

\* Messenger No. 4 has cards with printed tariff for his station.

† Old city limits.

D. O. BALCOM, *Superintendent.*

## THE STATE HOUSE.

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The present State House was erected in 1795-7, upon land purchased of the heirs of John Hancock, by the town of Boston, for the sum of \$4,000, and conveyed by said town to the Commonwealth, May 2, 1795. The commissioners on the part of the town to convey the "Governor's Pasture," as it was styled, to the Commonwealth, were William Tudor, Charles Jarvis, John Coffin Jones, William Eustis, William Little, Thomas Dawes, Joseph Russell, Harrison Gray Otis and Perez Morton. The agents for erecting the State House were named in the deed as follows: Thomas Dawes, Edward Hutchinson Robbins, and Charles Bulfinch.

The corner-stone was laid July 4th, 1795, by Governor Samuel Adams, assisted by Paul Revere, Master of the Grand Lodge of Masons. The stone was drawn to the spot by fifteen white horses, representing the number of States of the Union at that time. The building is 173 feet front; the height, including dome, is 110 feet, and the foundation is about that height above the waters of the Bay. The dome is 53 feet in diameter, and 35 feet high.

Extensive improvements, including a "new part," extending backward upon Mount Vernon Street, were made chiefly under the direction of a commission, in the years 1853, 1854, 1855, and 1856.

Under a Resolve of 1866, a commission was appointed to inquire and report concerning the whole subject of remodelling or rebuilding the State House. They reported three propositions, without deciding in favor of either. The first was a plan of remodelling, at an expense of \$375,430; the second, a plan of remodelling, at an expense of \$759,872; and the third, a plan for a new building, at an expense of \$2,042,574. The report of the commission was referred to the Committee on the State House of the session of 1867, who recommended a plan of alterations, at the estimated expense of \$150,000; and by Resolve No. 84 of that

year, the work was ordered to be executed under the supervision of a commission consisting of the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, who were authorized by the same Resolve to expend \$150,000, and by a subsequent Resolve \$20,000 in addition. The President of the Senate died on the 29th of October, and thereafter the work was continued by the surviving commissioner.

The work was commenced on the 2d day of July, and was so nearly completed, so far as the conveniences for the legislative department are concerned, that both branches of the General Court met on the first day of January and continued their sessions substantially without interruption. The improvements consist of an almost entire reconstruction of the interior of the building, except the "new part," before referred to as having been added some ten years ago, whereby waste spaces are economized, the access to the several parts of the building simplified and made much more convenient, additional height and commodiousness given to a large part of the rooms, and a net gain of more than thirty rooms secured without extending the exterior walls of the building. Including the extension of the old, as well as the construction of the additional rooms, the contents of these apartments have been increased from about one hundred and three thousand to about two hundred and sixty-five thousand cubic feet—a net gain of one hundred and sixty-two thousand cubic feet.

The exterior improvements consist principally in the removal of a large number of supernumerary chimneys and other excrescences, which had marred and concealed the original well-approved architectural proportions of the State House. Two new galleries were added to the Representatives' Hall, and its finish, as also that of the Senate Chamber, was much improved, while their general outline was retained. The Council Chamber, with the exception of the ceiling, which was frescoed, remains with its ancient finish unchanged. The Governor's room was enlarged laterally, and additional height was also added by absorbing into it the old "green room," which was directly above. A new "green room," a spacious hall, elegantly finished and well lighted and ventilated, fifty-six by thirty-seven feet, has been constructed. The ceiling of the Doric Hall was raised two feet and finished in panels, and its floor, and also those of the corridors on either side of it, were laid with marble tile. Improvements were made in

the basement story which entirely changed its character and utilized its waste places. Beside the space occupied by the heating and ventilating apparatus and two large fire-proof rooms, there are now in this story, in the old part, twelve good rooms. Openings were made in both wings between the main building and the addition, by which spacious corridors were secured leading directly from the Mt. Vernon Street entrances, which by branch corridors are connected with each other and give easy access to every part of the basement. The floors of the corridors in this story are also laid with marble tile. The whole is heated by steam, generated in three boilers located in an underground room outside of the walls between the west wing and Hancock Avenue. Warm, fresh hydrated air for ventilation is supplied to every room by a fan propelled by a steam-engine, and the same engine runs an exhaust fan for removing the foul air from the halls and some of the principal rooms. A steam-pump forces water to the upper part of the building through large pipes, to which there is attached in the several stories more than a thousand feet of rubber hose, by which every room may be reached in case of fire. In addition to this precaution against fire, there is a steam-pipe leading to the dome, by means of which a fire there may be almost instantly extinguished.

These improvements were executed from the plans of the architects, Washburn & Son, and under their direct and constant supervision. Cost, including furniture, about \$250,000.

The Legislature of 1868 made provision for re-seating the Senate Chamber and the Hall of the House, which improvements were made under the supervision of legislative committees, in season for the accommodation of the legislature of 1869, at a cost of about \$6,600.

#### *The Battle Flags.*

The colors of the several regiments and batteries of Massachusetts which had served the country during the war of the rebellion, were returned to the State House on the 22d of December, 1865. A full account of the interesting ceremonies of the occasion may be found in the Adjutant-General's Report for the year 1865. The colors were grouped around the pillars in the Doric Hall, where they remained until by authority of Resolve No. 38 of 1866,

they were placed in the niches on the north side of the hall and in the sides of the recess occupied by the Washington Statue, according to a plan of A. R. Esty, Esq., architect, in whose charge the matter was placed by the Governor and Council. The flags are 269 in number; 194 being of infantry regiments, and 75 of cavalry and artillery. The cavalry flags are placed in the north-west angle niche of the hall; the infantry flags in the Washington Statue recess, and the artillery and battery flags in the north-eastern niche. In the statue recess, the national colors are located in regular numerical order upon the lowest shelf on either side of the statue, commencing No. 1 next to cavalry flags, with the State and other colors in the back ground. The flags are enclosed within mammoth panes of glass, and the openings are properly guarded by fencing.

#### The Statue of Washington

By CHANTRY, was placed in the State House in 1828, by the Washington Monument Association, at a cost of \$15,000.

In the pavement of the area, near the statue, are *fac similes* of certain Memorial Stones of the ancestors of Washington, from the parish church at Brington, near Althorp, Northamptonshire, England. They were presented by the Right Hon. Earl Spencer to the Hon. Charles Sumner, and by him to the Commonwealth, February 22, 1861.

#### The Statue of Webster

By POWERS, was erected upon the grounds in front of the State House, in 1859, by the Webster Memorial Committee, at a cost of \$10,000.

#### The Statue of Mann

By MISS STEBBINS, was erected in 1865.

#### Lincoln and Sumner.

Busts of President Lincoln and Senator Sumner have recently been placed in niches in the Doric Hall.















